

# Omnia 1.4

## Security Configuration Guide

## Notes, cautions, and warnings

 **NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

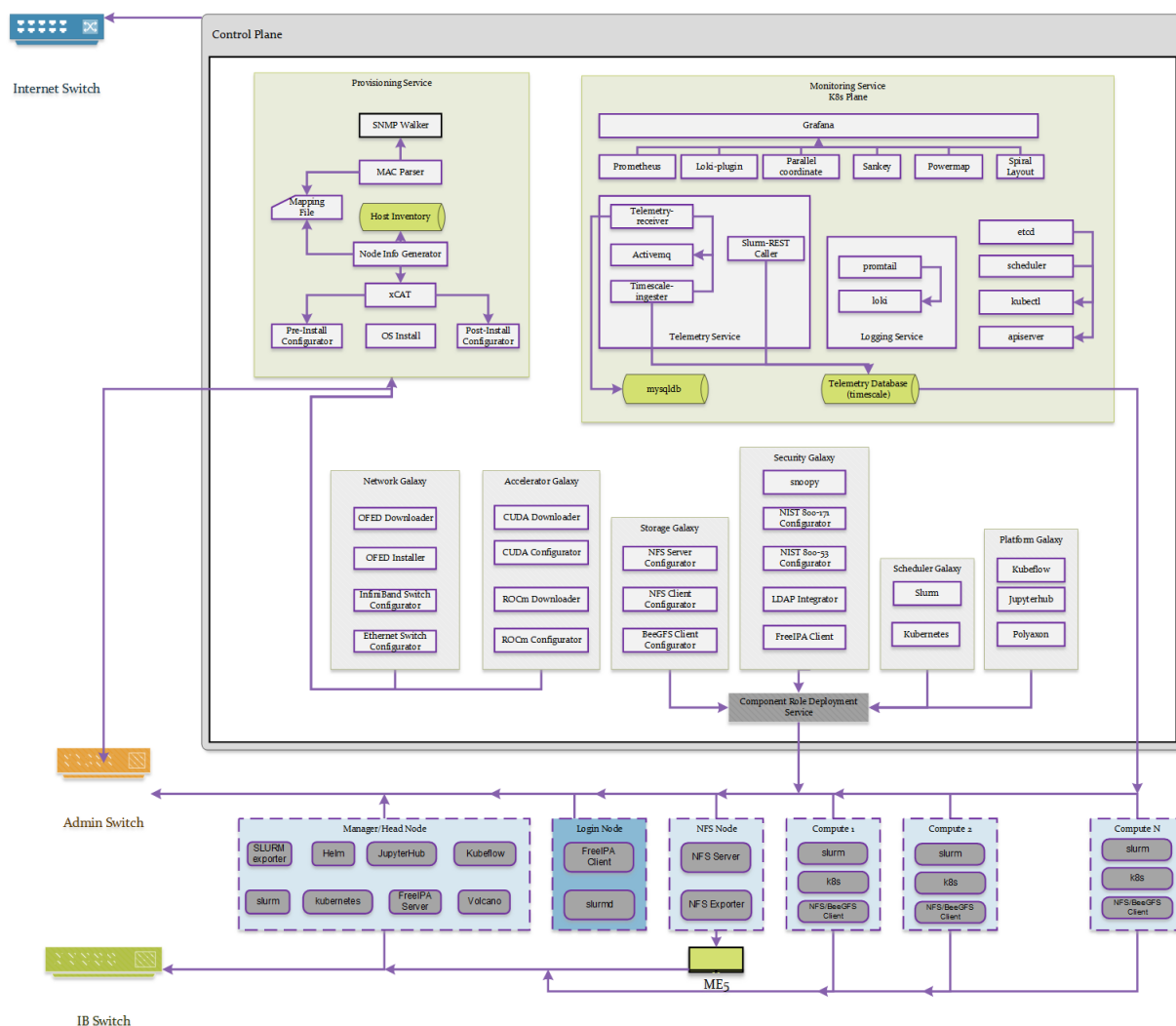
 **CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

 **WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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# Preface

The security configuration guide of Omnia provides Dell customers an overview and understanding of the security features supported by Omnia 1.4. As part of an effort to improve its product lines, Dell periodically releases revisions of its software and hardware. The product release notes provide the most up-to-date information about product features. Contact your Dell technical support professional if a product does not function properly or does not function as described in this document. This document was accurate at publication time. To ensure that you are using the latest version of this document, go to [Omnia: Docs](#).



**Figure 1. Typical layout of the HPC Cluster**

## Topics:

- [Legal disclaimers](#)
- [Scope of the document](#)
- [Document references](#)
- [Reporting security vulnerabilities](#)
- [Follow us online](#)

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# Scope of the document

This document covers the security features supported by Omnia 1.4.

# Document references

In addition to this guide, more information on Omnia can be found through the below links:

- [Omnia: Read Me](#)
- [Omnia: Quick Installation Guide](#)

# Reporting security vulnerabilities

Dell takes reports of potential security vulnerabilities in our products very seriously. If you discover a security vulnerability, you are encouraged to report it to Dell immediately.

For the latest instructions on how to report a security issue to Dell, see the [Dell Vulnerability Response Policy](#) on the Dell.com site.

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Follow Dell Security on these sites:

- [dell.com/security](https://dell.com/security)
- [dell.com/support](https://dell.com/support)

To provide feedback on this solution, email us at [support@dell.com](mailto:support@dell.com).

# Security Quick Reference

**Topics:**

- [Security profiles](#)

## Security profiles

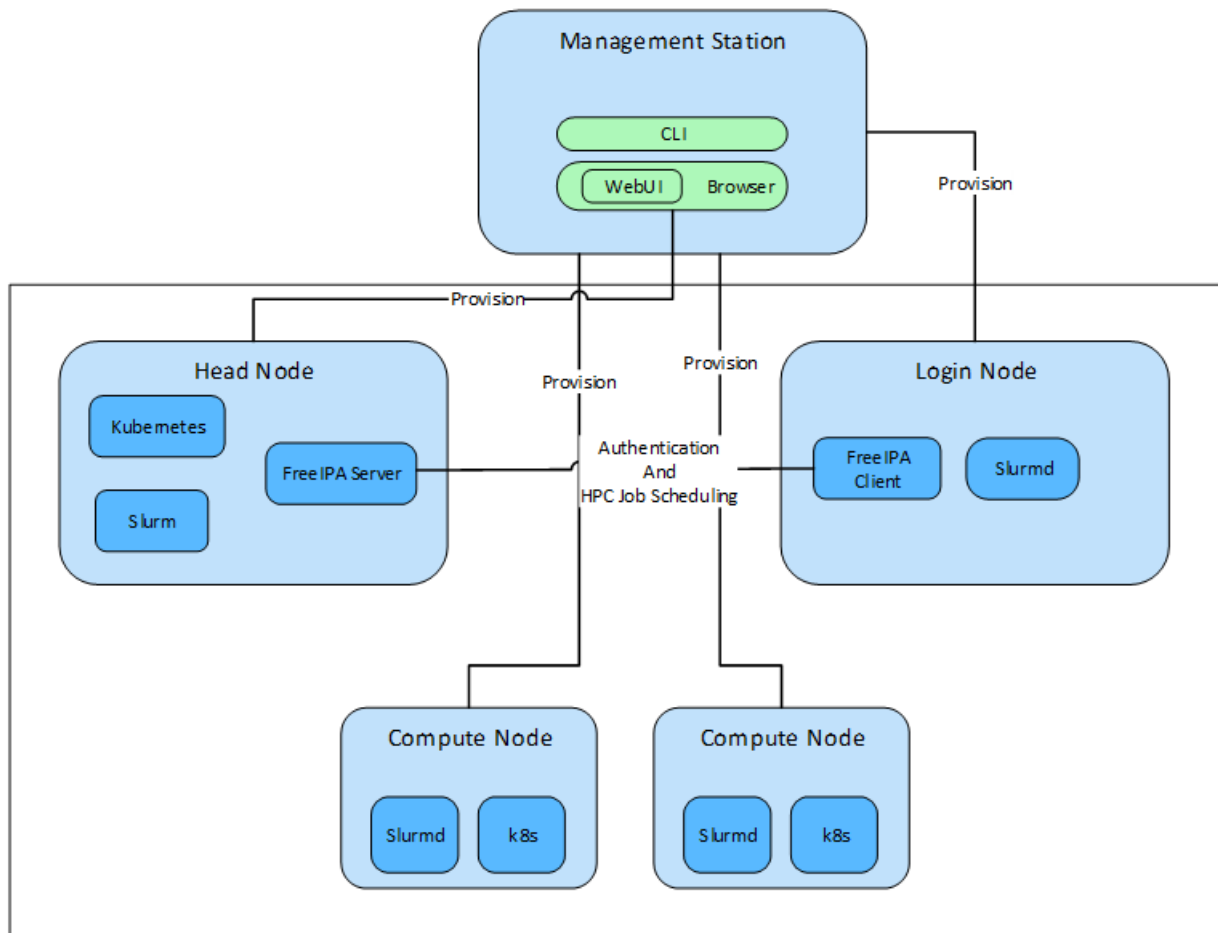
Omnia requires root privileges during installation because it provisions the operating system on bare metal servers.

# Product and Subsystem Security

## Topics:

- Security controls map
- Authentication
- Login security settings
- User and credential management
- Network security
- Data security
- Auditing and logging

## Security controls map



**Figure 2. Cluster View**

Omnia performs bare metal configuration to enable AI/HPC workloads. It uses Ansible playbooks to perform installations and configurations. iDRAC is supported for provisioning bare metal servers. Cobbler supports provisioning through pxe. Users with iDRAC enterprise or a datacenter license can use iDRAC provisioning. Omnia can be installed via CLI as well. Slurm and Kubernetes are deployed and configured on the cluster. FreeIPA or LDAP is installed for providing authentication.

To perform these configurations and installations, a secure SSH channel is established between the management node and the following entities:


- Manager Node
- Compute Nodes
- Login Node

## Authentication

Omnia does not have its own authentication mechanism because bare metal installations and configurations take place using root privileges. Post the execution of Omnia, third-party tools are responsible for authentication to the respective tool.

### Cluster authentication tool

In order to enable authentication to the cluster, Omnia installs FreeIPA: an open source tool providing integrated identity and authentication for Linux/UNIX networked environments. As part of the HPC cluster, the login node is responsible for configuring users and managing a limited number of administrative tasks. Access to the manager/head node is restricted to administrators with the root password. For authentication on the manager and compute nodes exclusively, LDAP can also be installed by Omnia on the client.

 **NOTE:** Omnia does not configure LDAP users or groups.

### Authentication types and setup

#### Key-Based authentication

##### Use of SSH `authorized_keys`

A passwordless channel is created between the management station and compute nodes using SSH authorized keys. This is explained in [Security Controls Maps](#).

### Login security settings

The following credentials have to be entered to enable different tools on the management station:

1. iDRAC (Username/ Password)
2. Ethernet Switch (Username/ Password)
3. Infiniband Switch (Username/ Password)
4. PowerVault ME4/ME5 (Username/ Password)
5. Provisioning OS (Password)

Similarly, passwords for the following tools have to be provided in `input/omnia_config.yml` to configure the cluster:

1. maria\_db (Password)
2. DockerHub (Username/ Password)
3. FreeIPA (directory\_manager\_password, ipa\_admin\_password)
4. LDAP (ldap\_bind\_username, ldap\_bind\_password)

After the installation of Omnia is initialized, these files are encrypted using Ansible Vault and are hidden from external visibility and access.



# User and credential management

## Root user

The user calling Omnia should have root privileges during installation since Omnia involves bare metal installation and configuration.

## Other users

After the installation of Omnia is complete, users can be created to run different workloads. After installation, Omnia need not be run again.

## Network security

Omnia configures the firewall as required by the third-party tools to enhance security by restricting inbound and outbound traffic to the TCP and UDP ports.

## Network exposure

Omnia uses port 22 for SSH connections as Ansible uses port 22.

## Firewall settings

Omnia configures the following ports for use by third-party tools installed by Omnia.

**Table 1. Kubernetes ports requirements**

Port Number	Layer 4 Protocol	Purpose	Type of Node
6443	TCP	Kubernetes API server	Manager
2379-2380	TCP	etcd server client API	Manager
10251	TCP	Kube-scheduler	Manager
10252	TCP	Kube-controller manager	Manager
10250	TCP	Kubelet API	Compute
30000-32767	TCP	Nodeport services	Compute
5473	TCP	Calico services	Manager/Compute
179	TCP	Calico services	Manager/Compute
4789	UDP	Calico services	Manager/Compute
8285	UDP	Flannel services	Manager/Compute
8472	UDP	Flannel services	Manager/Compute

**Table 2. Slurm port requirements**

Port Number	Layer 4 Protocol	Purpose	Type of Node
6817	TCP/UDP	Slurmctld Port	Manager
6818	TCP/UDP	Slurmd Port	Compute
6819	TCP/UDP	Slurmdbd Port	Manager

**Table 3. BeeGFS port requirements**

Port Number	Layer 4 Protocol	Purpose	Tool
8008	TCP/UDP	Management service (beegfs-mgmt)	BeeGFS
8003	TCP/UDP	Storage service (beegfs-storage)	BeeGFS
8004	TCP/UDP	Client service (beegfs-client)	BeeGFS
8005	TCP/UDP	Metadata service (beegfs-meta)	BeeGFS
8006	TCP/UDP	Helper service (beegfs-helperd)	BeeGFS

**Table 4. xCAT port requirements**

Port Number	Layer 4 Protocol	Purpose	Tool
3001	TCP/UDP	xcatdport	xCAT
3002	TCP/UDP	xcatiport	xCAT
3003	TCP	xcatlport	xCAT
7	UDP	echo	xCAT
22	TCP/UDP	SSH	xCAT
873	TCP/UDP	rsync	xCAT
53	TCP/UDP	Domain	xCAT
67	TCP/UDP	bootps/DHCP	xCAT
68	TCP/UDP	DHCP/BOOTPC	xCAT
69	TCP/UDP	TFTP	xCAT
80	TCP/UDP	WWW	xCAT
88	TCP/UDP	Kerberos	xCAT
111	UDP	Sunrpc	xCAT
443	TCP/UDP	HTTPS	xCAT
514	TCP/UDP	Shell, rsyslogd	xCAT
544	TCP	kshell	xCAT
657	TCP	RMC	xCAT
782	TCP	Conserver	xCAT
1058	TCP	nim	xCAT
2049	TCP/UDP	nfsd	xCAT
4011	TCP	PXE	xCAT
300	TCP	awk	xCAT
623	TCP/UDP	IPMI	xCAT
161	TCP/UDP	SNMP	xCAT
162	TCP/UDP	snmptrap	xCAT
5432	TCP	postgresDB	xCAT

**Table 5. FreeIPA port requirements**

Port Number	Layer 4 Protocol	Purpose	Type of Node
80	TCP	HTTP/HTTPS	Manager/ Login_Node
443	TCP	HTTP/HTTPS	Manager/ Login_Node
389	TCP	LDAP/LDAPS	Manager/ Login_Node
636	TCP	LDAP/LDAPS	Manager/ Login_Node
88	TCP/UDP	Kerberos	Manager/ Login_Node
464	TCP/UDP	Kerberos	Manager/ Login_Node
53	TCP/UDP	DNS	Manager/ Login_Node
7389	TCP	Dogtag's LDAP server	Manager/ Login_Node
123	UDP	NTP	Manager/ Login_Node

**NOTE:** To avoid security vulnerabilities, protocols can be restricted on the network using the parameters **restrict\_program\_support** and **restrict\_softwares**. However, certain protocols are essential to Omnia's functioning and cannot be disabled: ftp, smbd, nmbd, automount, portmap. For more information on restricting network protocols, [click here](#).

## Data security

Omnia does not store data. The passwords Omnia accepts as input to configure the third party tools are encrypted using Ansible Vault.

For more information on the passwords used by Omnia, see [Login Security Settings](#)

## Auditing and logging

Omnia creates a log file at `/var/log/omnia.log` on the management station. The events during the installation of Omnia are captured as logs. There are separate logs generated by the third party tools installed by Omnia.

## Logs

The logs are captured at `/var/log` in the file **omnia.log**. A sample is provided below:

```

2021-02-15 15:17:36,877 p=2778 u=omnia n=ansible | [WARNING]: provided hosts
list is empty, only localhost is available. Note that the implicit localhost does not
match 'all'
2021-02-15 15:17:37,396 p=2778 u=omnia n=ansible | PLAY [Executing omnia roles]
*****
2021-02-15 15:17:37,454 p=2778 u=omnia n=ansible | TASK [Gathering Facts]
*****
*
2021-02-15 15:17:38,856 p=2778 u=omnia n=ansible | ok: [localhost]
2021-02-15 15:17:38,885 p=2778 u=omnia n=ansible | TASK [common : Mount Path]
*****
2021-02-15 15:17:38,969 p=2778 u=omnia n=ansible | ok: [localhost]
```

These logs are intended to enable debugging.

**NOTE:** The Omnia product recommends the product users to apply masking rules on personal identifiable information (PII) in the logs before sending to external monitoring application or source.

## Logging format

Every log message begins with a timestamp and also carries information on the invoking play and task.

The format is described in the following table.

Field	Format	Sample Value
Timestamp	yyyy-mm-dd h:m:s	2021-02-15 15:17:37
Process Id	p=xxxx	p=2778
User	u=xxxx	u=omnia
Name of the process executing	n=xxxx	n=ansible
The task being executed/ invoked	PLAY/TASK	PLAY [Executing omnia roles] TASK [Gathering Facts]
Error	fatal: [hostname]: Error Message	fatal: [localhost]: FAILED! => {"msg": "lookup_plugin.lines"}
Warning	[WARNING]: warning message	[WARNING]: provided hosts list is empty

# Miscellaneous Configuration and Management Elements

## Topics:

- [Licensing](#)
- [Protect authenticity](#)
- [Ansible security](#)

## Licensing

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## Protect authenticity

Every GitHub push requires a sign-off and a moderator is required to approve pull requests. All contributions have to be certified using the Developer Certificate of Origin (DCO)

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```

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Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this
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Developer's Certificate of Origin 1.1
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By making a contribution to this project, I certify that:
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(a) The contribution was created in whole or in part by me and I
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    of my knowledge, is covered under an appropriate open source
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(c) The contribution was provided directly to me by some other
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(d) I understand and agree that this project and the contribution
    are public and that a record of the contribution (including all
    personal information I submit with it, including my sign-off) is
```

maintained indefinitely and may be redistributed consistent with this project or the open source license(s) involved.

## Ansible security

For the security guidelines of Ansible modules, go to [Developing Modules Best Practices: Module Security](#).

## Ansible vault

Ansible vault enables encryption of variables and files to protect sensitive content such as passwords or keys rather than leaving it visible as plaintext in playbooks or roles. Please refer [Ansible Vault guidelines](#) for more information.