

# Word Groups

## Word Groups

### 1. Words related to Animals

Word	Meaning
<b>Bovine</b>	An ox, cow, or related animal; having oxlike qualities; slow, dull, stupid, or stolid.
<b>Equine</b>	A horse; of, like, or a characteristic of a horse.
<b>Feline</b>	Of or relating to cats
<b>Hircine</b>	Of or characteristic of a goat, especially in strong odor or lustfulness.
<b>Leonine</b>	Of, pertaining to, or characteristic of a lion.
<b>Lupine</b>	Wolflike; rapacious or ravenous
<b>Ovine</b>	Designating sheep or sheeplike; an ovine animal
<b>Piscine</b>	Of, pertaining to, or typical of a fish or fishes.
<b>Saurian</b>	Of or having the characteristics of lizards; a lizard.
<b>Taurine</b>	Of or resembling a bull.
<b>Ursine</b>	Of or characteristic of a bear.

## 2. Words related to being big in shape or size

Word	Meaning
<b>Astronomical</b>	Inconceivably large.
<b>Colossal</b>	Of immense size; huge; gigantic.
<b>Elephantine</b>	Huge, ponderous, or clumsy.
<b>Gargantuan</b>	Huge; enormous.
<b>Gigantic</b>	Extremely large and huge.
<b>Hefty</b>	Big and strong.
<b>Hulky</b>	Of great size and bulk.
<b>Mammoth</b>	Anything very large.
<b>Monstrous</b>	Abnormally large.
<b>Mountainous</b>	Resembling a mountain in size; huge.
<b>Prodigious</b>	Impressively great in size, force, or extent; enormous
<b>Titanic</b>	Huge or colossal.
<b>Voluminous</b>	Of great size, quantity, volume, or extent.

### 3. Words related to being happy

Word	Meaning
<b>Amused</b>	To cause to laugh or smile by giving pleasure.
<b>Blissful</b>	Completely happy and contented.
<b>Buoyant</b>	Lively and lighthearted; chirpy.
<b>Ecstatic</b>	Feeling or showing great enthusiasm or delight.
<b>Elated</b>	Full of high spirits, joy, pride or optimism; very happy.
<b>Enraptured</b>	Delight beyond measure.
<b>Euphoric</b>	A feeling of great happiness or well-being.
<b>Jovial</b>	Characterized by high-spirited merriment and good cheer.
<b>Jubilant</b>	Feeling or expressing great joy, satisfaction.
<b>Rapturous</b>	Full of, feeling, or manifesting ecstatic joy or delight.
<b>Thrilled</b>	Feeling intense pleasurable excitement.

#### 4. Words related to being many in number

Word	Meaning
<b>Assortment</b>	A collection of various kinds; a variety.
<b>Bunches</b>	A group of things.
<b>Copious</b>	Large in number or quantity; abundant; extensive in quantity.
<b>Deluge</b>	An overwhelming number or amount.
<b>Flock</b>	Very great in size, extent, number, or degree.
<b>Heaps</b>	A large number or amount.
<b>Infinite</b>	Too numerous to be counted.
<b>Multifarious</b>	Having great variety; diverse.
<b>Multitude</b>	A large indefinite number.
<b>Multiplicity</b>	A large number or variety.
<b>Profusion</b>	Abundance.
<b>Slew</b>	A large amount or number; a lot.
<b>Umpteen</b>	Innumerable but many.

## 5. Words related to Business:

Word	Meaning
<b>Accruals</b>	The act of accumulating, something accrued; accretion.
<b>Arbitration</b>	The hearing and determining of a dispute or the settling of differences between parties by a person or persons chosen or agreed to by them
<b>Bottomline</b>	The last line of a financial statement, used for showing net profit or loss, the ultimate result; outcome.
<b>Collateral</b>	Security pledged for the payment of a loan, accompanying; auxiliary
<b>Copyright</b>	The exclusive right to make copies, license, and otherwise exploit a literary, musical, or artistic work, whether printed, audio, video, etc.
<b>Cubicle</b>	A small space or compartment partitioned off.
<b>Inflation</b>	Persistent, substantial rise in the general level of prices related to an increase in the volume of money and resulting in the loss of value of a currency

<b>Monopoly</b>	Exclusive control of the market supply of a product or service
<b>Overhead</b>	The general, fixed cost of running a business, as rent, lighting, and heating expenses, which cannot be charged or attributed to a specific product or part of the work operation.
<b>Recruit</b>	To enlist persons for service in one of the armed forces, to engage in finding and attracting employees, new members, students, athletes, etc.
<b>Tariff</b>	An official list or table showing the duties or customs imposed by a government on imports or exports, bill; cost; charge.
<b>Venture</b>	A business enterprise or speculation in which something is risked in the hope of profit; a commercial or other speculation.
<b>Yield</b>	To give a return, as for labor expended; produce; the income produced by a financial investment, usually shown as a percentage of cost.

## 6. Words related to Family/families

Word	Meaning
<b>Ancestor</b>	Predecessor in family
<b>Care-giver</b>	A person who cares for someone who is sick or disabled.
<b>Foster child</b>	A child raised by someone who is not its natural or adoptive parent.
<b>Foster parent</b>	A person who acts as parent and guardian for a child in place of the child's natural parents but without legally adopting the child.
<b>Fraternal</b>	Of or befitting a brother or brothers; brotherly.
<b>Infant</b>	A child during the earliest period of its life, especially before he or she can walk; baby.
<b>Juvenile</b>	Young, youthful, or immature, suitable or designed for young people
<b>Kin</b>	Kindred of the same family; related; akin.
<b>Kinship</b>	Family relationship
<b>Kith</b>	Blood relative



<b>Lineage</b>	Direct descent from a particular ancestor; ancestry.
<b>Maiden name</b>	A woman's family name before she is married
<b>Matriarch</b>	A woman who rules a family, clan, or tribe.
<b>Matrimony</b>	The state of being married; marriage
<b>Monogamy</b>	Marriage with only one person at a time.
<b>Natal</b>	Of or pertaining to a person's birth
<b>Offspring</b>	Children or young of a particular parent or progenitor.
<b>Paternal</b>	Relating to or characteristic of a father or fatherhood; fatherly.
<b>Patriarch</b>	A man who rules a family, clan, or tribe.
<b>Progeny</b>	The immediate descendants of a person
<b>Sibling</b>	A person's brother or sister
<b>Spouse</b>	A person's partner in marriage
<b>Surrogate mother</b>	A woman who bears a child for a couple where the wife is unable to do so

## 7. Words related to Food

Word	Meaning
<b>Aliment</b>	It can be defined as something that supports or nourishes life .i.e. food.
<b>Bite</b>	An act of biting .i.e. cutting into an edible item. Bite can also be defined as an amount of food taken into mouth at one time.
<b>Comfort food</b>	Food that is prepared to give someone a sense of well being .i.e. is easy to eat and easy to digest. Also, it can be defined as that food, which has a nostalgic appeal to it.
<b>Ambrosia</b>	This is a word borrowed from Greek Mythology and refers the food of the gods. Mortals who ate this food became immortal supposedly.
<b>Grub</b>	It is a slang often used for food.
<b>Provisions</b>	A stock of food or needed materials made available for specific use, as by an expedition
<b>Ration</b>	Share or supply of food that is determined and supplied to a person; also, a supply of another commodity as dictated by

availability. It can also be called a food allowance for one day.

**Subsistence** the minimum amount of food necessary for survival; also, the equivalent in non-edible commodities

**Sustenance** Something that maintains and supports survival/life; also, food and drink that can be a source of strength.

**Take-out** Food obtained from a restaurant to be eaten elsewhere. It is also selling of food products by restaurants that are meant to be consumed off the premises.

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## 8. Words related to geography

Word	Meaning
<b>Antipodes</b>	Any two places or regions that are on diametrically opposite sides of the earth
<b>Azimuth</b>	The angle of horizontal deviation, measured clockwise, of a bearing from a standard direction, as from north or south.
<b>Compass rose</b>	A graduated circle, usually marked in degrees, indicating directions north, south, east, and west, and inscribed on a chart; used for the calibration of compasses on crafts.
<b>Elevation</b>	Vertical distance to a point or object from sea level or some other datum
<b>Equator</b>	The great circle around the earth, equally distant from the North and South poles, which divides the earth into the Northern and Southern hemispheres
<b>Nautical chart</b>	A graphic representation on a plane surface of a section of the earth's sea surface constructed to include known dangers and aids to navigation.
<b>Prime meridian</b>	The meridian of longitude 0°, used as the origin for measurement of longitude
<b>Relief Map</b>	Map depicting the configuration of the

earth's surface, called the relief, by means of contours, form lines, hachure's, shading, tinting, or relief models.

**Topography** The study or detailed description of a surface, may be a land or water-bottom.

**Tropics** All the land and water of the earth situated between the Tropic of Cancer at lat. 23 1-2°N and the Tropic of Capricorn at lat. 23 1-2°S

## 9. Words related to Governments

Word	Meaning
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<b>Anarchy</b>	Anarchy is a state of absence of law.
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<b>Authoritarian</b>	A rule characteristic of a ruler having absolute sovereignty and a centralized and highly concentrated power maintained by political repression can be termed as authoritarian.
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<b>Autocracy</b>	A form of government controlled by absolute power, concentrated in the hands of a single person with minimal restraints on the decisions and lack of any regularized mechanisms of popular control.
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**Communism** Derived from the French Commun (common), it is a revolutionary socialist movement aimed at creating a classless society that abolishes private ownership. The property is held by the community rather than the individuals and all activity is controlled by the government.

**Democracy** Originating in Ancient Greece, democracy means 'rule of the people'. The term today refers to a political system in which the people or their elected representatives govern themselves, rather than being governed, so everyone has an equal say in the decisions affecting their lives.

**Dictatorship** Originally, a reference to a temporary emergency government established by the Roman Senate, dictatorship today refers to a form of government or social situation where the power rests entirely on one person or a group of persons.

**Fascism** A way of ruling that advocates total control of the people and seeks to promote the ancestral and cultural values and eradicate foreign influences that are deemed to cause degeneration to the national and

moral values of the people.

**Monarchy**

It is the type of government having a hereditary chief of state(a king or queen), usually known as a monarch, with life tenure and powers varying from nominal , where the powers of the monarch are regulated by a constitution to absolute, where the monarch enjoys unlimited powers.

**Tyranny**

A form of government or authority of an absolute ruler; hence, arbitrary exercise of power over subjects and others not requisite for the purposes of government or approved by law and justice.

**Oligarchy**

The word is from the Greek term for “rule of the few.” It is a form of power structure in which power effectively rests with a faction of persons or families. The people that form the ruling group are usually a group of distinguished people in terms of wealth or power who pass their influence from one generation to the next.

**Plutocracy**

The Greek word ‘ploutos’ means wealth, so plutocracy is a government ruled by the rich or power provided by wealth. It can

also be used to describe a wealthy class ruling a government, often from behind the scenes.

**Theocracy** A government of a state by priests ruling in the name of God or gods, or by officials who are regarded as divinely guided, or consistent with the doctrines and principles of a particular religion or religious community.

## 10. Words related to Law:

Word	Meaning
<b>Abnegation</b>	Self-denial, the act of relinquishing or giving up a right, possession,
<b>Abscond</b>	to depart in a sudden and secret manner, especially to avoid capture and legal prosecution.
<b>Affidavit</b>	a written declaration upon oath made before an authorized official.
<b>Altercation</b>	a heated or angry dispute; noisy argument or controversy.
<b>Arson</b>	the act of intentionally or recklessly setting fire to another's property or to one's own property for some improper



	reason.
<b>Barrister</b>	a lawyer who has been called to the bar and is qualified to plead in the higher courts.
<b>Battery</b>	An assault in which the assailant makes physical contact
<b>Bequest</b>	the act of bequeathing, a gift of property by will, esp personal property.
<b>Cause celebre</b>	any controversy that attracts great public attention, as a celebrated legal case or trial, a famous lawsuit, trial, or controversy.
<b>Codicil</b>	a supplement modifying a will or revoking some provision of it, an additional provision; appendix.
<b>Contiguous</b>	touching; in contact, in close proximity without actually touching, physically adjacent; neighbouring.
<b>Contraband</b>	goods that are prohibited by law from being exported or imported, illegal traffic in such goods; smuggling.
<b>Contumacious</b>	stubbornly perverse or rebellious; willfully and obstinately disobedient.

**Disenfranchise** to deprive (a person) of the right to vote or other rights of citizenship, to deprive (a place) of the right to send representatives to an elected body, to deprive (a business concern, etc) of some privilege or right.

**Embezzle** to convert (money or property entrusted to one) fraudulently to one's own use.

**Extradition** the surrender of an alleged offender or fugitive to the state in whose territory the alleged offence was committed.

**Habeas corpus** a writ ordering a person to be brought before a court or judge, esp so that the court may ascertain whether his detention is lawful.

**Immaterial** of no essential consequence; unimportant.

**Incarcerate** to imprison; confine.

**Indeterminate** not determinate; not precisely fixed in extent; indefinite; uncertain.

**Injunction** law an instruction or order issued by a court to a party to an action, esp to refrain from some act, such as causing a nuisance, the act of enjoining.

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<b>Jurisprudence</b>	.the science or philosophy of law, a system or body of law, a branch of law
<b>Larceny</b>	The unlawful taking and removing of another's personal property with the intent of permanently depriving the owner; theft.
<b>Litigious</b>	inclined to dispute or disagree; argumentative.
<b>Miscreant</b>	depraved, villainous, or base, archaic, holding a false or unorthodox religious belief; heretical.
<b>Perpetrator</b>	to perform or be responsible for (a deception, crime, etc)
<b>Plagiarism</b>	an act or instance of using or closely imitating the language and thoughts of another author without authorization and the representation of that author's work as one's own
<b>Probation</b>	the testing or trial of a person's conduct, character, qualifications, or the like.

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## 11. Words related to Mathematics:

Word	Meaning
<b>Addend</b>	Any of a set of numbers to be added.
<b>Equilateral</b>	Having all sides or faces equal.
<b>Exponent</b>	A mathematical notation indicating the number of times a quantity is multiplied by itself
<b>Focus</b>	A fixed point or one of a pair of fixed points used in generating a curve such as an ellipse, parabola, or hyperbola.
<b>Identity</b>	An equation that is satisfied by any number that replaces the letter for which the equation is defined.
<b>Imaginary</b>	Involving only a complex number of which the real part is zero.
<b>Multiplicand</b>	The number that is or is to be multiplied by another.
<b>Orb</b>	A sphere or spherical object.
<b>Ordinal</b>	A number denoting relative position in a sequence, such as first, second, third.

## 12. Words related to medical science

Word	Meaning
<b>Abscess</b>	Swollen, inflamed area of body tissues.
<b>Amnesia</b>	A condition that causes people to lose their memory
<b>Amputation</b>	Permanent removal of a limb
<b>Aphasia</b>	Loss of the power to use or understand words, usually caused by brain disease or injury.
<b>Bedsore</b>	Wounds that develop on a patient's body from lying in one place for too long
<b>Biopsy</b>	Removal of human tissue in order to conduct certain medical tests
<b>Biopsy</b>	The cutting out a piece of tissue for diagnostic examination by microscope.
<b>Cadaver</b>	Dead body; corpse for dissection.
<b>Carcinogen</b>	Any substance that causes cancer.
<b>Chemotherapy</b>	Type of treatment used on cancer patients
<b>Comatose</b>	As if in a coma; lethargic. The greek word coma means “deep sleep.”
<b>Cyst</b>	A sac in the body-tissue filled with fluid

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	(sometimes diseased)
<b>Dementia</b>	Loss of mental capacity
<b>Diagnosis</b>	Medical explanation of an illness or condition
<b>False negative</b>	A test that incorrectly comes back negative
<b>Malingerer</b>	One who fakes illness and pretends to be suffering.
<b>Mastectomy</b>	The surgical removal of a breast.
<b>Prenatal</b>	Of the time period leading up to giving birth
<b>Scrub up</b>	Carefully wash hands before and after seeing a patient
<b>Scrubs</b>	Plain uniform (usually green, white, or blue) worn by medical professionals
<b>Therapeutic</b>	Curative; serving to heal.
<b>Vasectomy</b>	The surgical removal of a duct that conveys the male sperm—the vas deferens

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### 13. Words related to Science

Word	Meaning
<b>Archaeology</b>	the scientific study of historic or prehistoric peoples and their cultures by analysis of their artifacts, inscriptions, monuments, and other such remains, especially those that have been excavated.
<b>Cardiology</b>	the study of the heart and its functions in health and disease.
<b>Ecology</b>	the branch of biology dealing with the relations and interactions between organisms and their environment, including other organisms.
<b>Endocrinology</b>	the branch of medical science concerned with the endocrine glands and their secretions
<b>Gerontology</b>	the scientific study of ageing and the problems associated with older people
<b>Gynecology</b>	the branch of medicine concerned with diseases in women, esp. those of the reproductive organs.
<b>Morphology</b>	the branch of biology dealing with the form and structure of organisms, the form

	or structure of anything
<b>Neurology</b>	the study of the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the nervous system
<b>Paleontology</b>	the science of the forms of life existing in former geologic periods, as represented by their fossils.
<b>Pathology</b>	the branch of medicine concerned with the cause, origin, and nature of disease, including the changes occurring as a result of disease.
<b>Seismology</b>	The geophysical science of earthquakes and the mechanical properties of the earth.
<b>Toxicology</b>	the science dealing with the effects, antidotes, detection, etc., of poisons.

#### 14. Words related to Sciences

Word	Meaning
<b>Anatomy</b>	The science concerned with the physical structure of animals and plants
<b>Anthropology</b>	The scientific study of the origin, the behavior, and the physical, social, and cultural development of humans.
<b>Bacteriology</b>	The study of bacteria, especially in



	relation to medicine and agriculture
<b>Biochemistry</b>	The study of the chemical compounds, reactions, etc, occurring in living organisms
<b>Cosmology</b>	The branch of astronomy concerned with the evolution and structure of the universe
<b>Cartography</b>	The art or technique of making maps or charts
<b>Dermatology</b>	The branch of medicine concerned with the skin and its diseases
<b>Embryology</b>	The branch of biology that deals with the formation, early growth, and development of living organisms
<b>Entomology</b>	The branch of science concerned with the study of insects
<b>Ergonomics</b>	The study of the relationship between workers and their environment, especially the equipment they use
<b>Ethnology</b>	The branch of anthropology that deals with the origin, distribution, and characteristics of human racial groups.
<b>Genomics</b>	The study of all of the nucleotide sequences, including structural genes, regulatory sequences and noncoding dna segments, in the chromosomes of an

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	organism.
<b>Gerontology</b>	The scientific study of ageing and the problems associated with older people
<b>Glaciology</b>	The scientific study of glaciers and their effects on the landscape.
<b>Hematology</b>	The study of the nature, function, and diseases of the blood and of blood-forming organs.
<b>Microbiology</b>	The branch of biology that deals with microorganisms and their effects on other living organisms.
<b>Morphology</b>	The branch of biology concerned with the form and structure of organisms
<b>Oncology</b>	The branch of medicine concerned with the study, classification, and treatment of tumors.
<b>Ornithology</b>	The branch of zoology that deals with the study of birds
<b>Paleontology</b>	The study of the forms of life existing in prehistoric or geologic times, as represented by the fossils of plants, animals, and other organisms.
<b>Parasitology</b>	The branch of biology that is concerned with the study of parasites
<b>Taxonomy</b>	The branch of biology concerned with the

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	classification of organisms into groups based on similarities of structure, origin, etc
<b>Volcanology</b>	The scientific study of volcanoes and volcanic phenomenon.
<b>Xenobiology</b>	The branch of biology that investigates the possibility of life elsewhere in the universe
<b>Xylology</b>	A branch of dendrology that studies the structure of wood.

## 15. Words related to Shapes

Word	Meaning
<b>Acute triangle</b>	A triangle whose interior angles are all acute
<b>Arc</b>	Electrical conduction through a gas in an applied electric field
<b>Concave polygon</b>	A polygon such that there is a straight line that cuts it in four or more points
<b>Convex polygon</b>	A polygon such that no side extended cuts any other side or vertex; it can be cut by a straight line in at most two points
<b>Crescent</b>	Resembling the new moon in shape
<b>Cuboids</b>	Having the approximate shape of a cube

<b>Cylinder</b>	A solid bounded by a cylindrical surface and two parallel planes (the bases)
<b>Decagon</b>	A polygon with 10 sides and 10 angles
<b>Dodecahedron</b>	Any polyhedron having twelve plane faces
<b>Ellipse</b>	A closed plane curve resulting from the intersection of a circular cone and a plane cutting completely through it
<b>Equilateral triangle</b>	A three-sided regular polygon
<b>Heptagon</b>	A seven-sided polygon
<b>Hexagon</b>	A six-sided polygon
<b>Hexahedron</b>	Any polyhedron having six plane faces
<b>Hyperboloid</b>	A quadric surface generated by rotating a hyperbola around its main axis
<b>Isosceles triangle</b>	A triangle with two equal sides
<b>Line segment</b>	In geometry, a line segment is a part of a line that is bounded by two distinct end points, and contains every point on the line between its end points.
<b>Nonagon</b>	A nine-sided polygon
<b>Obtuse triangle</b>	A triangle that contains an obtuse interior angle
<b>Octagon</b>	An eight-sided polygon
<b>Octahedron</b>	Any polyhedron having eight plane faces

<b>Oval</b>	Rounded like an egg
<b>Parallelogram</b>	A quadrilateral whose opposite sides are both parallel and equal in length
<b>Pentagon</b>	(military) the United States military establishment
<b>Plane</b>	(mathematics) an unbounded two-dimensional shape
<b>Polygon</b>	A closed plane figure bounded by straight sides
<b>Prism</b>	Optical device having a triangular shape and made of glass or quartz; used to deviate a beam or invert an image
<b>Pyramid</b>	A polyhedron having a polygonal base and triangular sides with a common vertex
<b>Quadrilateral</b>	Having four sides
<b>Scalene triangle</b>	A triangle with no two sides of equal length
<b>Sector</b>	A plane figure bounded by two radii and the included arc of a circle
<b>Semicircle</b>	A plane figure with the shape of half a circle
<b>Trapezium</b>	A multiple star in the constellation of Orion

## 16. Words related to Summer/Heat

Word	Meaning
<b>Blazing</b>	Shining intensely
<b>Blistering</b>	Hot enough to raise (or as if to raise) blisters
<b>Stifling</b>	Characterized by oppressive heat and humidity
<b>Summer solstice</b>	June 21, when the sun is at its northernmost point
<b>Sundress</b>	A light loose sleeveless summer dress with a wide neckline and thin shoulder straps that expose the arms and shoulders
<b>Sweltering</b>	Excessively hot and humid or marked by sweating and faintness
<b>Tan</b>	A light brown the colour of topaz

## 17. Words related to Time

Word	Meaning
<b>Ante Meridian</b>	Before noon, or the period of time between midnight (0000) and noon (1200).
<b>Bedtime</b>	The time when one usually goes to bed.
<b>Belated</b>	After the expected or usual time; delayed

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<b>Century</b>	A time period of 100 years.
<b>DST</b>	Daylight Saving Time.
<b>Eon</b>	An indefinitely long period of time; an age.
<b>Epoch</b>	A period of time marked by distinctive features, noteworthy events, changed conditions, etc.
<b>Era</b>	A period of time as reckoned from a specific date serving as the basis of its chronological system.
<b>Hourglass</b>	An instrument for measuring time.
<b>Jiffy</b>	A short space of time; a moment.
<b>Jubilee</b>	A time or season for rejoicing.
<b>Momentarily</b>	For a brief time span, moment or an instant.
<b>Nanosecond</b>	One billionth of a second.
<b>Sundial</b>	An instrument that indicates the time of day by means of the position.
<b>Synchronized</b>	To occur at the same time; be simultaneous.
<b>Twilight</b>	The time of day immediately following s

unset.

## 18. Words related to Virtues of Man

Word	Meaning
<b>Agreeableness</b>	Pleasantness resulting from agreeable ( to one's own liking) condition.
<b>Benevolence</b>	Desire to do good to others; goodwill; ch aritableness.
<b>Compassion</b>	A deep awareness of and sympathy for another's suffering.
<b>Courtesy</b>	Excellence of manners or social conduc t; polite behavior.
<b>Devotion</b>	Profound dedication; earnest attachment to a cause, person etc.
<b>Dignity</b>	Poise and self respect.
<b>Diligence</b>	Earnest and persistent application to an undertaking; steady effort.
<b>Discretion</b>	Quality to act or judge on one's own.
<b>Ethical</b>	Conforming to accepted standards of social or professional behavior.
<b>Fortitude</b>	Strength of mind that enables one to en dure adversity with courage.



<b>Graciousness</b>	Pleasantly kind, benevolent, and courteous.
<b>Gratitude</b>	A feeling of thankfulness and appreciation.
<b>Humility</b>	The quality or condition of being humble.
<b>Humor</b>	A comic, absurd, or incongruous quality causing amusement.
<b>Idealism</b>	The cherishing or pursuit of high or noble principles, purposes, or goals.
<b>Impartiality</b>	Fair, just, unbiased.
<b>Integrity</b>	An undivided or unbroken completeness or totality with nothing wanting.
<b>Leniency</b>	Showing or characterized by mercy or tolerance.
<b>Magnanimity</b>	Extremely liberal and generous of spirit.
<b>Mercy</b>	Compassionate or kindly forbearance esp. of those under one's power.
<b>Modesty</b>	Freedom from vanity or conceit.
<b>Morality</b>	Conformity to the rules of right conduct; moral or virtuous conduct.
<b>Nobility</b>	Nobleness of mind, character, or spirit; e

	xalted moral excellence.
<b>Perseverance</b>	Steady persistence in adhering to a course of action, a belief, or a purpose.
<b>Probity</b>	Integrity and uprightness; honesty.
<b>Prudence</b>	Discretion in practical affairs.
<b>Reverence</b>	A feeling of profound respect for someone or something.
<b>Tranquility</b>	Quality or state of being calmness; peacefulness; quiet; serenity.
<b>Wholesome</b>	Conducive to or characteristic of physical or moral well-being.
<b>Zeal</b>	Enthusiastic devotion to a cause, ideal, or goal and tireless diligence in its furtherance.

## 19. Words related to Winter

Word	Meaning
<b>Blizzard</b>	A storm with widespread snowfall accompanied by strong winds
<b>Blustery</b>	Blowing in violent and abrupt bursts
<b>Chills</b>	Coldness due to a cold environment
<b>Grain</b>	Foodstuff prepared from the starchy

	grains of cereal grasses
<b>Frostbitten</b>	Injured by freezing or partial freezing
<b>Gust</b>	A strong current of air
<b>Hailstone</b>	Small pellet of ice that falls during a hailstorm
<b>Hibernate</b>	Sleep during winter
<b>Hypothermia</b>	Subnormal body temperature
<b>Quilt</b>	Bedding made of two layers of cloth filled with stuffing and stitched together
<b>Shiver</b>	Tremble convulsively, as from fear or excitement
<b>Sledge</b>	A heavy long-handled hammer used to drive stakes or wedges
<b>Sleet</b>	Partially melted snow (or a mixture of rain and snow)
<b>Solstice</b>	Either of the two times of the year when the sun is at its greatest distance from the celestial equator
<b>Slippery</b>	Causing or tending to cause things to slip or slide
<b>Slush</b>	Partially melted snow
<b>Wintry</b>	Characteristic of or occurring in winter

## 20. Words representing Feelings

Word	Meaning
<b>Attraction</b>	The action or power of evoking interest in or liking for some or something
<b>Affection</b>	A gentle feeling of fondness and liking
<b>Agony</b>	Extreme physical or mental suffering
<b>Amazement</b>	A feeling of great surprise or wonder
<b>Anxiety</b>	A feeling of worry, nervousness, or unease about something with an uncertain outcome
<b>Bliss</b>	Perfect happiness; great joy
<b>Bitterness</b>	Anger or disappointment of being treated unfairly
<b>Compassion</b>	Sympathetic pity and concern for the sufferings or misfortunes of others
<b>Contentment</b>	A state of complete satisfaction
<b>Disenchanted</b>	Disappointed by someone or something.
<b>Dismay</b>	Concern and distress caused by something unexpected
<b>Elation</b>	Great happiness and exhilaration
<b>Enthralled</b>	Captured the fascinated attention of

<b>Enraged</b>	Very angry; furious
<b>Equanimity</b>	Calmness and composure, especially during a difficult situation
<b>Euphoria</b>	a feeling or a state of intense excitement and happiness
<b>Furious</b>	Extremely angry
<b>Gloomy</b>	A feeling of dullness and depression
<b>Jaded</b>	Bored or lacking enthusiasm, typically after having too much of something
<b>Joviality</b>	Cheerful and friendly
<b>Loathing</b>	Intense hatred
<b>Modesty</b>	The quality or state of being unassuming in the estimation of one's abilities
<b>Nirvana</b>	(In Buddhism) a transcendent state in which there is neither suffering, desire, nor sense of self, and the subject is released from the effects of karmas and the cycle of death and rebirth.
<b>Querulous</b>	Complaining in a rather petulant or whining manner
<b>Repentance</b>	Sincere regret or remorse
<b>Sardonic</b>	Grimly mocking or cynical

<b>Spellbound</b>	Hold complete attention of someone as though by magic
<b>Timidly</b>	showing a lack of courage or confidence
<b>Venal</b>	Showing or motivated by susceptibility to bribery; corruption
<b>Vivacious</b>	Attractively lively and animated

## 21. Words used in a negative way

Word	Meaning
<b>Abysmal</b>	Very great; limitless
<b>Apathy</b>	An absence of emotion or enthusiasm
<b>Atrocious</b>	Shockingly brutal or cruel
<b>Bemoan</b>	Regret strongly
<b>Cold-hearted</b>	Lacking in sympathy or feeling
<b>Deplorable</b>	Bad; unfortunate
<b>Despicable</b>	Morally reprehensible
<b>Detrimental</b>	(sometimes followed by 'to') causing harm or injury
<b>Dreadful</b>	Causing fear, dread or terror
<b>Ghastly</b>	Shockingly repellent; inspiring horror
<b>Grotesque</b>	Distorted and unnatural in shape or size;

	abnormal and hideous
<b>Gruesome</b>	Shockingly repellent; inspiring horror
<b>Hard-hearted</b>	Lacking in feeling, pity or warmth
<b>Insidious</b>	Intended to entrap
<b>Inspid</b>	Lacking taste, flavour
<b>Malicious</b>	Marked by deep ill will; deliberately harmful
<b>Monstrous</b>	Abnormally large
<b>Noxious</b>	Injurious to physical or mental health
<b>Offensive</b>	The action of attacking an enemy
<b>Oppressive</b>	Weighing heavily on the senses or spirit
<b>Pessimistic</b>	Expecting the worst possible outcome
<b>Prejudice</b>	A partiality that prevents objective consideration of an issue or situation
<b>Repulsive</b>	Offensive to the mind
<b>Ruthless</b>	Without mercy or pity
<b>Sinister</b>	Indicating evil intent or suggesting tragic developments
<b>Vice</b>	A holding device attached to a workbench; has two jaws to hold workpiece firmly in place

<b>Vicious</b>	Having the nature of vice
<b>Villainous</b>	Extremely wicked
<b>Vindictive</b>	Disposed to seek revenge or intended for revenge

## 22. Words used in a positive way

Word	Meaning
<b>Acclaimed</b>	Greatly praised or lauded
<b>Affirmative</b>	Pertaining to truth
<b>Affluent</b>	Abundant of goods or riches
<b>Angelic</b>	Belonging to or proceeding from Angels
<b>Beaming</b>	Showing happy emotion
<b>Bliss</b>	Happiness and joy
<b>Bountiful</b>	Generous or plentiful
<b>Bubbly</b>	Full of bubbles
<b>Commend</b>	To praise or acclaim
<b>Dazzling</b>	Shining intensely
<b>Earnest</b>	Serious
<b>Ecstatic</b>	Extremely happy
<b>Effervescent</b>	Enthusiastic; excited interest or eagerness
<b>Enchanting</b>	Having the ability to enchant; Charming
<b>Exquisite</b>	Carefully adjusted; precise
<b>Graceful</b>	Having or showing elegant or charming



	qualities in movement, shape
<b>Instinctive</b>	Driven by impulse; Spontaneous and without thinking
<b>Intellectual</b>	Characterized by intelligence or mental capacity
<b>Jovial</b>	Cheerful and good-humored
<b>Jubilant</b>	Delighted, joyful
<b>Lucid</b>	Mentally rational easily understood
<b>Marvelous</b>	Exciting wonder or surprise
<b>Novel</b>	New and original
<b>Nurturing</b>	Taking care and nourishing
<b>Robust</b>	Having Strength
<b>Stirring</b>	Inspiring
<b>Thriving</b>	One that thrives or is successful
<b>Tranquil</b>	Free from mental or Emotional Disturbance

### 23. Different types of Friends

Word	Meaning
<b>Acquaintance</b>	A relationship less intimate than friendship
<b>Ally</b>	An associate who provides cooperation or assistance
<b>Amigo</b>	A friend or comrade
<b>Backer</b>	Someone who provides financial support for some venture
<b>Beau</b>	A man who is the lover of a girl or young woman
<b>Benefactor</b>	A person who helps people or institutions (especially with financial help)
<b>Chum</b>	A close friend who accompanies his buddies in their activities
<b>Cohort</b>	A company of companions or supporters
<b>Compadre</b>	A close friend who accompanies his buddies in their activities
<b>Companion</b>	A friend who is frequently in the company of another
<b>Comrade</b>	A friend who is frequently in the company of another
<b>Confidant</b>	Someone to whom private matters are confided

<b>Patron</b>	Someone who supports or champions something
<b>Sidekick</b>	A close friend who accompanies his buddies in their activities
<b>Well-wisher</b>	A close friend who accompanies his buddies in their activities

## 24. Different types of Mania

Word	Meaning
<b>Ablutomania</b>	mania for washing oneself
<b>Arithmomania</b>	obsessive preoccupation with numbers
<b>Bibliomania</b>	craze for books or reading
<b>Clinomania</b>	excessive desire to stay in bed
<b>Dinomania</b>	mania for dancing
<b>Dipsomania</b>	abnormal craving for alcohol
<b>Egomania</b>	irrational self-centered attitude or self-worship
<b>Ergomania</b>	excessive desire to work; workaholism
<b>Graphomania</b>	obsession with writing
<b>Hydromania</b>	irrational craving for water
<b>Hypermania</b>	severe mania
<b>Hypomania</b>	minor mania

<b>Kleptomania</b>	irrational predilection for stealing
<b>Megalomania</b>	abnormal tendency towards grand or grandiose behaviour
<b>Monomania</b>	abnormal obsession with a single thought or idea
<b>Nymphomania</b>	excessive or crazed sexual desire
<b>Plutomania</b>	mania for money
<b>Pyromania</b>	craze for starting fires
<b>Theomania</b>	belief that one is a god
<b>Xenomania</b>	inordinate attachment to foreign things

## 25. Different types of People

Word	Meaning
<b>Able</b>	(usually followed by 'to') having the necessary means, skill, know-how or authority to do something
<b>Absent-minded</b>	Lost in thought; showing preoccupation
<b>Adventurous</b>	Willing to undertake or seeking out new and daring enterprises
<b>Apathetic</b>	Showing little or no emotion or animation
<b>Ardent</b>	Characterized by intense emotion
<b>Awful</b>	Exceptionally bad or displeasing

<b>Boisterous</b>	Noisy and lacking in restraint or discipline
<b>Callous</b>	Emotionally hardened
<b>Cantankerous</b>	Stubbornly obstructive and unwilling to cooperate
<b>Churlish</b>	Rude and boorish
<b>Circumspect</b>	Heedful of potential consequences
<b>Conceited</b>	Characteristic of false pride; having an exaggerated sense of self-importance
<b>Condescending</b>	(used of behaviour or attitude) characteristic of those who treat others with condescension
<b>Conscientious</b>	Characterized by extreme care and great effort
<b>Crabby</b>	Annoyed and irritable
<b>Dainty</b>	Delicately beautiful
<b>Demonic</b>	Extremely evil or cruel; expressive of cruelty or befitting hell
<b>Dowdy</b>	Lacking in smartness or taste
<b>Egotistical</b>	Characteristic of those having an inflated idea of their own importance
<b>Fastidious</b>	Giving careful attention to detail; hard to please; excessively concerned with cleanliness
<b>Ferocious</b>	Marked by extreme and violent energy
<b>Fervent</b>	Characterized by intense emotion

<b>Glutinous</b>	Able or tending to stick; having the properties of an adhesive
<b>Immodest</b>	Having or showing an exaggerated opinion of your importance, ability, etc
<b>Irascible</b>	Quickly aroused to anger
<b>Listless</b>	Marked by low spirits; showing no enthusiasm
<b>Lithe</b>	Moving and bending with ease
<b>Lively</b>	Full of life and energy
<b>Meddlesome</b>	Intrusive in a meddling or offensive manner
<b>Mercurial</b>	Liable to sudden unpredictable change
<b>Meticulous</b>	Marked by precise accordance with details
<b>Moronic</b>	Having a mental age of between eight and twelve years
<b>Obnoxious</b>	Causing disapproval or protest
<b>Paternalistic</b>	Benevolent but sometimes intrusive
<b>Peevish</b>	Easily irritated or annoyed
<b>Persnickety</b>	(used colloquially) overly conceited or arrogant
<b>Prejudiced</b>	Emanating from a person's emotions and prejudices
<b>Querulous</b>	Habitually complaining
<b>Resourceful</b>	Having inner resources; adroit or imaginative

<b>Sentimental</b>	Given to or marked by sentiment or sentimentality
<b>Slovenly</b>	Negligent of neatness especially in dress and person; habitually dirty and unkempt
<b>Stoic</b>	Someone who is seemingly indifferent to emotions
<b>Testy</b>	Easily irritated or annoyed
<b>Volcanic</b>	Relating to or produced by or consisting of volcanoes
<b>Zealous</b>	Marked by active interest and enthusiasm

## 26. Different types of Phobia

Word	Meaning
<b>Ablutophobia</b>	Fear of Bathing, washing and cleansing.
<b>Acrophobia</b>	Fear of heights
<b>Agoraphobia</b>	Fear of Open spaces.
<b>Anthropophobia</b>	Fear of people or the company of people, a form of social phobia.
<b>Autophobia</b>	Fear of being alone or isolated.
<b>Bibliophobia</b>	Fear of books. Biblio is the root word here which means Book.
<b>Chrematophobia</b>	Fear of money.

<b>Claustrophobia</b>	Fear of closed spaces.
<b>Cynophobia</b>	Fear of dogs.
<b>Emetophobia</b>	Fear or anxiety pertaining to vomiting.
<b>Ergophobia</b>	Fear of work
<b>Gamophobia</b>	Fear of marriage.
<b>Herpetophobia</b>	Fear of reptiles.
<b>Hydrophobia</b>	Fear of water.
<b>Ophthalmophobia</b>	Fear of being stared at.
<b>Paedophobia</b>	Fear of children; fear of dolls or fear of infants, childhood.
<b>Pantophobia</b>	Fear of everything.
<b>Pentheraphobia</b>	Fear or hatred of one's mother-in-law.
<b>Phonophobia</b>	Fear of noise or of speaking aloud.
<b>Photophobia</b>	Fear of light.
<b>Pyrophobia</b>	Fear of fires or flames. Pyro means fire.
<b>Spectrophobia</b>	Fear of looking in a mirror
<b>Technophobia</b>	Fear of technology.
<b>Thanatophobia</b>	Fear of death.
<b>Triskaidekaphobia</b>	Fear of the number thirteen.
<b>Xenophobia</b>	Fear of foreigners or strangers.

## 27. List of occupations



Word	Meaning
<b>Alchemist</b>	medieval chemist who claimed to be able to turn base metals into gold
<b>Book keeper</b>	looked after the accounts for businesses
<b>Calligrapher</b>	someone skilled in penmanship
<b>Cartographer</b>	map maker
<b>Chiropodist</b>	treats diseases of the feet & hands
<b>Dermatologist</b>	A doctor who specializes in the physiology and pathology of the skin
<b>Entomologist</b>	A zoologist who studies insects
<b>Entrepreneur</b>	Someone who organizes a business venture and assumes the risk for it
<b>Fancy man</b>	pimp
<b>Fancy woman</b>	prostitute
<b>Filibuster</b>	american mercenaries in south america, gun runners
<b>Gaoler</b>	jailer
<b>Internist</b>	A specialist in internal medicine
<b>Midwife</b>	A woman skilled in aiding the delivery of babies
<b>Muralist</b>	A painter of murals
<b>Ophthalmologist</b>	A medical doctor specializing in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the eye
<b>Oracle</b>	An authoritative person who divines the

	future
<b>Ornithologist</b>	A zoologist who studies birds
<b>Paralegal</b>	A person with specialized training who assists lawyers
<b>Pathologist</b>	A doctor who specializes in medical diagnosis
<b>Pawnbroker</b>	A person who lends money at interest in exchange for personal property that is deposited as security
<b>Pediatrician</b>	A specialist in the care of babies
<b>Percussionist</b>	A musician who plays percussion instruments
<b>Philanthropist</b>	Someone who makes charitable donations intended to increase human well-being
<b>Physician</b>	A licensed medical practitioner
<b>Proctor</b>	official of a university
<b>Rag picker</b>	sorted through the left over rags to find re usable ones
<b>Runner</b>	a person who is employed to deliver messages or documents
<b>Seamstress</b>	Someone who makes or mends dresses
<b>Silversmith</b>	worked with silver
<b>Solicitor</b>	lawyer
<b>Townswaiter</b>	customs man

<b>Turnkey</b>	prison warder or jail keeper
<b>Undertaker</b>	One whose business is the management of funerals
<b>Vassal</b>	servant of the lowest order
<b>Veterinarian</b>	A doctor who practices veterinary medicine
<b>Vicar</b>	A Roman Catholic priest who acts for another higher-ranking clergyman
<b>Warder</b>	in charge of prisoners