#### 5.13.31

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### Question

Let  ${\bf A}$  and  ${\bf B}$  be  $3\times 3$  matrices of real numbers, where  ${\bf A}$  is symmetric,  ${\bf B}$  is skew-symmetric and

$$(\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B})(\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B})=(\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B})(\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}).$$

lf

$$(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B})^{\top} = (-1)^k \mathbf{A}\mathbf{B},$$

where  $(AB)^{\top}$  is the transpose of the matrix AB, find the value(s) of k.

### Matrix Properties

Given:

 $\mathbf{A}$  is symmetric:  $\mathbf{A}^{\top} = \mathbf{A}$ 

 ${f B}$  is skew-symmetric:  ${f B}^{ op}=-{f B}$ 

## **Expanding the Given Equation**

Expand both sides of

$$(A + B)(A - B) = (A - B)(A + B)$$

$$A^{2} - AB + BA - B^{2} = A^{2} + AB - BA - B^{2}$$

$$2BA = 2AB$$

$$\Rightarrow AB = BA$$

So **A** and **B** commute.

### Transpose of the Product

We have:

$$(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B})^{\top} = \mathbf{B}^{\top}\mathbf{A}^{\top}$$

Using properties,

$$=(-B)A=-BA$$

But since they commute:

$$= -AB$$

Thus,

$$(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B})^\top = -\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}$$

# Solving for k

Given,

$$(\mathbf{AB})^{\top} = (-1)^k \mathbf{AB}$$

So,

$$-\mathsf{AB} = (-1)^k \mathsf{AB}$$

If  $AB \neq 0$ , comparing:

$$-1 = (-1)^k$$

So k must be odd.

#### **Final Answer**

k is any odd integer.

#### Codes

For Codes, refer to the URL below:

https://github.com/Aditya-Mishra11005/ee1030-2025/tree/main/ee25btech11005/matgeo/5.13.31/Codes