### EECS 489 - FA 21

#### Discussion 11

#### Announcements

Assignment 4 is out.

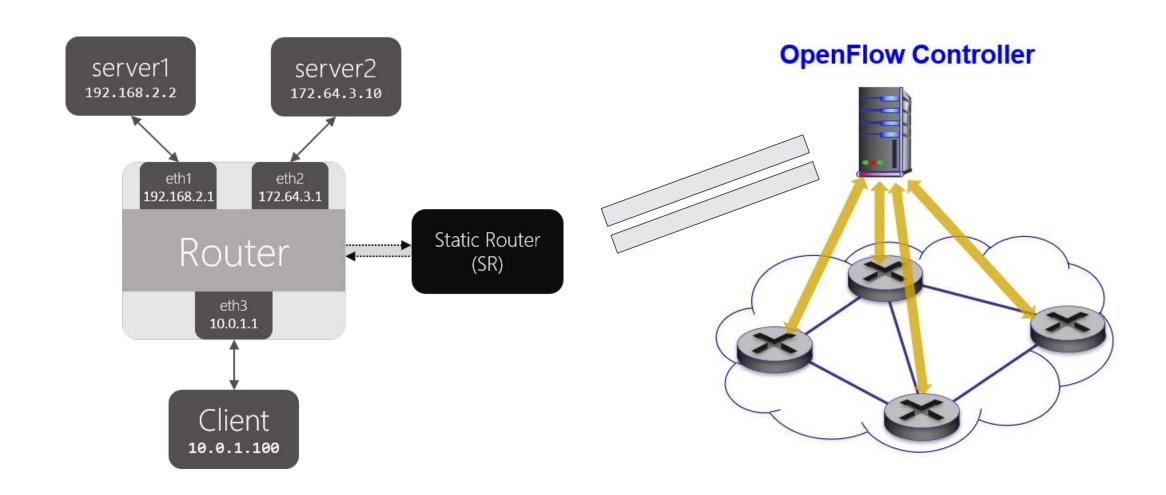
Due date: 12/10 2021, 11:59 PM

Lateday policy:

You have 3 group latedays in total for assignment 2 - 4.

Please compile your code in the VM and test it carefully.

# Assignment 4 & SDN



## Data Link Layer

- Protocols
  - Ethernet (IEEE 802.3)
    - CSMA(Carrier-sense multiple access)/CD
      - after collision is detected
  - Wi-Fi (IEEE 802.11)
    - CSMA/CA
      - avoid collision
  - o etc.
- Devices working in this layer use MAC addresses

#### Address Resolution Protocol

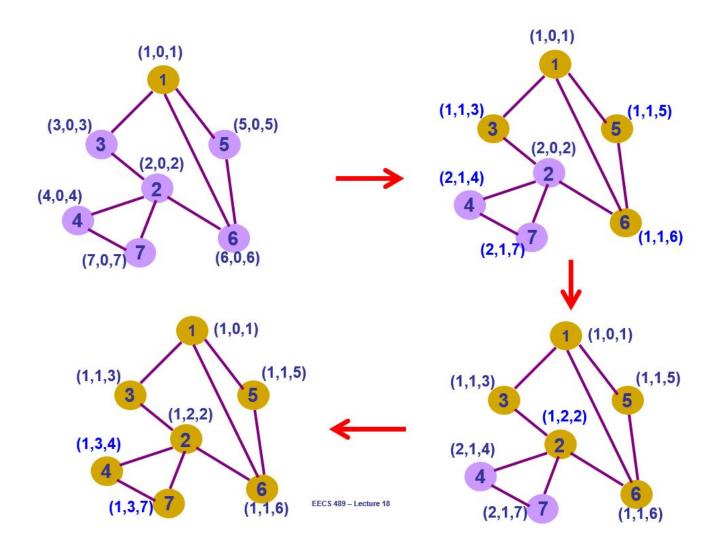
- Used to find the MAC address of another device
  - IP address to MAC address
  - ARP requests need to be broadcast
    - ff:ff:ff:ff:ff is the broadcast address

Octet offset	0	1
0	Hardware type (HTYPE)	
2	Protocol type (PTYPE)	
4	Hardware address length (HLEN)	Protocol address length (PLEN)
6	Operation (OPER)	
8	Sender hardware address (SHA) (first 2 bytes)	
10	(next 2 bytes)	
12	(last 2 bytes)	
14	Sender protocol address (SPA) (first 2 bytes)	
16	(last 2 bytes)	
18	Target hardware address (THA) (first 2 bytes)	
20	(next 2 bytes)	
22	(last 2 bytes)	
24	Target protocol address (TPA) (first 2 bytes)	
26	(last 2 bytes)	

## Spanning Tree Algorithm

- Used to avoid broadcast storm
- Steps:
  - Initially, each switch proposes itself as the root
  - $\bigcirc$  Switch X announces (X, 0, X) to its neighbors
  - Switches update their view of the root
  - O Upon receiving (Y, d, Z) from Z, check Y's id
    - If Y's id < current root: set root = Y</p>
  - Switches compute their distance from the root
  - Add I to the shortest distance received from a neighbor
  - If root or shortest distance to it changed, send neighbors updated message (Y, d+I, X)

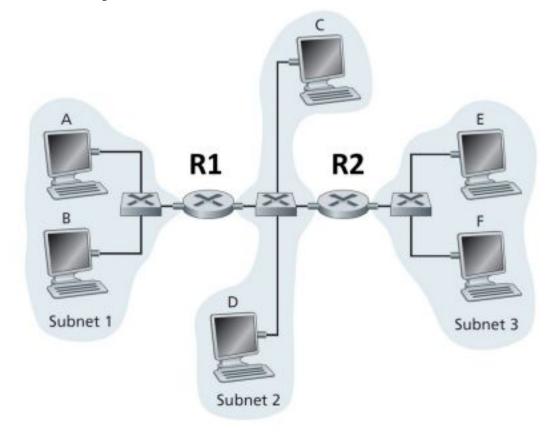
## Spanning Tree Algorithm



# QI Forwarding

Consider sending an IP packet from Host E to Host F.Will Host E ask router R2 to forward the packet? Why?

No. Host E and Host F are on the same subnet and are connected via switch.



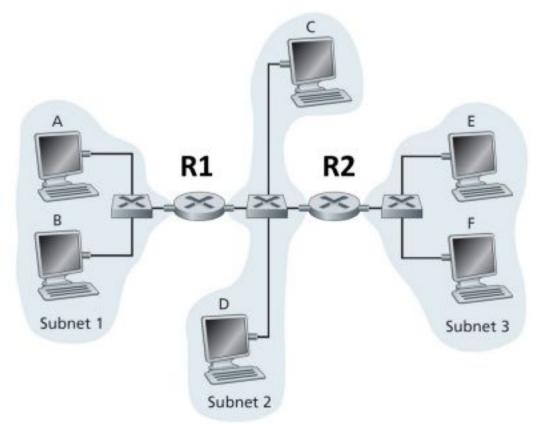
## Q2 ARP

Consider E sending an IP packet to B. Assume E's ARP cache is empty. Will E make an ARP request to find B's MAC address?

No. Host B and Host E are on the different subnets.

Will E make an ARP request to? If yes, to whom?

R2 (next hop to B)



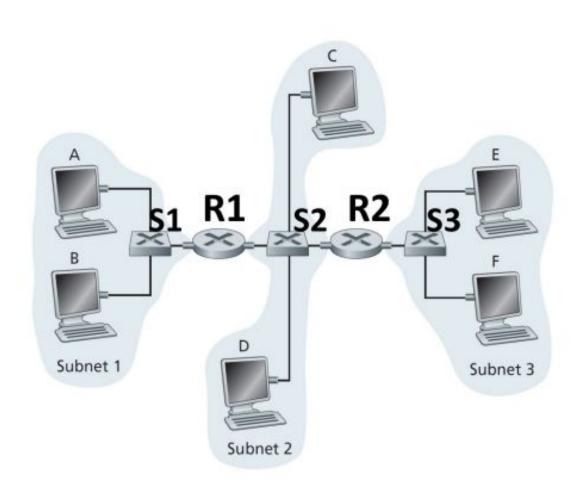
### Q3 ARP and IP

Consider E sending an IP packet to B.

In the Ethernet frame of the IP packet going to B that is delivered to **router RI**, what are the source and destination IP and MAC addresses?

srcIP: IP-E, dstIP: IP-B

srcMAC: MAC-R2, dstMAC: MAC-R1



#### Thanks

Have a good one!