

Indexing (accessing characters in a string)

- Strings can be indexed often synonymously called subscripted as well.
- Python Supports both +ve index & -ve index
 - +ve index means left to right (forward direction) -> Forward Indexing
 - -ve index means right to left (backward direction) -> Reverse indexing
- The first character of a string has the index 0.

```
H
In [1]:
s = "hello"
In [2]:
                # first Character
s[0]
Out[2]:
'h'
In [3]:
                                                                                         M
s[-1]
                # Last character s[-1] or s[len(s)-1]
Out[3]:
'o'
In [4]:
                                                                                         M
s[-3]
                  # using negative indexing
Out[4]:
'1'
In [5]:
                                                                                         H
s[-6]
                 # If we try to access index with out of the range, we will get index er
IndexError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Cell In[5], line 2
      1 # If we try to access index with out of the range, we will get ind
ex error.
----> 2 s[-6]
```

IndexError: string index out of range

```
In [6]:
s[1.5]
                  # If we try to access by using use decimal number, we will get er
                                            Traceback (most recent call las
TypeError
t)
Cell In[6], line 2
      1 # If we try to access by using use decimal number, we will get err
----> 2 s[1.5]
TypeError: string indices must be integers, not 'float'
Slicing the strings
[ start index (inclusive) : end index (exclusive) : step ]
Step can be either +ve or -ve & default value = +1
In [7]:
                                                                                           H
s
Out[7]:
'hello'
In [8]:
                                                                                           K
s[0:4:1]
Out[8]:
'hell'
In [9]:
                                                                                           M
s[0:4:2]
Out[9]:
'h1'
In [10]:
                                                                                           H
s[4:0:-1]
                     # slicing with decrement
Out[10]:
'olle'
```

```
In [11]:
s[:4:2]
                    # default start index = 0
Out[11]:
'h1'
In [12]:
                                                                                         H
s[0::1]
                    # default end index = len(str)
Out[12]:
'hello'
In [13]:
                   # default step = +1
s[0:4]
Out[13]:
'hell'
In [14]:
                                                                                          H
#print in reverse order
s[::-1]
Out[14]:
'olleh'
```