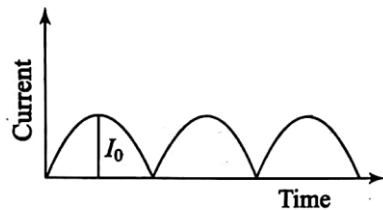


# Ch—07 Alternating Current

## Daily Practice Problem 01

**Q1.** The output current versus time curve of a rectifier is shown in the figure. The average value of output current in this case is



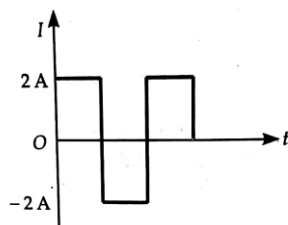
(a) 0

(b)  $\frac{I_0}{2}$

(c)  $\frac{2I_0}{\pi}$

(d)  $I_0$

**Q2.** Calculate the rms value of the alternating current shown in Figure.



**Q3.** The effective value of current in a 50 cycle a.c. circuit is 5A. What is the value of current  $1/300$  second after it was zero?

**Q4.** The peak value of an alternating current of frequency 50 Hz is 14.14 A. Find its rms value. How much time will the current take in reaching from 0 to maximum value?

**Q5.** A  $100\ \Omega$  iron is connected to a 220 V, 50 cycles wall plug. What is

- (i) Peak potential difference
- (ii) Average potential difference
- (iii) Rms current

**Q6.** The equation of a.c. in a circuit is  $I = 50 \sin 100 \pi t$ . Find

- (i) Frequency of a.c.,
- (ii) Mean value of a.c. over positive half cycle.
- (iii) Rms value of current and
- (iv) The value of current  $1/300$  second after it was zero.

**Q7.** The electric current in a circuit is given by  $i = i_0(t/\tau)$  for some time. Calculate the rms current for the period  $t=0$  to  $t=\tau$ .

**Q8.** The instantaneous value of an alternating voltage in volts is given by the expression  $\varepsilon t = 140 \sin 300t$  where  $t$  is in second. What is

- (i) Peak value of the voltage
  - (ii) Its rms value and
  - (iii) Frequency of the supply
- (Take  $\pi = 3, \sqrt{2} = 1.4$  )

**Q9.** The plate on the back of a personal computer says that it draws 2.7 A from 120 -V, 60-Hz line. For this computer, what is

- (i) The average of the square of the current
- (ii) The current amplitude
- (iii) The average current for positive half cycle, and
- (iv) The average current for a full cycle?

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## **ANSWERS**

- |              |             |             |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. (c)       | 2. 2 A      | 3. 6.123 A  |
| 4. 10 A, 5ms | 5.(i) 311 V | (ii). 198 V |

(iii). 2.2 A

6.(i) 50Hz, 31.8 A, 35.35 A,  
43.3 A

(9) (i) 7.3 A<sup>2</sup> (ii) 3.8 A  
(iii) 2.42 A (iv) 0

$$7. \frac{i_0}{\sqrt{3}}$$

(8). (i) 140 V (ii) 100 V (iii) 50  
Hz