## CLASS DIAGRAMS LECTURE # 6



### Department of Computer Science and Technology University of Bedfordshire

Written by David Goodwin, based on the lectures of Marc Conrad and on the book *Applying UML and Patterns* (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.) by *C. Larman* (2005).

Modelling and Simulation, 2012



#### CLASS DIAGRAM

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

MAKING CLASS DIAGRAMS Example # 1

#### Relationships between classes

Visibility
Aggregation and Composition
Abstract classes

Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

Relationships between classes

Aggregation an Composition

#### Class Diagrams



#### Class Diagram

Elements of a Class diagram

DIAGRAMS

EXAMILE # 1

VISIBILITY

Aggregation and Composition Abstract classes

### CLASS DIAGRAM

### STATIC MODELS AND DYNAMIC MODELS



#### Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

Example # 1

Relationships between classes

Aggregation a Composition

- Class diagrams model the static behaviour of objects, i.e.
  - Attributes of objects
  - Operation of objects
  - Relationships between objects.



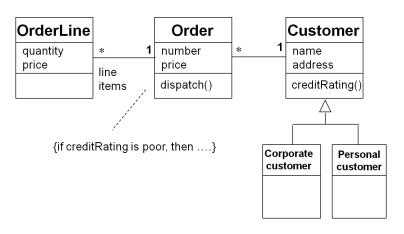
#### Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

MAKING CLA DIAGRAMS Example # 1

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE

Aggregation Composition



## RATIONAL ROSE - EXAMPLE OF A CLASS DIAGRAM



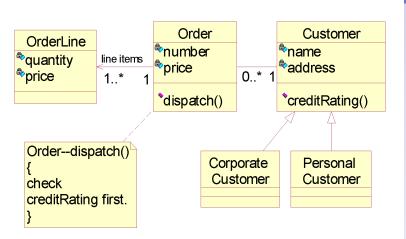


#### Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

Making clas Diagrams

RELATIONSHIPS



# ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

CLASS DIAGRAMS



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

Example # 1

RELATIONSHIPS
BETWEEN CLASSES

Aggregation and Composition

### Elements of a class diagram - Classes

Class Diagrams

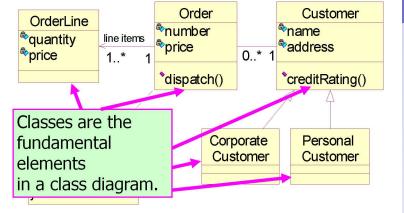


Class Diagram

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MAKING CLAS DIAGRAMS

CELATIONSHIPS
ETWEEN CLASS







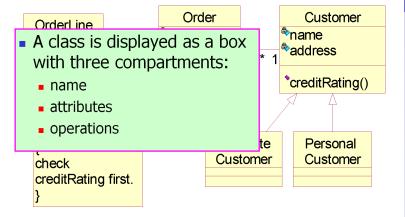


ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

Making class diagrams

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLAS

Aggregation Composition







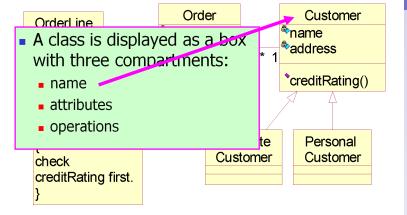


#### ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS
Example # 1

Relationships between classe

Aggregation Composition







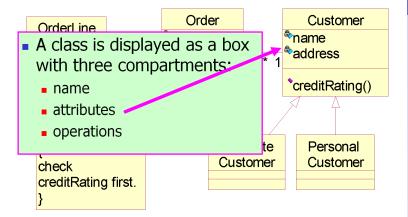


#### ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

Example # 1

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE





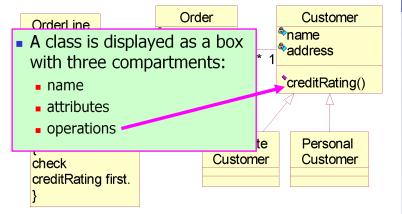


Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

ELATIONSHIPS ETWEEN CLASS



## Elements of a class diagram - roles and attributes



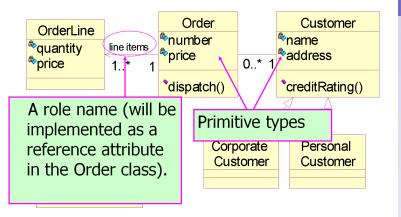




#### Elements of a Class diagram

Making class diagrams

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE



### ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM -**OPERATIONS**





Order Customer OrderLine number name quantity line items address price price 0..\* 1 dispatch() creditRating() sonal • They refer to the *behaviour* of the object. tomer Operations are implied by the sequence of

Operations (Methods)

events in a sequence diagram.

### Elements of a class diagram -OPERATIONS & ATTRIBUTES







Order Customer OrderLine number name quantity line items address price price 0..\* 1 dispatch() creditRating() Operations and Attributes can be private, protected or public. This is sonal tomer

reflected by the symbols: +, #, -. RationalRose uses other symbols.

## ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM - PRIVATE/PUBLIC



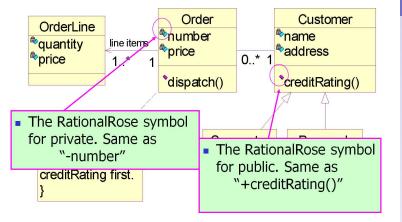


Class Diagram

Elements of a Class diagram

Making class Diagrams

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE



## Elements of a class diagram - Relationships

Class Diagrams



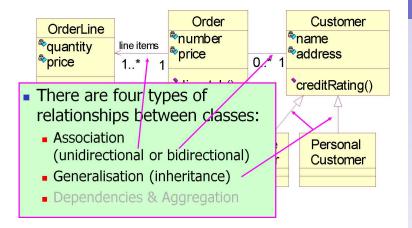
Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

MAKING CLAS

Relationships

VISIBILITY



### Elements of a class diagram -Associations

preserved for some duration.





Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

MAKING CL.
DIAGRAMS

RELATIONSHIP

Order Customer OrderLine number name quantity line items address price price 0..\* 1 creditRating() **Associations**  Associations are structural relationships between objects of Personal different types. Customer They show that knowledge of the relationship needs to be

4 D > 4 B > 4 B > 4 B > 9 Q (2)

## Elements of a class diagram - Arrows on Associations





Class Diagram

Elements of a class diagram

Example # 1
Relationships

Relationships between class

- OrderLine

  quantity
  price

  Order

  number
  name
  address

  Order

  name
  oname
  oname
  oname
  oname
  oname
  oname
  oname
  oname
- Arrows on Associations.
  - The arrow on an association indicates a visibility relationship. OrderLine is visible by Order.
  - No arrow on an association means visibility in both directions. Order knows about Customer and Customer knows Order.

## Elements of a class diagram - Multiplicities

OrderLine

quantity

price





Class Diagram

Elements of a class diagram

Making class diagrams

Relationships

tRating()

Customer

∾name

address

 Numbers on an association indicate how many objects of a class are related to how many objects of another class.

line items

They are called multiplicities.

Order

number

price

ersonal ustomer

### Elements of a class diagram - Multiplicities



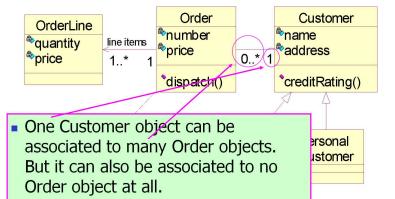




Elements of a class diagram

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RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE



### Elements of a class diagram - Multiplicities

Class Diagrams



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

Making class diagrams

RELATIONSHIPS

Order Customer OrderLine number name quantity line items price address price 0.\* 1 \*dispatch() creditRating() One Order object can have many ersonal OrderLine objects, but must have at ıstomer least one.

### ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM -GENERALISATION

Java.





 Generalisation Customer If two or more classes ler er <sup>™</sup>name have some common address attributes and methods, 0..\* these attributes and creditRating() :ch() methods can be collected and placed in a super class (parent class). Corporate Personal Generalisation reflects the Customer Customer inheritance relationship known from C++ and

## Elements of a class diagram - Constraints



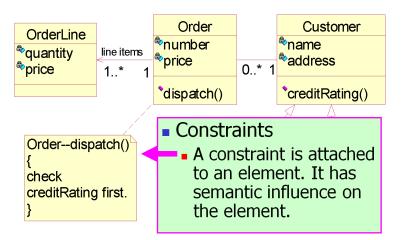


Class Diagram

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MAKING CLA DIAGRAMS

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE



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ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

MAKING CLASS DIAGRAMS

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE

OrderLine
quantity
price

1...\* 1

Order
number
name
address

0...\* 1

CreditRating()

Pre-condition
The condition of an operation

- The condition of an operation before being executed.
- Post-condition
  - The expected consequence of an operation.

creditRating first.

check



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

Example # 1

Relationships between class

OrderLine line items quantity price Order--dispatch() check creditRating first.

 In RationalRose constraints and notes use the same symbol (a rectangle with a flipped corner attached by a dotted line).

 However notes have no semantical meaning.

### Element of a class diagram - Notes AND CONSTRAINTS

attack()





Misinterpreting constraints as simple notes may lead to major problems

Evil Enemy

weapons of mass destruction

Enemy-attack(){ get UN resolution first

Good Nation

stars

stripes

### Making class diagrams

Class Diagrams



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

EXAMPLE #

Relationships between classes

Aggregation and Composition

### How to make a class diagram.



- 1. Identify all the classes participating in the software solution (from the sequence diagrams).
- 2. Draw them in a class diagram.
- 3. Identify the attributes.
- 4. Identify the methods (from the sequence diagram).
- 5. Add associations, generalisations, aggregations and dependencies.
- 6. Add other stuff (roles, constraints, ...)



Class Diagram

CLASS DIAGRAM

Making class diagrams

Relationships between classe

- ► In practice class diagrams and interaction diagrams are usually created in parallel.
- Many classes, methods, etc. may be sketched out in a class diagram prior to drawing a sequence diagram.
- ➤ A "light" version of a class diagram containing only attributes but no messages is also known as a conceptual model.
- ► Sometimes a conceptual model is used instead of an analysis model in the system engineering process.

Elements of a class diagram

Making class diagrams

Example #

RELATIONSHIPS
BETWEEN CLASSES

Aggregation Composition

- We investigate the "return item" Use Case of the Recycling machine.
  - From the sequence diagram we find the following classes:
    - Customer Panel
    - Deposit item receiver
    - Receipt basis
    - ► Deposit item
    - Receipt printer
    - Can, Bottle, Crate

### 1. Use Case of Recycle Machine

CLASS DIAGRAMS



Class Diagram

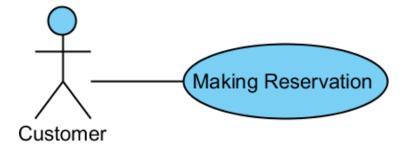
Elements of a class diagram

Making class diagrams

Example # :

Relationships between classes

GGREGATION AN



### 2. Draw them in a class diagram

**Customer Panel** 

Receipt basis

Class Diagrams



Bottle

Deposit item

Can

Crate

Deposit item receiver

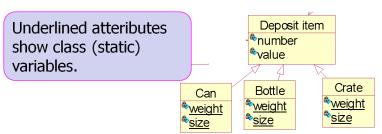
Receipt printer

- CLASS DIAGRAM
- CLASS DIAGRA
- MIAKING CLASS DIAGRAMS

Example #

RELATIONSHIPS
BETWEEN CLASSE

- Classes which contain data are in the Deposit item hierarchy.
  - For checking & classifying an item we need the weight and size of a Can, Bottle, and Crate.
  - ► For collecting the data at the Receipt basis each Deposit Item gets a number and a value.



ELEMENTS OF CLASS DIAGRA

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Example #1

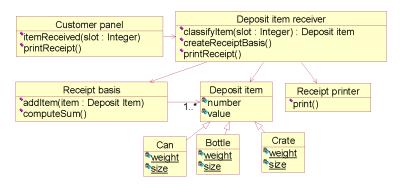
RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE

Aggregation Composition

- The return item use case suggests the following two methods for the Customer Panel:
  - itemReceived(slot : Integer)
  - printReceipt()
- ► Following the sequence of events in the sequence diagram we obtain then:
  - Deposit item receiver: classifyltem(), createReceiptBasis(), printReceipt()
  - Receipt basis: addItem(), computeSum(),
  - Receipt printer: print().
- We don't show accessor and modifier methods in order to keep the diagram simple.



► Associations show navigability between classes



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF CLASS DIAGRA

Making class diagrams

Example #1

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSES

# RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSES

CLASS DIAGRAMS



Class Diagram

CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

EXAMPLE # 1

RELATIONSHIPS

Aggregation and Composition

### Relationships between classes



Class Diagram

Elements of a class diagram

MAKING CLASS DIAGRAMS

Relationships between classes

Aggregation an Composition

- ▶ There are four possible relationships between classes.
  - Association
  - Dependency
  - ► Generalisation
  - Aggregation

#### Relationships between classes





Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF CLASS DIAGRAN

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

Relationships between classes

▶ There are four possible relationships between classes.

- Association
- Dependency
- ► Generalisation
- Aggregation
  - Association and dependency are in the context of visibility.

#### RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSES





Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF CLASS DIAGRA

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

Relationships between classes

- ▶ There are four possible relationships between classes.
  - Association
  - Dependency
  - Generalisation
  - Aggregation
    - Generalisation and aggregation may be considered as special versions of association.

- Why do we consider visibility?
- Object Oriented design is about sending messages between objects.
- For an object A to send a message to an object B, B must be visible to A.
  - Example: The Deposit Item Receiver cannot send a message to the Printer, if it is not visible for the Deposit Item Receiver

Elements of a class diagram

Example # 1

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VISIBILITY

VISIBILITI

Aggregation Composition

► There are four types of visibility:

- Attribute visibility B is a (reference) attribute to A.
- Parameter visibility B is a parameter of a method of A.
- ► Locally declared visibility B is declared as a local object in a method of A.
- ► Global visibility B is in some way globally visible.



Elements of a class diagram

DIAGRAMS

Example # 1

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASS

Visibility

Aggregatio Composition

Attribute visibility from A to B exists when B is a (reference) attribute of A.

- ▶ It persists as long as A and B exist.
- It is a very common form of visibility in object-oriented systems.
- ▶ In the implementation usually A has a reference (Java) or a pointer (C++) variable of B.

# Attribute Visibility - Example # 1

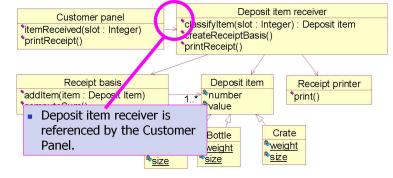


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Making class Diagrams Example # 1

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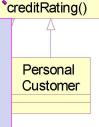


# Attribute Visibility - Example # 2

Class Diagrams







Order Customer OrderLine number name line items quantity price address price 0..\* 1 dispatch() creditRating() The role name already suggests a name for the reference in the implementation, e.g. (Java) public class Order { OrderLine [] line\_items;

Elements of a class diagram

TAKING CLASS
HAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

ETWEEN CI

Visibility

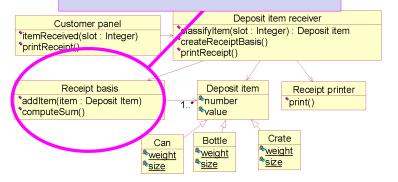
Aggregatio

Parameter visibility exists when B is passed as a parameter to a method of A.

- ▶ It is a relatively temporary visibility because it persists only in the scope of the method.
- ▶ It is common to transform parameter visibility into attribute visibility (see example).



- Parameter visibility (example):
  - Deposit item is passed as a parameter in the addItem method of the Receipt basis.
  - The parameter *item* will then become an attribute of Receipt basis.



CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS

RELATIONSHIPS

#### LOCALLY DECLARED VISIBILITY



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

EXAMPLE # 1

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLAS

Visibility

AGGREGATIO

Locally declared visibility from A to B exists wehn B is declared as a local object within a method of A.

- Two common means:
  - Create a new local instance and assign it to a local variable.
  - Assign the return object from a method invocation to a local variable.

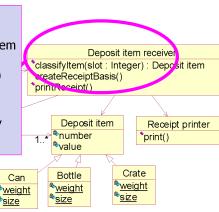
#### Locally Declared Visibility - Example

Class Diagrams



The classifyItem()
 method generates an
 instance of Deposit item
 (Can, Bottle or Crate,
 depended of the slot)
 and returns it.

 In this method the Deposit item is locally visible.



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

RELATIONSH RETWEEN CL



LEMENTS OF LASS DIAGRA

DIAGRAMS Example # 1

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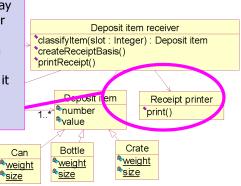
Visibilit

Global visibility from A to B exists when B is global to A. In object oriented systems it is the least common form of visibility.

- Global visibility can be implemented via
  - the return value of a class (static) method.
  - $\blacktriangleright$  the return value of a non-member function (C++).
  - as a public static attribute in Java.



 As the printer is unique in the system and may be used also by other classes than Deposit item receiver (e.g. in the daily report use case) we can design it as a global object.



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

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# VISIBILITY, ASSOCIATION & DEPENDENCY



Class Diagram

Elements of class diagra

MAKING CLASS DIAGRAMS Example # 1

RELATIONSHIPS

VISIBILITY

Attribute visibility between classes is always considered as an association. UML uses a solid arrow to denote associations:

Parameter, local, and global visibility is considered as a dependency. UML uses as dashed arrow for dependencies:

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#### REVISED EXAMPLE:

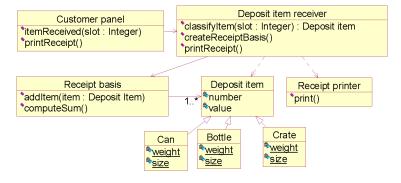




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IAKING CLAS: IAGRAMS EXAMPLE # 1

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CLASSE





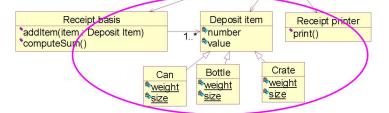
LEMENTS OF . LASS DIAGRAN

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

VISIBILITY

Aggregation and Composition

Generalisation -- used to refer to inheritance in OOSD, that is, a subclasses inherits attributes and methods from a superclass, and in turn, a superclass is a more general form of subclasses.

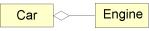




- Aggregation is a kind of association used to model whole-part relationships between things - A "has a" relationship. The whole is generally called the composite (the parts have no standard name)
- Aggregation is shown with a hollow or filled diamond:
  - Composite Aggregation:



► Shared Aggregation:



► Aggregation is a property of an association role (as multiplicity, name, multiplicity)

Class Diagram

CLASS DIAGR

DIAGRAMS
EXAMPLE # 1

VISIBILITY

Aggregation and Composition

# Composite Aggregation vs. Shared Aggregation





Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF A CLASS DIAGRAM

IAKING CLASS
IAGRAMS

RELATIONSHIPS
BETWEEN CLASSES

Aggregation and

Composite aggregation (also known as composition) means that the composite solely owns the part.



Shared aggregation means that the part may be in many composite instances.





Elements of a class diagram

Example # 1

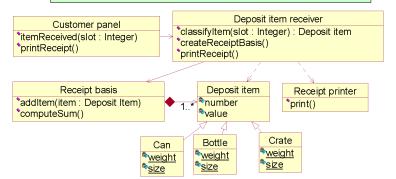
Visibility

Aggregation and Composition

- ► Show aggregation when:
  - The lifetime of the part is bound within the lifetime of the composite.
  - There is an obvious whole-part physical or logical assembly.
  - Some properties of the composite propagate to the parts.
  - Operations applied to the composite propagate to the parts.
- ▶ Rule of thumb: If in doubt, leave it out.



 The Deposit item may be considered as part of a composite Receipt basis.



Class Diagram

ELEMENTS OF . CLASS DIAGRAN

MAKING CLASS DIAGRAMS Example # 1

Relationships between classe

AGGREGATION AND COMPOSITION



▶ If every member of a type T must also be a member of a subtype, then type T is called an abstract type, and the type name is italicised in the class diagram

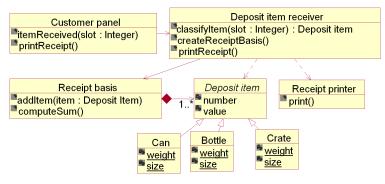
- ▶ If an abstract type is implemented in software as a class during the design phase, it will usually be represented by an abstract class, meaning that no instances may be created for the class.
- An abstract method is one that is declared in an abstract class, but not implemented; in the UML it is also notated with italics.
- Classes containing only abstract methods are known as interfaces (denoted by a dotted generalisation arrow).

ELEMENTS OF A
CLASS DIAGRAM
MAKING CLASS
DIAGRAMS

Relationships between classe

Abstract classes

 Deposit item may be considered as an abstract class as it only exists as a Can, Bottle, or Crate. Therefore Deposit item is *italized*.



Class Diagram

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Relationships between classe

Abstract classes