# <u>REPORT</u>

## **Coding assignment 2**

Genetic Algorithm

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• Aim: To minimize the function

$$f(x_1,x_2) = x_1 + x_2 - 2x_1^2 - x_2^2 + x_1x_2$$

using binary coded Genetic algorithm.

• Given range of input variables:

$$0.0 \le x_1 \le 0.5$$

$$0.0 \le x_2 \le 0.5$$

• Features of the algorithm:

Reproduction scheme used: Roulette wheel selection

Type of crossover : Two point crossover

Mutation : Bitwise

- <u>Inputs taken from the user</u>:
- 1) Objective function
- 2) Population Size
- 3) Crossover probability
- 4) Mutation probability

A code using genetic algorithm was made and the given problem was solved using the following **input parameters**;

1) Fitness function used : -f(x)

2) Population size : 50
3) Crossover probability : 0.98

4) Mutation probability : 0.015) Maximum number of iterations performed : 300

6) Length of string for each variable : 20

#### • Results:

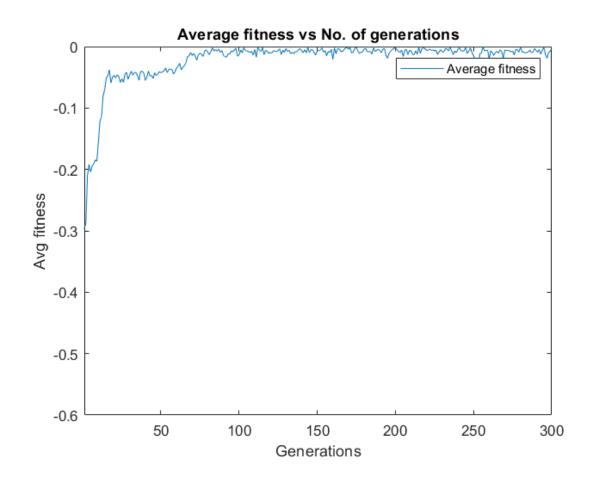
When the code was run for these parameters, the following output was obtained;

Solution	$x_1$	$x_2$	Fitness
no.		2	
1	6.10352144577164e-05	4.76837612950910e-07	-6.15046303523714e-05
2	0	0.0625005364423146	-0.0585942193867375
3	6.10352144577164e-05	0	-6.10277638629086e-05
4	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
5	0.0312500298023508	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.0292973928156304
6	0.000550270605345350	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.000550142109642434
7	0	0.0312505066399638	-0.0302739124747093
8	0	0.000122547266528384	-0.000122532248695850
9	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
10	0.0234375223517631	1.43051283885273e-06	-0.0223403514822534
11	0	2.38418806475455e-06	-2.38418238040182e-06
12	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
13	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
14	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
15	0.00781250745058770	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.00769091746793971
16	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
17	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
18	0.000244140857830866	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.000244498602115062
19	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
20	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
21	0	3.09944448418091e-05	-3.09934841861981e-05
22	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
23	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
24	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07

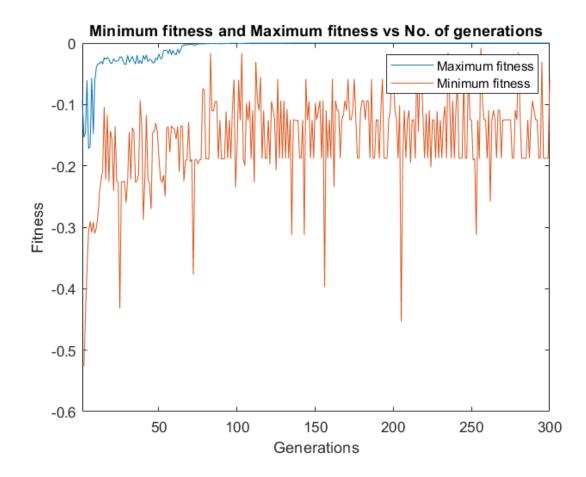
25	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
26	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
27	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
28	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
29	0.00196838566626135	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.00196111435798497
30	0	0.000488758553274682	-0.000488519668351283
31	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
32	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
33	0.000244140857830866	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.000244498602115062
34	7.62940180721455e-06	4.76837612950910e-07	-8.10612641523323e-06
35	3.81470090360728e-06	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.29151100429098e-06
36	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
37	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
38	0	6.15120520706673e-05	-6.15082683381174e-05
39	0.000976563431323463	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.000975133382100419
40	0.000244140857830866	4.76837612950910e-07	-0.000244498602115062
41	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
42	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
43	0	6.15120520706673e-05	-6.15082683381174e-05
44	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
45	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
46	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
47	0	0.000488758553274682	-0.000488519668351283
48	0	0	0
49	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
50	0	4.76837612950910e-07	-4.76837385576800e-07
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The following plots were obtained:

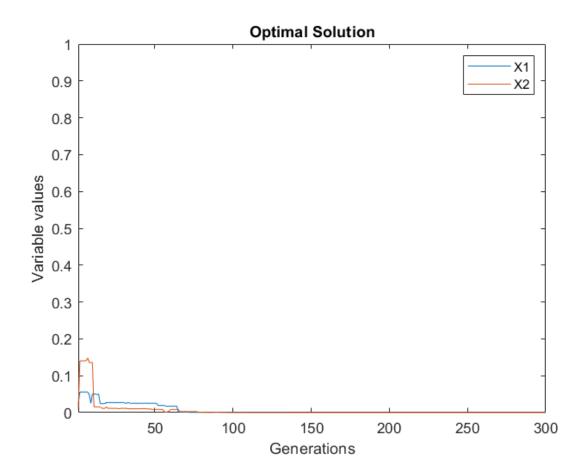
### <u>Plot 1</u>:



## <u>Plot 2</u>:



#### <u>Plot 3</u>:



Minimum function value = -mode(fitness function value)

$$=4.7684e-07$$

Value of 
$$x_1 = 0$$

Value of 
$$x_2 = 4.7684e-07$$

#### • Conclusion

- i) The average fitness tends to converge to 0, as seen in plot 1. However, it never becomes absolutely 0. This can be owed to the fact that genetic algorithm still gives a few random solutions (and corresponding fitness values) apart from the optimum solution, even in the last iteration.
- ii) The minimum fitness graph, which never really converges, proves that there will always be a few bad solutions in each iteration.
- iii) This randomness arises due to crossover and mutation, which actually helps the algorithm to overcome the problem of getting stuck in local minima.