B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Basavanagudi, Bengaluru- 560019

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



LAB REPORT

On

Object Oriented Java Programming (23CS3PCOOJ)

Submitted By:

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Develop a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation ax2+bx+c = 0. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminate b2-4ac is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import static java.lang.Math.sqrt;
import static java.lang.Math.abs;
public class A{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
     System.out.println("Usn: 1BM22CS017");
     System.out.println("Enter a,b,c");
     int a= in.nextInt();
     int b=in.nextInt();
     int c=in.nextInt();
     if(a==0){
       System.out.println("This is not a quadratic equation");
     }
     else{
       int d=b*b-4*a*c;
       if(d>0){
          System.out.println("roots are real");
          float r1 = (float) (-b + sqrt(d))/(2*a);
          float r2 = (float) (-b - sqrt(d))/(2*a);
          System.out.println(r1);
          System.out.println(r2);
       else if(d<0){
          System.out.println("roots are imaginary");
          float r1 = (float) - b/(2*a);
          float r2 = (float) \operatorname{sqrt}(abs(d))/(2*a);
          System.out.println(r1+" + "+" i"+r2);
```

```
System.out.println(r1+" - "+" i"+r2);
}
else{
    System.out.println("roots are equal");
    float r = (float) -b/(2*a);
    System.out.println(r);
}
}
}
```

```
D:\java>java A
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
Usn: 1BM22CS017
Enter a,b,c
1 6 4
roots are real
-0.76393205
-5.236068
D:\java>javac A.java
D:\java>java A
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
Usn: 1BM22CS017
Enter a,b,c
1 2 1
roots are equal
-1.0
D:\java>javac A.java
D:\java>java A
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
Usn: 1BM22CS017
Enter a,b,c
7 1 2
roots are imaginary
-0.071428575 + i0.5297285
-0.071428575 - i0.5297285
D:\java>
```

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Student {
  String usn;
  String name;
  int i=0;
  private static int[] credit=\{4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1\};
  Scanner in= new Scanner(System.in);
  public void first(){
     System.out.print("Enter your usn: ");
     usn=in.next();
     System.out.print("Enter your name: ");
     name=in.next();
  public double res(int[] arr){
     double marks=0,sgpa=0;
     int i;
     for(i=0;i<arr.length;i++){
       if(arr[i] >= 100){
          arr[i]=arr[i]-10;
       marks = (credit[i]*((int)arr[i]/10 + 1));
     sgpa=marks/20;
     return sgpa;
  public void display(double result){
     System.out.println("SGPA: "+result);
import java.util.Scanner;
public class B {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
     System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
     int arr[]=new int[8];
```

```
Student s1= new Student();
s1.first();
System.out.println("Enter the total marks:");
for(int i=0;i<8;i++) {
    arr[i]=in.nextInt();
}
double result=s1.res(arr);
s1.display(result);
}
}</pre>
```

```
D:\java>java B
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
USN: 1BM22CS017
Enter your usn: 1BM22CS017
Enter your name: Aditya
Enter the total marks:
90 93 84 87 83 90 96 100
SGPA: 9.55
```

Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a toString() method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Books {
  String name;
  String author;
  int price;
  int num pages;
  public void set(int i){
     Scanner in=new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter details of books "+(i+1)+" in name, author, price, num pages order");
     name=in.next();
     author=in.next();
     price=in.nextInt();
     num pages=in.nextInt();
  public String toString(int i) {
     return "Details of Book " + (i+1)+"\n"+
          "Name: " + name + "\n" +
          "Author: " + author + "\n" +
          "Price: " + price + "\n" +
          "No of pages: " + num pages;
}
class D {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner in=new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
     System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
     System.out.println("Enter number of books");
     n=in.nextInt();
     Books b[]=new Books[n];
     for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
       b[i]=new Books();
       b[i].set(i);
     System.out.println();
     for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
       System.out.println(b[i].toString(i));
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2715]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
D:\java\oops>javac D.java
D:\java\oops>java D
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
USN: 1BM22CS017
Enter number of books
Enter details of books 1 in name, author, price, num_pages order
ajhjd spb 299 90
Enter details of books 2 in name, author, price, num_pages order
dbfh eje 300 200
Details of Book 1
Name: ajhjd
Author: spb
Price: 299
No of pages: 90
Details of Book 2
Name: dbfh
Author: eje
Price: 300
No of pages: 200
```

}

Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
abstract class Shape {
  int a,b;
  abstract void printArea();
class Rectangle extends Shape {
  Rectangle(int l,int br){
    a=1;
    b=br;
  void printArea(){
    int area=a*b;
    System.out.println("Area of rectangle: "+area);
  }
class Triangle extends Shape {
  Triangle(int ba,int h){
    a=ba;
    b=h;
  void printArea(){
    double area = 0.5*a*b;
    System.out.println("Area of the triangle: "+area);
  }
class Circle extends Shape {
  Circle(int r){
    a=r;
  void printArea(){
    double area=3.14*a*a;
    System.out.println("Area of Circle: "+area);
}
class E {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner in=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
    System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
     System.out.println("Enter length and breadth of a rectangle:");
```

```
Rectangle rec=new Rectangle(in.nextInt(), in.nextInt());
rec.printArea();
System.out.println("Enter base and height of a triangle: ");
Triangle tri = new Triangle(in.nextInt(), in.nextInt());
tri.printArea();
System.out.println("Enter the radius of a circle:");
Circle cir = new Circle(in.nextInt());
cir.printArea();
}
}
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2715]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\java\oops>javac E.java

D:\java\oops>java E
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
USN: 1BM22CS017
Enter length and breadth of a rectangle:
3 4
Area of rectangle: 12
Enter base and height of a triangle:
4 10
Area of the triangle: 20.0
Enter the radius of a circle:
7
Area of Circle: 153.86
```

Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed.

Create a class Account that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes Cur-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements. Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the following tasks:

- a) Accept deposit from customer and update the balance.
- b) Display the balance.

import java.util.Scanner;

- c) Compute and deposit interest
- d) Permit withdrawal and update the balance

Check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

import static java.lang.Math.acos;

```
class Account {
  String cust name;
  int accno;
  String acc type;
  double balance;
  public Account(String cust name,int accno,String acc type){
    this.cust name=cust name;
    this.accno=accno;
    this.acc type=acc type;
    this.balance=0;
  public void displayBal(){
    System.out.println("Account number: "+accno);
    System.out.println("Customer name: "+cust name);
    System.out.println("Account type: "+acc type);
    System.out.println("Balance: "+balance);
  }
class Current extends Account {
  double min balance, service charge;
  Current(String cust name,int accno){
    super(cust name, accno, "Current");
    this.min balance=500;
    this.service charge=20;
  public void withdrawl(double amt){
    if(balance-amt>=min balance){
       balance-=amt;
       System.out.println("Withdrawl successfull. Current Balance: "+balance);
```

```
}
     else {
       System.out.println("Withdrawl not possible due to insufficient funds");
  public void ServiceCharge(){
    if(balance<min balance){
       balance-=service charge;
       System.out.println("Service charge imposed. Current balance: "+balance);
class Savings extends Account {
  double interest rate;
  Savings(String cust name,int accno){
    super(cust name, accno, "Savings");
     this.interest rate=0.5;
  public void DepoistInterest(){
    balance+=balance*interest rate;
    System.out.println("Interest deposited.Current Balance: "+balance);
  public void CompoundInterest(double initial amt,int time){
     double ci=initial amt*Math.pow((1+interest rate),time)-initial amt;
    balance+=ci;
    System.out.println("Compound interest applied. Current balance: "+balance);
public class F {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
     System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
     System.out.println("Choose account type: ");
     System.out.println("1.Savings");
     System.out.println("2.Current");
     System.out.println("Enter choice 1 or 2");
     int choice=in.nextInt();
     System.out.println("Enter customer name: ");
     String cust name=in.next();
     System.out.println("Enter account number: ");
     int accno=in.nextInt();
    if(choice==1){
       Savings savAcc=new Savings(cust name, accno);
       System.out.println("Enter initial balance");
       double initial balance=in.nextDouble();
       savAcc.balance=initial balance;
       System.out.println("Enter withdrawl amount");
       double withdrawl=in.nextDouble();
       savAcc.balance-=withdrawl;
       System.out.println("Withdrawl successful. Current balance: "+savAcc.balance);
```

```
System.out.println("Enter interest rate: ");
  double interest rate=in.nextDouble();
  savAcc.interest rate=interest rate;
  savAcc.displayBal();
  System.out.println("Enter time(in years) to calculate compund interest:");
  int time=in.nextInt();
  savAcc.CompoundInterest(initial balance, time);
  savAcc.displayBal();
else if(choice==2){
  Current curAcc = new Current(cust name, accno);
  System.out.println("Enter initial balance: ");
  double initial balance=in.nextDouble();
  curAcc.balance=initial balance;
  System.out.println("Enter withdrawl amount:");
  double amt=in.nextDouble();
  curAcc.withdrawl(amt):
  curAcc.ServiceCharge();
  curAcc.displayBal();
else{
  System.out.println("Invaid choice");
```

```
D:\java\oops>java F
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
USN: 1BM22CS017
Choose account type:
1.Savings
2.Current
Enter choice 1 or 2
Enter customer name:
adi
Enter account number:
001
Enter initial balance
10000
Enter withdrawl amount
1000
Withdrawl successful. Current balance: 9000.0
Enter interest rate:
Account number: 1
Customer name: adi
Account type: Savings
Balance: 9000.0
Enter time(in years) to calculate compund interest:
Compound interest applied. Current balance: 639000.0
Account number: 1
Customer name: adi
Account type: Savings
Balance: 639000.0
```

Create a package CIE which has two classes- Student and Internals. The class Personal has members like usn, name, sem. The class internals has an array that stores the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Student. This class has an array that stores the SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses.

```
package cie;
public class Internals {
  public int marks[]=new int[5];
package cie;
import java.util.*;
public class Student
  // instance variables - replace the example below with your own
  public int sem;
  public String usn;
  public String name;
  public void accept()
     Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter U, N, S:\n");
     usn=scan.nextLine();
     name=scan.nextLine();
     sem=scan.nextInt();
package see;
import cie.Student;
public class External extends Student
  public int sm[]=new int[5];
import java.util.*;
import see.*;
import cie.*;
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int fm[]=new int[5];
     Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
     System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
     System.out.println("Enter n: ");
```

```
int n=sc.nextInt();
see.External st[]=new see.External[n];
cie.Internals s[]=new cie.Internals[n];
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
   st[i]=new see.External();
   s[i]=new cie.Internals();
   System.out.println("Enter details "+(i+1));
   st[i].accept();
   for(int j=0; j<5; j++)
     System.out.println("Enter im and sm of sub "+(j+1));
    s[i].marks[j]=sc.nextInt();
     st[i].sm[j]=sc.nextInt();
    fm[j]=(s[i].marks[j]+st[i].sm[j])/2;
   System.out.println("Final marks of "+st[i].name);
   for(int k=0; k<5; k++)
     System.out.println("Course "+(k+1)+" = "+fm[k]);
}
```

```
D:\java\oops>javac Main.java
D:\java\oops>java Main
Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar
USN: 1BM22CS017
Enter n:
Enter details 1
Enter U, N, S:
17
adi
2
Enter im and sm of sub 1
93 95
Enter im and sm of sub 2
Enter im and sm of sub 3
96 91
Enter im and sm of sub 4
98 97
Enter im and sm of sub 5
90 95
Final marks of adi
Course 1 = 94
Course 2 = 93
Course 3 = 93
Course 4 = 97
Course 5 = 92
D:\java\oops>
```

Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge() when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that cases both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age is >=father's age.

```
class wrongAge extends Exception{
  public wrongAge(){
    super("Age cannot be negative");
class input extends Exception{
  public input(){
    super("Wrong input");
class Father{
  public int age;
  Father(int age) throws wrongAge{
    if(age<0){
       throw new wrongAge();
    this.age=age;
class Son extends Father{
  int s age;
  Son(int f age, int s age) throws wrongAge,input{
    super(f age);
     if(s age<0 \&\& f age<0){
       throw new wrongAge();
     else if(f age\leqs age){
       throw new input();
    this.s age=s age;
public class J {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Program 7");
     System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
     System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
       Father f=new Father(40);
       Son s=new Son(40, 56);
```

```
System.out.println("Son's age: "+s.s_age);
    System.out.println("Father's age: "+f.age);
}
catch(wrongAge e){
    System.out.println(e.toString());
}
catch(input ae){
    System.out.println(ae.toString());
}
}
```

```
D:\java\oops>javac J.java

D:\java\oops>java J

Program 7

Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar

USN: 1BM22CS017

input: Wrong input

D:\java\oops>
```

Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying "BMS College of Engineering" once every ten seconds and another displaying "CSE" once every two seconds.

```
class One extends Thread {
  public void run(){
    int i=0;
     while(i < 2){
       i++;
       try{
          System.out.println("BMS College of Engineering");
          Thread.sleep(1000);
       catch(Exception e){
          System.out.println(toString());
     }
class Two extends Thread{
  public void run(){
    int i=0;
     while(i<2){
       i++;
       try{
          System.out.println("CSE");
          Thread.sleep(200);
       catch(Exception e){
          System.out.println(toString());
public class I {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  System.out.println("Program 8");
  System.out.println("Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar");
  System.out.println("USN: 1BM22CS017");
    One t1=new One();
    Two t2=new Two();
    t1.start();
```

```
D:\java\oops>javac I.java

D:\java\oops>javac I.java

D:\java\oops>java I

Program 8

Name: Aditya Dinesh Netrakar

USN: 1BM22CS017

BMS College of Engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMS College of Engineering

D:\java\oops>
```

t2.start();

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception Display the exception in a message dialog box.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class SwingDemo{
  SwingDemo(){
    JFrame jfrm = new JFrame("Divider App");
    jfrm.setSize(275, 150);
    jfrm.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
    JLabel jlab = new JLabel("Enter the divider and divident:");
    // add text field for both numbers
    JTextField aitf = new JTextField(8);
    JTextField bjtf = new JTextField(8);
    JButton button = new JButton("Calculate");
    JLabel err = new JLabel();
    JLabel alab = new JLabel();
    JLabel blab = new JLabel();
    JLabel anslab = new JLabel();
    jfrm.add(err);
```

```
ifrm.add(jlab);
jfrm.add(ajtf);
jfrm.add(bjtf);
jfrm.add(button);
jfrm.add(alab);
jfrm.add(blab);
ifrm.add(anslab);
ActionListener I = new ActionListener() {
  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {
    System.out.println("Action event from a text field");
  }
};
ajtf.addActionListener(I);
bjtf.addActionListener(I);
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {
    try{
       int a = Integer.parseInt(ajtf.getText());
      int b = Integer.parseInt(bjtf.getText());
      int ans = a/b;
       alab.setText("\nA = " + a);
       blab.setText("\nB = " + b);
       anslab.setText("\nAns = "+ ans);
    }
    catch(NumberFormatException e){
       alab.setText("");
       blab.setText("");
      anslab.setText("");
      err.setText("Enter Only Integers!");
    }
    catch(ArithmeticException e){
      alab.setText("");
      blab.setText("");
      anslab.setText("");
      err.setText("B should be NON zero!");
    }
  }
```

```
});

jfrm.setVisible(true);
}

public static void main(String args[]){
   // create frame on event dispatching thread
   SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable(){
      public void run(){
        new SwingDemo();
      }
    });
}
```





