(7)

(8)

## Assignment 2

## AI1110: Probability and Random Variables Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

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11.16.1.12: One urn contains two black balls (labelled B1 and B2) and one white ball. A second urn contains one black ball and two white balls (labelled W1 and W2). Suppose the following experiment is performed. One of the two urns is chosen at random. Next a ball is randomly chosen from the urn. Then a second ball is chosen at random from the same urn without replacing the first ball.

- (a) Write the sample space showing all possible
- (b) What is the probability that two black balls are chosen?
- (c) What is the probability that two balls of opposite colour are chosen?

 $Pr(E) = \frac{8}{12}$  $= \frac{2}{3}$  $\therefore Pr(E) = \frac{2}{3}$ 

(c) Let E be event that balls of opposite colours

 $\{B_1W, WB_1, B_2W, WB_2, W1_B, BW_1, W_2B, BW_2\}$ 

are chosen, The favourable outcomes are

(9)

## **Solution:**

Probability of an event E, written as Pr(E)

$$Pr(E) = \frac{\text{Number of outcomes favourable to } E}{\text{Total Number of possible outcomes in sample space}}$$
(1)

Let the white ball in first urn be 'W' and the black ball in second urn be 'B'.

(a) Sample Space S:

$$\{B_1B_2, B_2B_1, B_1W, WB_1, B_2W, WB_2, W_1W_2, W_2W_1, W_1B, BW_1, W_2B, BW_2\}\$$
 (2)

$$\therefore n(S) = 12 \tag{3}$$

(b) Let E be event that 2 black balls are chosen, The favourable outcomes are  $\{B_1B_2, B_2B_1\}$ 

$$Pr(E) = \frac{2}{12}$$
 (4)  
=  $\frac{1}{6}$  (5)  
∴  $Pr(E) = \frac{1}{6}$  (6)

$$\therefore \Pr(E) = \frac{1}{6} \tag{6}$$