

## **Practical: - 3**

### **3. TCP / UDP connectivity using Netcat**

#### **What is Netcat?**

Netcat is a featured networking utility which reads and writes data across network connections, using the TCP/IP protocol. Designed to be a reliable "back-end" tool, Netcat can be used directly with other programs and scripts to send files from a client to a server and back. At the same time, it is a feature-rich network debugging and exploration tool that can specify the network parameters while also establishing a connection to a remote host via a tunnel.

#### **Syntax**

```
nc [-options] hostname port[s] [ports]
nc -l -p port [-options] [hostname] [port]
```

#### **Basic Parameters**

- l: Listen mode (default is client mode)
- L: Listen harder (supported only on Windows version of Netcat). This option makes Netcat a persistent listener which starts listening again after a client disconnects
- u: UDP mode (default is TCP)
- p: Local port (In listen mode, this is port listened on. In client mode, this is source port for all packets sent)
- e: Program to execute after connection occurs, connecting STDIN and STDOUT to the program
- n: Don't perform DNS lookups on names of machines on the other side
- z: Zero-I/O mode (Don't send any data, just emit a packet without payload)
- wN: Timeout for connects, waits for N seconds after closure of STDIN. A Netcat client or listener with this option will wait for N seconds to make a connection. If the connection doesn't happen in that time, Netcat stops running.
- v: Be verbose, printing out messages on Standard Error, such as when a connection occurs
- vv: Be very verbose, printing even more details on Standard Error

**Name: - 1. Bhalsod Aditya M.  
2. Sachin Parmar**

**Enrollment No.:- 1. 175690693001  
2. 185693693016**

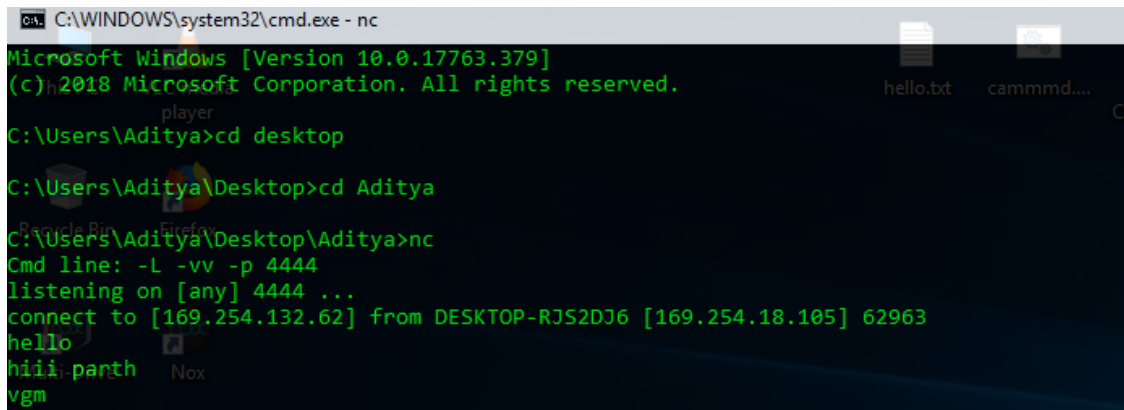
**Group No. : - 6**

## Test your Netcat understanding as a client-server

Open two computer terminals, the first will act as the server and the second will be the client.

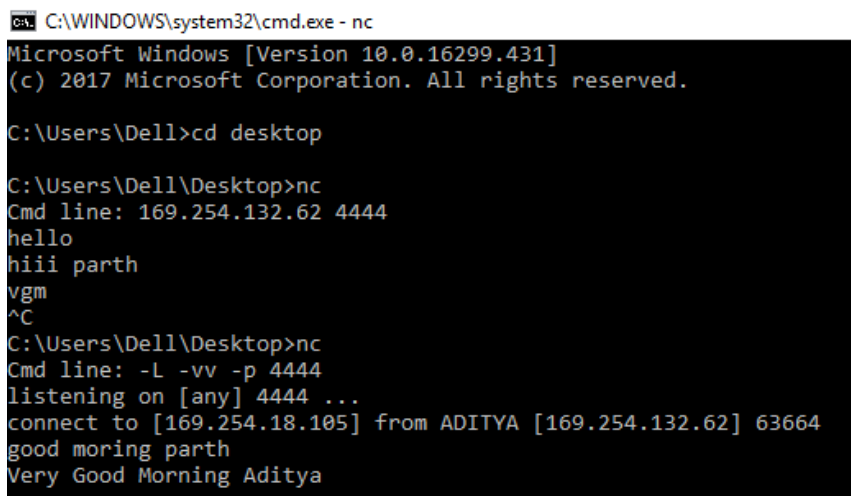
### TCP client

With **Netcat** your PC can be converted in a server, you want to begin as a server that listens at port **4444**:



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - nc
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.379]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Aditya>cd desktop
C:\Users\Aditya\Desktop>cd Aditya
C:\Users\Aditya\Desktop\Aditya>nc
Cmd line: -L -vv -p 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [169.254.132.62] from DESKTOP-RJS2DJ6 [169.254.18.105] 62963
hello
hiiii parth
vgm
```

In addition, we can use the server to connect to the port (4444) recently opened, from the client side:



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - nc
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.16299.431]
(c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Dell>cd desktop
C:\Users\Dell\Desktop>nc
Cmd line: 169.254.132.62 4444
hello
hiiii parth
vgm
^C
C:\Users\Dell\Desktop>nc
Cmd line: -L -vv -p 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [169.254.18.105] from ADITYA [169.254.132.62] 63664
good moring parth
Very Good Morning Aditya
```

Name: - 1. Bhalsod Aditya M.  
2. Sachin Parmar

Enrollment No.:- 1. 175690693001  
2. 185693693016

Group No. : - 6

# File Transfer Using Netcat

## Push a file from client to listener:

```
$ nc -l -p [LocalPort] > [outfile]
```

Listen on [LocalPort], Store results in [outfile]

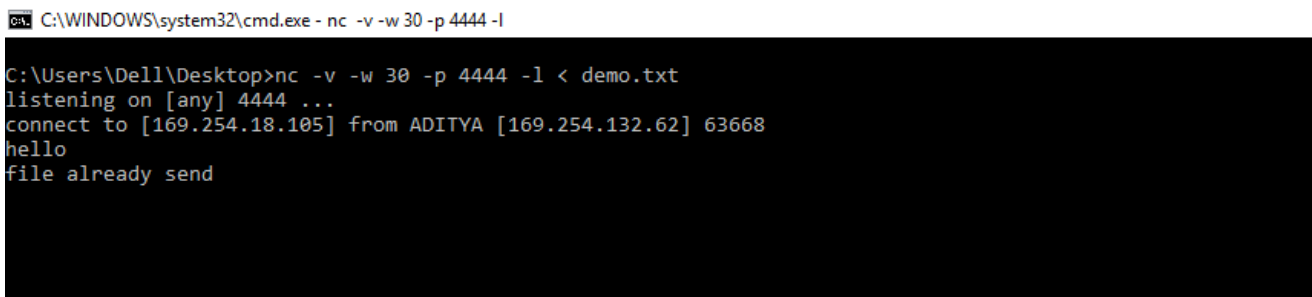
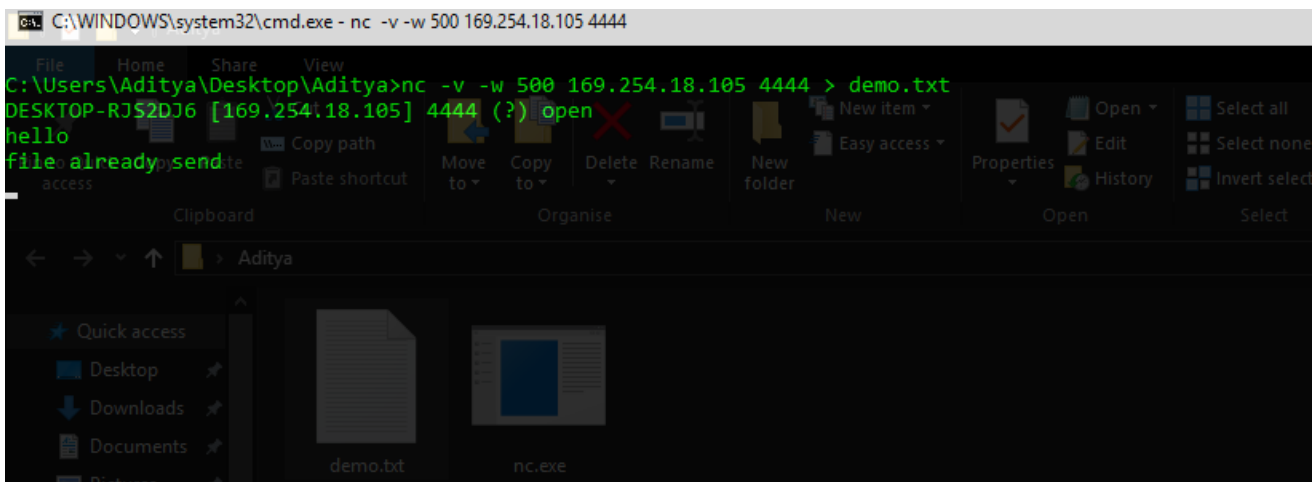
```
$ nc -w2 [TargetIPAddr] [port] < [infile]
```

Push [infile] to [TargetIPAddr] on [port]

## Pull file from listener back to client

```
$ nc -w3 [TargetIPAddr] [port] > [outfile]
```

Connect to [TargetIPAddr] on [port] and retrieve [outfile]



Name: - 1. Bhalsod Aditya M.  
2. Sachin Parmar

Enrollment No.:- 1. 175690693001  
2. 185693693016

Group No. : - 6