Descriptive Statistics

(a) Compute Mean, Median, Quartiles, Percentile (use quantile() function), Variance, Standard Deviation, IQR, Minimum & Maximum Values, Summary Statistics and interpretation (Mandatory)

```
#create a table by using vector
x = c(27, 25, 20, 15, 30, 34, 28, 25)
                                     #create a vector
table = data.frame(x)
                                     #diplay the data in table format
table
output:-
       2 25
       3 20
       4 15
        5 30
        6 34
        7 28
        8 25
#find length of insert/input data
length(x)
output:- 8
#Arrange the given data in ascending order (sorting)
sort(x)
output:- 15 20 25 25 27 28 30 34
#find the mean
mean(x)
output:- 25.5
#find the median
median(x)
output:- 26
#find the Mean Absolute Deviation(MAD)
mad(x)
output:- 4.4478
#find maximum value
max(x)
output:- 34
```

```
#find minimum value
min(x)
output:- 15
#find the quartile (Use quantile function)
quantile(x)
output:-
            0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
         15.00 23.75 26.00 28.50 34.00
#find 30<sup>th</sup>, 55<sup>th</sup>, 85<sup>th</sup> percentile (p<sup>th</sup>) value
quantile(x,c(0.30, 0.55, 0.85))
output:- 30% 55% 85%
         25.0 26.7 29.9
#find the range (Take difference between max(x)-min(x) function)
range = max(x) - min(x)
range
output:- 19
#find IQR (Inter Quartile Range = Q_3 - Q_1)
IQR(x)
output:- 4.75
#find the Coefficient of Variation (CV)
cv = sd(x)/mean(x)*100
cv
output:- 23.05783
#find the variance
var(x)
output:- 34.57143
#find the standard deviation
sd(x)
output:- 5.879747
#find five number summary (compare this function with:- summary(x) and see the
difference)
fivenum(x)
output:- 15.0 22.5 26.0 29.0 34.0
```

#draw a boxplot for the given data.

png(file = ''boxplot.png'')

#create an image of boxplot

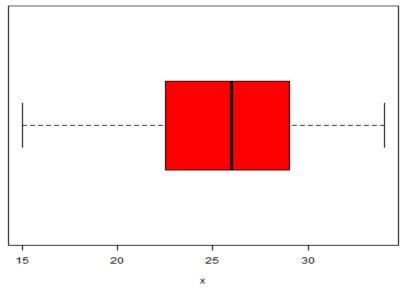
boxplot(x, xlab="x", main="Boxplot", horizontal = TRUE, col=c("red")) #use
the function of boxplot

dev.off()

#save the file

output:-

Boxplot



#construct a stem & leaf display for the given data.

stem(x)

Output:- The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the \mid 1 \mid 5

2 | 0 2 | 5578 3 | 04

#find the skewness (S_k) and kurtosis

install.packages("e1071") #inst

#install e1071 package #load e1071

library(e1071) skewness(x)

kurtosis(x)

(d) Compute Correlation of Coefficient(r) and Covariance (S_{xy}) . (Mandatory)

#create a table by using vector

x = c(4, 6, 11, 3, 16) #create a vector y = c(50, 50, 40, 60, 30) #create a vector

table = data.frame(x,y)

table #diplay the data in table format

output:- x y
1 4 50
2 6 50
3 11 40
4 3 60
5 16 30

#find the correlation of coefficient (r)

cor(x,y)

output:- -0.9688768

#find the covariance(S_{xy}):- $S_{xy} = \frac{\Sigma(x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y})}{n-1}$

cov(x,y)

output:- -60

dev.off() #save the file