



# Pizza Store Sales Analysis



The background of the slide is a dark, textured surface. In the top-left corner, there is a whole red tomato, a yellow bell pepper, and a head of garlic. In the bottom-left corner, several slices of pizza are visible, topped with various ingredients like olives, onions, and peppers. In the bottom-right corner, there are more vegetables, including a yellow bell pepper and some mushrooms. The title 'INTRODUCTION' is centered in a white banner with arrowheads pointing left and right.

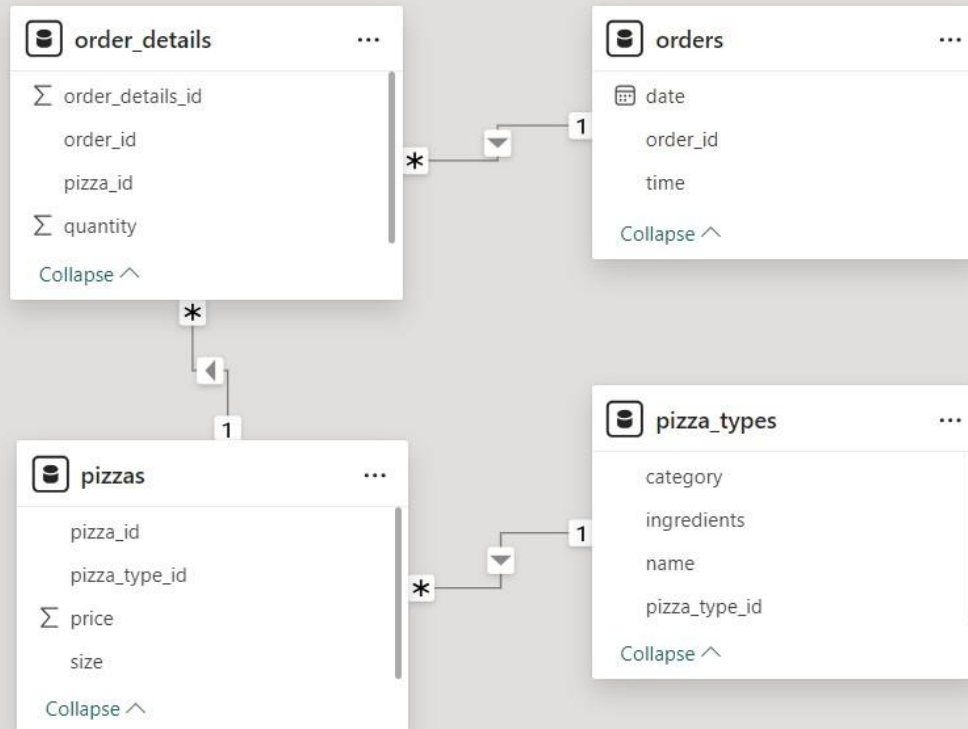
# INTRODUCTION

*•Hi everyone, I'm Aditya Kumar Jha. I'm passionate about data analysis and have a keen interest in leveraging SQL to extract meaningful insights.*

.We will explore sales trends, identifying peak periods and popular menu items.

By leveraging SQL's capabilities, we will uncover valuable insights into customer behavior and ordering patterns. This data-driven approach aims to provide actionable recommendations to enhance sales strategies and customer satisfaction.

# DATASET SCHEMA





# Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
select count(order_id) as total_count from orders
```

total_count
21350



# Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

**SELECT**

```
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
2) AS total_revenue
```

**FROM**

```
order_details
```

**JOIN**

```
pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

total_sales
817860.05



# \*Identify the highest-priced pizza.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

# Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid		
	size	order_count
	L	18526
▶	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

name	quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371



# Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050



# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

hour	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1



# Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

category	count(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9



**\*Group the orders by date and calculate the Average number of pizzas ordered per day**

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid |   Filter

	round(avg(quantity),0)
▶	138





# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

# Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
    FROM
        order_details
        JOIN
        pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
    2) AS revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id= pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

category	revenue
Classic	26.91
Supreme	25.46
Chicken	23.96
Veggie	23.68



# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14358.5
2015-01-07	16560.7
2015-01-08	19399.05
2015-01-09	21526.4
2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
2015-01-11	25862.65
2015-01-12	27781.7
2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
2015-01-17	39001.75000000001
2015-01-18	40978.600000000006
2015-01-19	43365.75000000001
2015-01-20	45763.65000000001
2015-01-21	47804.20000000001



# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



```
select name, revenue from
(select category, name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id= pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <= 3;
```

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000065
The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5





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THANK  
YOU

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