

Assignment 4

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Statement

In this assignment, we aim to:

- a) Apply an appropriate machine learning (ML) algorithm to a dataset collected from a cosmetics shop.
- b) Predict customer responses to a special offer using ML techniques.
- c) Evaluate the model using a **confusion matrix** and calculate:

- **Accuracy**
 - **Precision**
 - **Recall**
 - **F1-score**
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Objective

1. Implement a **classification model** to analyze customer responses.
 2. Use **data preprocessing techniques** to prepare the dataset for ML.
 3. Evaluate model performance using key **classification metrics**.
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Resources Used

- **Software:** VS Code
 - **Libraries:** Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib, Seaborn, Scikit-learn
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Introduction to Machine Learning in Classification

Machine learning enables computers to learn patterns from data and make predictions. In this assignment, we implemented a **classification model** to predict customer responses based on their purchase history and demographics.

Key Libraries Used:

1. **Pandas & NumPy:** Data manipulation and preprocessing.
 2. **Matplotlib & Seaborn:** Data visualization for insights.
 3. **Scikit-learn:** ML model training, evaluation, and metric calculation.
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Methodology

1. Data Collection and Preprocessing

- **Dataset Used:** *Customer Data from a Cosmetics Shop*
- **Initial Steps:**
 - Loaded the dataset using Pandas.
 - Dropped unnecessary columns like *Serial No.*
 - Applied **Label Encoding** to categorical variables.
 - Standardized numerical features using **StandardScaler**.

2. Splitting Data for Training and Testing

- **Defined Features (X) and Target Variable (y):**
 - Features included customer details such as age, income, and purchase history.
 - Target variable was whether the customer responded positively (1) or negatively (0) to the special offer.
- **Split Data:**
 - **80% Training Set, 20% Testing Set** using `train_test_split()`.

3. Model Selection and Training

- **Algorithm Used:** *Random Forest Classifier*
 - Chosen for its robustness and ability to handle non-linearity.
 - Trained the model using the **fit()** method.

4. Model Evaluation using Confusion Matrix

- Generated a **confusion matrix** to compare predicted vs. actual values.
- Calculated key metrics:
 - **Accuracy Score:** Measures overall correctness.

- **Precision Score:** Measures true positive rate.
 - **Recall Score:** Measures sensitivity to actual positive cases.
 - **F1 Score:** Harmonic mean of precision and recall for balanced evaluation.
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Advantages of Machine Learning in Classification

1. Enables automation of decision-making processes.
2. Provides data-driven insights for better marketing strategies.
3. Can be trained on large datasets for improved accuracy.

Disadvantages

1. Requires extensive preprocessing for optimal performance.
 2. Model performance depends on data quality and feature selection.
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Conclusion

This assignment focused on implementing a **classification model** using machine learning techniques. We trained a **Random Forest Classifier** on a dataset of customer responses to predict their likelihood of accepting a special offer. By evaluating the model using a **confusion matrix and classification metrics**, we assessed its effectiveness in predicting customer behavior. These skills are essential for real-world applications in marketing, sales, and customer relationship management.