3/28/2020 test results.html

```
Python 3.7.4 (default, Aug 9 2019, 18:34:13) [MSC v.1915 64 bit (AMD64)] Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

IPython 7.8.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.

Restarting kernel...
```

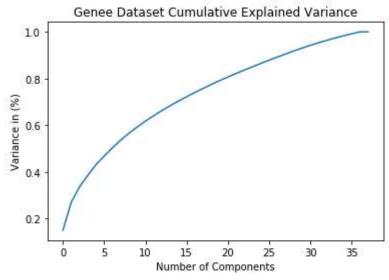
```
In [1]: """
   ...: Created on Sat Mar 28 19:57:29 2020
   ...: @author: ADITYA GATTU
   ...: """
   . . . :
   . . . :
   . . . :
   ...: import numpy as np # linear algebra
   ...: import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read csv)
   ...: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Graph Plots
   ...:
   . . . :
   ...: # Importing the Datset
   ...: train dataset = pd.read csv('data set ALL AML train.csv')
   ...: test dataset = pd.read csv('data set ALL AML independent.csv')
   . . . :
   ...: # Data Cleaning
   ...: # Remove Call Coulmn from Train Dataset
   ...: train dataset1 = [col for col in train dataset.columns if "call" not in col]
   ...: train dataset = train dataset[train dataset1]
   ...: train_dataset.head()
   ...: # Remove Call Coulmn from Test Dataset
   ...: test dataset1 = [col for col in test dataset.columns if "call" not in col]
   ...: test dataset = test dataset[test dataset1]
   ...: test dataset.head()
   ...: # Dataset Transpose
   ...: # Transpose Train dataset
   ...: train dataset.T.head()
   ...: train dataset = train dataset.T
   ...: # Transpose Test dataset
   ...: test dataset.T.head()
   ...: test dataset = test dataset.T
   ...: # Drop Rows from Train dataset Gene Description, Gene Accession Number
   ...: train_dataset2 = train_dataset.drop(['Gene Description','Gene Accession Number'],axis=0)
   ...: # Drop Rows from Twat dataset Gene Description, Gene Accession Number
   ...: test_dataset2 = test_dataset.drop(['Gene Description','Gene Accession Number'],axis=0)
   ...: # Train dataset Convert to Numeric
   ...: train_dataset2.index = pd.to_numeric(train_dataset2.index)
   ...: train_dataset2.sort_index(inplace=True)
   ...: train dataset2.head()
   ...: # Test dataset Convert to Numeric
   ...: test dataset2.index = pd.to numeric(test dataset2.index)
   ...: test dataset2.sort index(inplace=True)
   ...: test_dataset2.head()
```

```
. . . :
   ...: # Import Response Variable
   ...: y = pd.read csv('actual.csv')
   ...: y['cancer'].value_counts()
   ...: # Replace (ALL, AML) with (0,1)
   ...: y = y.replace({'ALL':0,'AML':1})
   ...: labels = ['ALL', 'AML']
   ...: # Train dataset
   ...: X_train = train_dataset2.reset_index(drop=True)
   ...: Y_train = y[y.patient <= 38].reset_index(drop=True)</pre>
   ...: # Test dataset
   ...: X_test = test_dataset2.reset_index(drop=True)
   ...: Y_test = y[y.patient > 38].reset_index(drop=True)
   ...: Y_test = Y_test.iloc[:,1].values
   ...: Y_train =Y_train.iloc[:,1].values
   ...: # Feature Scaling
   ...: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
   ...: sc= StandardScaler()
   ...: X train= sc.fit transform(X train)
   ...: X test= sc.fit transform(X test)
   ...: # Feature Extraction With PCA
   ...: # Applying PCA
   ...: from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
   ...: pca = PCA(n components = None)
   ...: X train pca = pca.fit transform(X train)
   ...: X_train_pca
   ...: #Eigenvalues (sum of squares of the distance between the projected data points and the
origin along the eigenvector)
   ...: print(pca.explained_variance_)
   ...: #Explained variance ratio (i.e. how much of the change in the variables is explained by
change in the respective principal component): eigenvalue/(n variables)
   ...: print(pca.explained variance ratio )
   . . . :
   ...: #Plotting the Cumulative Summation of the Explained Variance
   ...: plt.figure()
   ...: plt.plot(np.cumsum(pca.explained variance ratio ))
   ...: plt.xlabel('Number of Components')
   ...: plt.ylabel('Variance in (%)') #for each component
   ...: plt.title('Genee Dataset Cumulative Explained Variance')
   ...: plt.show()
   ...: ## Calculating Explained Variance up to 90% of the variance
   ...: total = sum(pca.explained_variance_)
   \dots: k = 0
   ...: current_variance = 0
   ...: while current_variance/total < 0.90:</pre>
              current_variance += pca.explained_variance_[k]
   . . . :
              k = k + 1
   . . . :
   ...: k
   ...: #Applying PCA for selecting N Components
   ...: from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
   ...: pca = PCA(n components = k )
   ...: X_train_pca = pca.fit_transform(X_train)
   ...: X_test_pca = pca.transform(X_test)
```

```
. . . :
   ...: var exp = pca.explained variance ratio .cumsum()
   \dots: var exp = var exp*100
   ...: plt.bar(range(k), var_exp);
   ...: var1=np.cumsum(np.round(pca.explained_variance_ratio_, decimals=4)*100)
   ...: print(var1)
   ...: plt.plot(var1)
   . . . :
   . . . :
   ...: # Applying Data Model
   ...: # Fitting Logistic Regression to the train Set
   ...: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
   ...: classifier =LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
   ...: classifier.fit(X_train_pca,Y_train)
   ...: # Predicting the test set Results
   ...: Y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test_pca)
   . . . :
   ...: # Making the Confusion Matrix
   ...: from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
   ...: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
   ...: # Confusion Matirx
   ...: logit cm = confusion matrix(Y test, Y pred)
   ...: print(logit cm)
   ...: # Logit Accuuracy
   ...: logit ac=accuracy score(Y test, Y pred)
   ...: print(logit ac)
   . . . :
   . . . :
   ...: # Applyig Random Forest
   ...: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
   ...: classifier = RandomForestClassifier(max depth=2, random state=0,oob score=True)
   ...: classifier.fit(X train pca, Y train)
   ...: print(classifier.oob score )
   ...: # Predicting the Test set results
   ...: Y pred = classifier.predict(X test pca)
   . . . :
   ...: # Making the Confusion Matrix
   ...: from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
   ...: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
   . . . :
   ...: # Confusion Matirx
   ...: rf_cm = confusion_matrix(Y_test, Y_pred)
   ...: print(rf_cm)
   . . . :
   ...: # Logit Accuuracy
   ...: rf_ac=accuracy_score(Y_test, Y_pred)
   ...: print(rf ac)
[1.09735759e+03 8.76976485e+02 4.83272186e+02 3.57658145e+02
3.39170426e+02 2.72510227e+02 2.55597771e+02 2.40859971e+02
2.18576598e+02 1.93681882e+02 1.83741623e+02 1.72634428e+02
1.61466953e+02 1.52866654e+02 1.42171050e+02 1.38629132e+02
1.35241393e+02 1.25441555e+02 1.24851480e+02 1.20423734e+02
1.12430908e+02 1.11931494e+02 1.06610477e+02 1.04779826e+02
1.03617441e+02 1.00934278e+02 9.86526997e+01 9.56118071e+01
9.54129156e+01 9.14541425e+01 8.49250449e+01 8.17690665e+01
7.56789591e+01 7.30684864e+01 6.76502725e+01 6.28995436e+01
6.11190279e+01 2.16415626e-28]
[1.49877930e-01 1.19778111e-01 6.60056806e-02 4.88492199e-02
4.63241532e-02 3.72196529e-02 3.49097368e-02 3.28968370e-02
2.98533570e-02 2.64532179e-02 2.50955698e-02 2.35785408e-02
```

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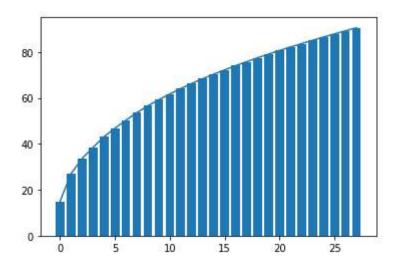
2.20532785e-02 2.08786432e-02 1.94178295e-02 1.89340717e-02 1.84713718e-02 1.71329025e-02 1.70523096e-02 1.64475646e-02 1.53558984e-02 1.52876881e-02 1.45609395e-02 1.43109079e-02 1.41521484e-02 1.37856801e-02 1.34740603e-02 1.30587329e-02 1.30315682e-02 1.24908759e-02 1.15991269e-02 1.11680809e-02 1.03362895e-02 9.97974912e-03 9.23972538e-03 8.59086723e-03 8.34768304e-03 2.95582098e-32]



C:\Users\ADITYA GATTU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\logistic.py:432:
FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in 0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.

FutureWarning)

C:\Users\ADITYA GATTU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\forest.py:245: FutureWarning:
The default value of n_estimators will change from 10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.
"10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.", FutureWarning)



In [2]: