

# Machine Learning Assignment

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## Exp 11:- Naive Bayes from Scratch

### Importing Libraries

```
In [44]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import datasets
from collections import Counter
```

```
In [45]: iris = datasets.load_iris()
Species = iris.target
data = pd.DataFrame(np.c_[iris.data, Species.reshape((Species.shape[0],1))], columns = iris.feature_names + ['Species'])
data.head()
```

Out[45]:

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	Species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	0.0
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	0.0
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	0.0
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	0.0
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	0.0

```
In [46]: data['Species'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[46]: 2.0    50
1.0    50
0.0    50
Name: Species, dtype: int64
```

### Using Naive Bayes function

```
In [47]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train, test = train_test_split(data, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 0)
```

```
In [48]: class NB():
    def __init__(self,train):
        self.train = train
        self.X_train = train.drop('Species', axis = 1)
        self.Y_train = train['Species']
        self.s = {}

    def fit(self):
        self.result = Counter(self.Y_train)
        for target in self.result.keys():
            for col in self.X_train.columns:
                self.s[target,col,"mean"] = self.train[self.train['Species'] == target].mean()[col]
                self.s[target,col,"std"] = self.train[self.train['Species'] == target].std()[col]

        for i in self.result:
            self.result[i] = round(self.result[i]/len(self.X_train.index),8)

    def predict(self,X_test):
        count = 0
        prediction = []
        for i in X_test.index: #enters into a row-wise loop
            prob_index = {}
            for target in self.result: #enters into a loop for every value of target
                prob = self.result[target]
                for col in self.X_train:
                    a = 1/(((2*np.pi)**0.5)*self.s[target,col,"std"])
                    b = -((X_test[col][i] - self.s[target,col,"mean"])**2)
                    c = 2*(self.s[target,col,"std"]**2)
                    prob = prob * a * np.exp(b/c)
                prob_index[target] = prob

            probability = 0
            for target in prob_index:
                if prob_index[target] > probability:
                    pred = target
                    probability = prob_index[target]
            prediction.append(pred)

        return prediction
```

```
In [49]: clf = NB(train)
clf.fit()
```

```
In [50]: Y_test = test['Species']
X_test = test.drop('Species', axis = 1)
predictions = clf.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [51]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy_score(Y_test, predictions)
```

```
Out[51]: 0.9666666666666667
```

### Using Naive Bayes in Scikit Learn

```
In [52]: X = data.drop(['Species'],axis = 1)
y = data['Species']
```

```
In [53]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
```

```
In [54]: from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
gnb = GaussianNB()
predictions1 = gnb.fit(X_train, y_train).predict(X_test)
accuracy_score(y_test, predictions1)
```

```
Out[54]: 0.9666666666666667
```

```
In [ ]:
```