

★ Kafka

• open source stream-processing software platform which is used to handle the real-time data storage.

- Works as a broker b/w two parties i.e. sender & receiver.
- Publish - subscribe messaging system which lets exchanging data b/w app^s, servers & provi-ssers as well.

• Messaging system

- 1 - Simple exchange of msg. b/w two or more persons, devices etc.
- 2 - Publish - subscribe mess. sys. allows sender to send/write the message & a receiver to read that msg.
- 3 - Sender is known as producer
- 4 Receiver is " " consumer.

• Streaming Process

- Processing of data in parallelly connected systems.
- Process allows diff. app. to limit 11th execution of data, where only record executes w/o waiting for o/p of previous record.
- It stores streams of records in a fault-tolerant durable way.

• Apache Kafka Core API's

1. Producer API

- Allows / permits an app to publish streams of records to one or more topics.

2. Consumer API

- Allows an appⁿ to subscribe one or more topics & process the stream of records produced by them.

3. Streams API

- 2 - Allows an appⁿ to effectively transform i/p streams to o/p streams.
- 3 - It permits an appⁿ to act as a stream processor which consumes an i/p stream from one or more topics, & produce o/p stream to one or more o/p topics.

4. Connector API

- 6 - Executes the reusable producer & consumer APIs with existing data sys. & app^s.

• Topics

- Refers to a particular heading or name given to some specific inter-related ideas.
- Refers to a category or a common name used to store & publish a particular stream of data.

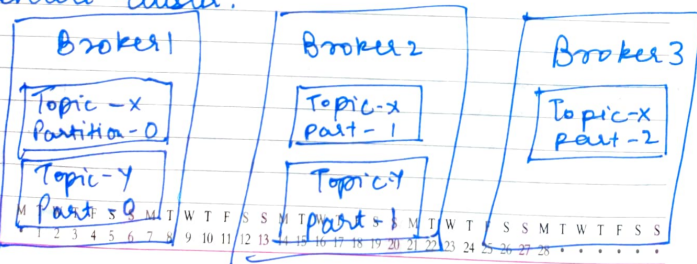
- Topics are similar to tables in DBs.
- A subscriber produces published data to the topic & a consumer reads that data from the topic by subscribing it.

• Partitions

- topic is split into several parts which are known as partitions. And are separated in an order.
- While creating topic we need to specify the no. of partitions.
- Each msg. gets stored into partitions with an incremental id known as its offset value.
- Offsets of a partition are infinite.

• Broker

- kafka cluster comprises of one or more servers known as brokers.
- It is a container that holds several topics with their multiple partitions.
- Identified with an integer id only.
- Also known as Bootstrap broker as connection with any one broker means connection with entire cluster.



- Replication factor value should be always greater than 1.
 - stores ^{copies of} topics & partitions in other brokers
- To choose topic for client request it chooses one of the broker partition as leader & others as followers.
- If leader fails then one of the followers takes the lead.

• Zookeeper

- store info abt kafka cluster & details of consumer clients.
- manages brokers by maintaining a list of them.
- Responsible for choosing leader.
- If any thing fails it sends msg. to kafka.
- operates with an odd no. of kafka servers
- users interact with zookeeper via brokers

