



Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

SELECT d.atm_number,
d.atm_manufacturer,
l.location,
count(atm_status) as inactive_count,
count(f.atm_id) as total_transaction_count,
(inactive_count / total_transaction_count * 100) as count_percent
FROM atm_trans_fact f
INNER JOIN atm_dim d
ON (f.atm_id = d.atm_id)
INNER JOIN location_dim I on (l.location_id = d.atm_location_id)
WHERE atm_status = "Inactive"
GROUP BY d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer,l.location
ORDER BY inactive_count desc limit 10;

atm_numbe r ▽	atm_manufacturer ▽	location ∇	inactive_count ♥	total_transaction_count ▽	count_perce nt
16	NCR	Skive	44043	44043	100
12	NCR	Østerå Duus	33982	33982	100
2	NCR	Vejgaard	33725	33725	100
88	NCR	Storcenter indg. A	32183	32183	100
47	NCR	Frederiksberg	30883	30883	100
52	NCR	Intern Hjallerup	27361	27361	100
50	NCR	Aarhus	23416	23416	100
29	NCR	Skelagervej 15	20773	20773	100
81	NCR	Spar Købmand Tornhøj	20148	20148	100
102	NCR	Løgstø r	18297	18297	100





2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

SELECT f.weather_main,
COUNT(f.trans_id) as total_transaction_count,
COUNT(
 CASE WHEN f.atm_status = "Inactive" THEN 1
 END) as inactive_count,
(Cast(((inactive_count * 100.00)/total_transaction_count) as decimal(18,2))) as inactive_count_percent
FROM
atm_trans_fact f
GROUP BY f.weather_main
ORDER BY inactive_count desc;

weather_main	▼ total_transcation_count	▼ inactive_count	▽ inactive_count_percent
Clouds	1181901	194027	16.41
Rain	545135	86017	15.77
Clear	543949	85531	15.72
Mist	82801	12864	15.53
Drizzle	62530	8670	13.86
Snow	23405	4813	20.56
Fog	18174	3729	20.51
Thunderstorm	2549	361	14.16
TORNADO	38	1	2.63
Haze	3	0	0.00





3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

SELECT d.atm_number,
d.atm_manufacturer,
l.location,
COUNT(f.atm_id) AS total_transcation_count
FROM atm_trans_fact f
INNER JOIN atm_dim d ON (f.atm_id = d.atm_id)
INNER JOIN location_dim I ON(l.location_id = d.atm_location_id)
GROUP BY d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer, l.location
ORDER BY total_transaction_count DESC
LIMIT 10;

Q Search rows						<
atm_number	∇	atm_manufacturer	∇	location	∇	total_transaction_count
39		NCR		Svenstrup		55380
20		NCR		Bispensgade		54211
10		NCR		$N\bar{A}f\hat{A}$, rresundby		53794
24		NCR		Hobro		53378
45		NCR		Abildgaard		53198
16		NCR		Skive		44043
40		Diebold Nixdorf		Frederikshavn		43767
1		NCR		StÄ f Â $_{,}$ vring		42787
41		Diebold Nixdorf		Skagen		42732
48		Diebold Nixdorf		$Br ilde{A}f\hat{A}$, nderslev		42493





4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

SELECT d.year,
d.month,
COUNT(f.trans_id) AS total_transaction_count,
COUNT(CASE WHEN f.atm_status = "Inactive" THEN 1 END) AS inactive_count,
CAST(((inactive_count * 100) / total_transaction_count) as decimal(18,2))) AS inactive_count_percent
FROM atm_trans_fact f
INNER JOIN date_dim d
ON (f.date_id = d.date_id)
GROUP BY d.month, d.year
ORDER BY month

year	~	month	▽	total_transcation_count	∇	inactive_count	▽	inactive_count_percent
2017		Apr		203352		33591		16.51
2017		Aug		210830		33972		16.11
2017		Dec		204674		30505		14.90
2017		Feb		187956		29862		15.88
2017		Jan		225455		37790		16.76
2017		Jul		219626		36522		16.62
2017		Jun		218172		36535		16.74
2017		Mar		204704		31194		15.23
2017		May		206177		34644		16.80
2017		Nov		190046		30268		15.92





5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

SELECT d.atm_number,
d.atm_manufacturer,
l.location,
SUM(transaction_amount) AS total_transaction_amount
FROM atm_trans_fact f
INNER JOIN atm_dim d ON (f.atm_id = d.atm_id)
INNER JOIN location_dim I ON (l.location_id = d.atm_location_id)
GROUP BY d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer, l.location
ORDER BY total_transaction_amount DESC;

atm_number	▼ atm_manufacturer	▽ location	▼ total_transaction_a
39	NCR	Svenstrup	277097637
20	NCR	Bispensgade	271008803
24	NCR	Hobro	268289882
10	NCR	$N \tilde{A} f \hat{A}$, rresundby	267379103
45	NCR	Abildgaard	265639616
16	NCR	Skive	220677013
40	Diebold Nixdorf	Frederikshavn	219812287
41	Diebold Nixdorf	Skagen	214127315
1	NCR	$St \tilde{A} f \hat{A}$, $vring$	213721117
48	Diebold Nixdorf	$Br \tilde{A} f \hat{A}$, nderslev	212883099





6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

SELECT d.card_type,
COUNT(f.trans_id) AS total_transaction_count,
COUNT(CASE WHEN f.atm_status = 'Inactive' THEN 1 END) AS inactive_count,
CAST(((inactive_count * 100) / total_transaction_count) as decimal(18,2))) AS
inactive_count_percent
FROM atm_trans_fact f
INNER JOIN card_type_dim d ON (f.card_type = d.card_type_id)
GROUP BY d.card_type
ORDER BY inactive_count_desc;

card_type	\triangledown	total_transcation_count	∇	inactive_count	\triangledown	inactive_count_percent
Visa Dankort - on-us		748805		112972		15.08
Mastercard - on-us		458226		86000		18.76
MasterCard		400507		63482		15.85
Visa Dankort		427840		60547		14.15
VISA		170828		30713		17.97
Dankort - on-us		143813		24680		17.16
$ extsf{H} ilde{ extsf{A}}f ilde{ extsf{A}}_{ extsf{I}}^{ extsf{I}} extsf{vekort}$ - on-us		62487		10331		16.53
Dankort		28581		4557		15.94
CIRRUS		17362		2953		17.00
HÃ∫¦vekort		8459		1208		14.28





7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM_number, ATM_manufacturer, location, weekend_flag and then total_transaction_count

SELECT d.atm_number,

d.atm manufacturer,

I.location,

CASE WHEN dd.weekday = "Sunday" OR dd.weekday = "Saturday" THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS weekend_flag,

COUNT(f.trans_id) AS total_transaction_count,

FROM atm trans fact f

INNER JOIN atm_dim d ON (f.atm_id = d,atm_id)

INNER JOIN location_dim I ON (l.location_id = d.atm_location_id)

INNER JOIN date dim dd ON (f.date id = dd.date id)

GROUP BY d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer, l.location, weekend_flag

ORDER BY d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer, l.location, weekend_flag,

total_transaction_count DESC LIMIT 10;

atm_number	▼ atm_manufacturer	▽ location ▽	weekend_flag	▼ total_transaction_count
1	NCR	St $ ilde{A} f \hat{A}$, vring	0	31268
1	NCR	StĀfĀ , vring	1	11519
10	NCR	$N\tilde{A}f\tilde{A}$, rresundby	0	38899
10	NCR	$N \tilde{A} f \hat{A}$, rresundby	1	14895
100	NCR	Intern Skive	0	16635
100	NCR	Intern Skive	1	4957
101	NCR	Bryggen Vejle	0	10930
101	NCR	Bryggen Vejle	1	4010
102	NCR	LÃÂ, gstÃÂ, r	0	13212
102	NCR	LÃfÂ, gstÃfÂ, r	1	5085

8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

SELECT a.atm_number, a.atm_manufacturer, l.location, dd.weekday, COUNT(f.trans_id) AS transaction_count

FROM atm trans fact f

INNER JOIN atm_dim a ON (f.atm_id = a.atm_id)

INNER JOIN location_dim I ON (l.location_id = f.weather_loc_id)

INNER JOIN date_dim dd ON (dd.date_id = f.date_id)





WHERE I.location = 'Vejgaard'
GROUP BY a.atm_id, a.atm_manufacturer, I.location, dd.weekday
ORDER BY transaction_count DESC, dd.weekday;

2 2 2	NCR NCR	Vejgaard Vejgaard	Friday Saturday	5369 4969
2			Saturday	4969
2	NCR			
		Vejgaard	Wednesday	4963
-	NCR	Vejgaard	Monday	4793
2	NCR	Vejgaard	Thursday	4759
2	NCR	Vejgaard	Tuesday	4643
2	NCR	Vejgaard	Sunday	4229
103	Diebold Nixdorf	Vejgaard	Tuesday	3288
103	Diebold Nixdorf	Vejgaard	Friday	3256
103	Diebold Nixdorf	Vejgaard	Monday	3192