

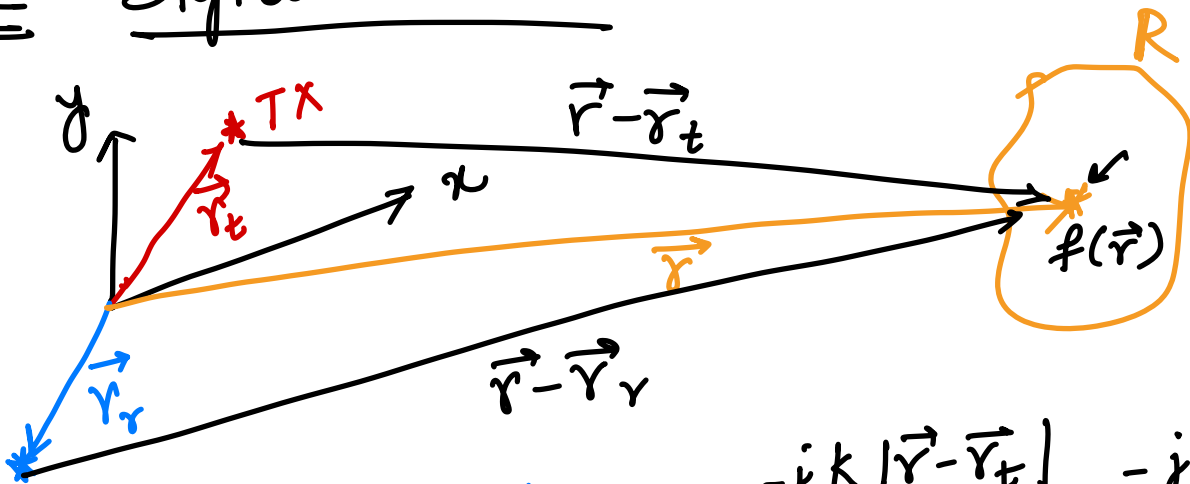


IX MIMO Range Migration Algorithm

9.1 Review

- > FMCW, Pulsed, Stepped Freq. } Generalized ✓
- > 2-D SAR reconstruction (B-P, TOC). ✓
- > MIMO Radar. ✓
- > RMA, ω -k, HR... for SAR. ✓
- > RMA for MIMO radar

9.2 Signal model



$$S_b(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_t, \vec{r}_r, k) = \frac{f(\vec{r}) e^{-jk|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_t|} e^{-jk|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_r|}}{4\pi^2 |\vec{r}-\vec{r}_t| |\vec{r}-\vec{r}_r|}$$

$$\tilde{S}_b(\vec{r}_t, \vec{r}_r, k) = \iiint_{\vec{r} \in R} S_b(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_t, \vec{r}_r, k) d\vec{r}$$

$\underbrace{dx dy dz}$

$$K = k_t = \frac{\omega c \beta t}{c} \text{ for FMCW} \quad \left| \vec{r} - \vec{r}_t \right| = \sqrt{(x-x_t)^2 + (y-y_t)^2 + z^2}$$

$$K = \frac{\omega}{c} \text{ for p & sf radars.} \quad \left| \vec{r} - \vec{r}_r \right| = \sqrt{(x-x_r)^2 + (y-y_r)^2 + z^2}$$

9.3 Range Migration Algorithm for MIMO

$$\tilde{S}_b(x_t, y_t, x_r, y_r, k_t) = \iiint_{xyz} \frac{f(x, y, z) e^{-jk_t(R_t + R_r)}}{16\pi^2 R_t R_r} dx dy dz$$

$$R_t = |\vec{r} - \vec{r}_t|$$

$$R_r = |\vec{r} - \vec{r}_r|$$

2D FT w.r.t x_t, y_t & 2D FT w.r.t x_r, y_r

\Rightarrow 4D FT w.r.t x_t, y_t, x_r, y_r

$$\tilde{S}_b(k_{x_t}, k_{y_t}, k_{x_r}, k_{y_r}, k_t)$$

$$= \iiint_{xyz} \frac{f(x, y, z)}{16\pi^2} \iint_{x_t y_t} \frac{e^{-jk_t \sqrt{(x-x_t)^2 + (y-y_t)^2 + z^2}}}{\sqrt{(x-x_t)^2 + (y-y_t)^2 + z^2}} dx_t dy_t$$

$$\times e^{-jk_{x_t} x_t - jk_{y_t} y_t} dx_t dy_t$$

MOSP

$$\times \iint_{x_r y_r} \frac{e^{-jk_t \sqrt{(x-x_r)^2 + (y-y_r)^2 + z^2}}}{\sqrt{(x-x_r)^2 + (y-y_r)^2 + z^2}} e^{-jk_{x_r} x_r - jk_{y_r} y_r} dx_r dy_r$$

$$dx dy dz$$

$$= \iiint_{xyz} \frac{f(x, y, z)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{2\pi j}{k_{zt}} e^{-jz k_{zt}} e^{-j k_{xt} x - j k_{yt} y} \right] \left[\frac{2\pi j}{k_{zr}} e^{-jz k_{zr}} e^{-j k_{xr} x - j k_{yr} y} \right]$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} k_{zt} &= \sqrt{k_t^2 - k_{xt}^2 - k_{yt}^2} \\ k_{zr} &= \sqrt{k_r^2 - k_{xr}^2 - k_{yr}^2} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$k_x = k_{xt} + k_{xr} \quad \& \quad k_y = k_{yt} + k_{yr}$$

$$k_z = k_{zt} + k_{zr}$$

$$= \iiint_{xyz} \frac{f(x, y, z)}{4 k_{zt} k_{zr}} e^{-j k_x x - j k_y y - j k_z z} dx dy dz$$

$$= FT_{3D} \left\{ \frac{f(x, y, z)}{4 k_{zt} k_{zr}} \right\} = \tilde{S}_b(k_{xt}, k_{yt}, k_{xr}, k_{yr}, k_t)$$

$$f(x, y, z) = FT_{3D}^{-1} \left\{ \tilde{S}_b(k_{x_t}, k_{y_t}, k_{x_r}, k_{y_r}, k_t) \right. \\ \left. \times 4 k_{z_t} k_{z_r} \right\}$$

$$= FT_{3D}^{-1} \left\{ 4 k_{z_t} k_{z_r} \left\{ FT_{4D} \left\{ S_b(x_t, y_t, x_r, y_r, k_t) \right\} \right\} \right\}$$

Step ③
3D IFT

Step ②
HPF
+
5D → 3D

Step ①
4D FT

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Interpolation} \\ k_x = k_{x_t} + k_{x_r} \\ k_y = k_{y_t} + k_{y_r} \\ k_z = k_{z_t} + k_{z_r} \end{array} \right\}$$