

**UTTARANCHAL UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**  
**UTTARANCHAL SCHOOL OF COMPUTING SCIENCES**  
**MID TERM EXAMINATION**  
**EVEN SEMESTER 2024-25**

16

BCA | 4<sup>TH</sup> SEMESTER  
**FUNDAMENTALS OF IoT | BCA – 403(G1)**

**Time: 1:15 Hour**

**Max. Marks: 30**

*Note: All questions are compulsory.*

**Q.1- Answer the following questions.**

**(1 x 6 = 6 Marks)**

**Multiple Choice Questions**

- a) What is the primary purpose of edge layer in IoT? (CO-3, BL-2)
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a. Sending raw data directly to the cloud | b. Processing data closer to the source |
| c. Managing storage devices               | d. Encrypting data                      |
- b) Which communication protocol is commonly used for low-power short range communication between IoT devices? (CO-2, BL-2)
- |              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| a. Bluetooth | b. Wi-Fi         |
| c. LTE       | d. None of these |
- c) Which layer in the IoT Reference Model is responsible for data collection from sensors? (CO-3, BL-2)
- |                          |                      |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| a. Network Layer         | b. Perception Layer  |
| c. Data Processing Layer | d. Application Layer |

**State True/ False**

- d) IoT networks should have low latency for real-time applications like smart healthcare and autonomous vehicles. (CO-1, BL-2)
- e) M2M enable IoT devices to exchange data without human intervention. (CO-2, BL-2)
- f) The IoT reference model provides a standardized framework to design and develop IoT systems. (CO-3, BL-2)

**Q.2-Write short note on any two (up to 70 words) (2 x 3 = 6 Marks)**

- a) What is the role of the perception layer in the IoT Reference Model, and why is it important? (CO-3, BL-4)
- b) How does knowledge management in IoT-driven business processes improve decision-making and operational efficiency? (CO-2, BL-4)
- c) Evaluate the role of cloud computing in IoT architecture. How does it affect data management and system performance? (CO-1, BL-5)



**Q.3-Attempt any one of the following (1 x 6 = 6 Marks)**

- a) Explain the key design principles of IoT systems. How do scalability, interoperability, and security impact IoT system performance?  
(CO-1, BL-2)

**OR**

- b) Explain the role of IoT gateways in an IoT system. How do they enable communication between devices, cloud platforms, and legacy systems while ensuring security and efficiency?  
(CO-2, BL-4)

**Q.4- Attempt any one of the following. (1 x 6 = 6 Marks)**

- a) Evaluate the differences between Machine-to-Machine (M2M) communication and IoT-based Everything-as-a-Service (XaaS). How does IoT XaaS improve scalability and flexibility in industrial applications?  
(CO- 2, BL-5)

**OR**

- b) Compare the IoT Reference Model with the traditional network architecture model (e.g., OSI or TCP/IP). What are the key differences, and why is a specialized model needed for IoT?  
(CO- 3, BL-5)

**Q.5- Attempt any one of the following. (1 x 6 = 6 Marks)**

- a) Evaluate the importance of standard considerations in IoT, such as communication protocols, security measures, and data compliance. How do these standards ensure seamless IoT deployment?  
(CO- 1, BL-5)

**OR**

- b) Analyze the different layers of the IoT Reference Model. How do these layers interact to ensure seamless data flow, processing, and decision-making in an IoT system?  
(CO- 3, BL-4)