



**End Term (Back) Even Semester Examination May-June 2025
 Batch 2023-2027**

Roll no.

Name of the Program and semester: **B.Tech**
 Name of the Course: **Engineering Mathematics II**
 Paper Code: **TMA 201**
 Time: **3:00 hour**

Semester: **II**

Maximum Marks: 100

Note:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Answer any two sub parts of a question among a , b & c .
- (iii) Total marks of each question are **twenty**.
- (iv) Each sub part of a question carries **ten** marks.

Q1.

(10×2=20) Marks CO:1

a. Solve: $(x^2 + y^2)dx + 2xydy = 0$

b. Solve: $(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = x \sin x$.

c. Solve by the method of variation of parameters: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \operatorname{cosec} x$.

Q2.

(10×2=20) Marks CO:2

a. Evaluate $L[t^2 e^{2t} \sin t]$.

b. Using convolution theorem prove that $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)}\right\} = \frac{a \sin at - b \sin bt}{a^2 - b^2}$

c. Solve the differential equation using Laplace transform method.

$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9x = \cos 2t, \quad x(0) = 1, \quad x\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -1$

Q3.

(10×2=20) Marks CO:3

a. Form a partial differential equation from $x^2 + y^2 + (z - c)^2 = a^2$.

b. Solve the following differential equation $yq - xp = z$, where $p = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}, q = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

c. Solve $px + qy = pq$ by using Charpit's method.

Q4.

(10×2=20) Marks CO:4

a. Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 3\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{2x-y} + e^{x+y} + \cos(x+2y)$.

b. Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$; $u(x,0) = 6e^{-3x}$

c. Find the temperature in a bar of length 2 whose ends kept at zero and lateral surface insulated if initial temperature is $\sin \frac{\pi x}{2} + 3 \sin \frac{5\pi x}{2}$.



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Q5.

(10 × 2 = 20) Marks CO:5

a. Expand the function $f(x) = x \sin x$, as a Fourier series in the interval $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$.

b. Find the Fourier series expansion of the periodic function of period 2π .

$$f(x) = e^x, \quad 0 < x < 2\pi$$

c. Obtain the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < \pi \\ -x, & -\pi < x < 0 \end{cases}$