

Roll No.

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Paper Code: TMC 301

Paper Name Design and analysis of algorithms

Time: 1.5 Hours

MM: 50

Each question has two parts (a and b) . Attempt any one part of each question.

| Q1 | | 10 MARKS | |
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| A | Explain the various criteria used for analysing algorithms. List the properties of various asymptotic notations. | | CO1 |
| | OR | | |
| B | What is the significance of the pivot element in quick sort algorithm? Write an algorithm for RANDOMIZED quick sort and analyse its time complexity. | | CO1 |
| Q2 | | 10 MARKS | |
| A | What do you understand by degree of a node in binary tree? In a binary tree, the number of internal nodes of degree 1 is 5 and the number of internal nodes of degree 2 is 10. Find the number of leaf nodes in the binary tree. | | CO2 |
| | OR | | |
| B | Prove that the height of a balanced binary search tree is $O(\log n \text{ base } 2)$. While inserting the elements 71,61,84,69,67,66,83,63 in an empty binary search tree in the sequence shown, what will be the element in the lowest level? | | CO2 |
| Q3 | | 10 MARKS | |
| A | What are recurrence relation? Solve the following recurrence using recurrence tree method. $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n$ | | CO1 |
| | OR | | |
| B | Solve the following recurrence using master method: 1. $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n^2$ 2. $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$ 3. $T(n) = T(n/2) + 2^n$ | | CO1 |
| Q4 | | 10 MARKS | |
| A | What are the limitations of counting sort. Demonstrate the counting sort algorithm steps to sort the following set of elements: 0,2,4,2,5,6,7,5,7,8,9,3,4,1 | | CO1 |

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| | OR | |
| B | Suppose we do merge sort with a three-way split: divide the array into 3 equal parts, sort each part and do a 3 way merge. Write an algorithm for 3 way merge sort. Analyze its time complexity | CO1 |
| Q5 | 10 MARKS | |
| A | What are the properties of red Black tree? What is the advantage of using a red-black tree over a standard binary search tree? Create a RB tree for following elements 10, 18, 7, 15, 16, 30, 25, 40, 60 | CO2 |
| | OR | |
| B | Explain the following terms with examples 1: Stable sorting 2: In-place sorting 3: External sorting | CO1 |