# //Single Linked List - Insertion, Deletion and Display Operations

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
//Defining structure with node properties
struct node
{
       int no;
       struct node *next;
};
//global structure variable or node
struct node *first=0;
//Variable used to track the number of nodes in the list
int node_count=0;
//Function to display the contents of the linked list
void display()
{
       struct node *ptr1;
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       printf("\n\n");
       else
       {
              //Traverse the List
              for(ptr1=first; ptr1!=0; ptr1=ptr1->next)
                      printf("%d \t", ptr1->no);
       }
}
```

```
//Function to create a new list of nodes OR add nodes to the end of an existing list
```

```
void create()
{
        int data;
        int choice=1;
        //local structure variables or nodes. new block (nw) & temporary block used for traversal (ptr)
        struct node *ptr, *nw;
        printf("\nCreate new list of nodes or Add nodes to end of existing list");
        while (choice==1)
                ++node_count;
                //DMA for new block or node
                nw = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
                printf("\nAddress allocated for new node: %u", nw);
                printf("\nEnter data: ");
                scanf("%d", &data);
                //Store data & address in the new block or node
                nw->no = data;
                nw->next =0;
                printf("\nBase Address:%u has Node data:%d, Node address:%u", nw, nw->no, nw->next);
                if(first==0)
                                                                 //list is empty
                {
                        printf("\nFirst node is marked for future ref.");
                        first = nw;
                                                                //Keep a copy of first block or node in 'first'
                }
                else
                {
                        printf("\nList traversal....");
                        for(ptr=first;ptr->next!=0;ptr=ptr->next);
                                                                         //list traversal
                        ptr->next = nw;
                                                                         //connect new node to end of list
                printf("\nEnter another element(1/0): ");
                                                                         //Add more nodes to the list
                scanf("%d", &choice);
        }
}
```

#### //Function to insert a node to the end of the Existing Linked List

```
void insertend()
{
        int data;
        struct node *ptr, *nw;
        ++node_count;
        //DMA for new block or node
        nw = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        printf("\nAddress allocated for new node: %u", nw);
        printf("\nEnter data to Insert at End: ");
        scanf("%d", &data);
        //Store data & address in the new block or node
        nw->no = data;
        nw->next = 0;
        printf("\nBase Address:%u has Node data:%d, Node address:%u", nw, nw->no, nw->next);
        if(first==0)
                                                                        //list is empty
                printf("\nList empty...create a list and try again");
        else
        {
                for(ptr=first;ptr->next!=0;ptr=ptr->next);
                                                                        //list traversal
                ptr->next = nw;
                                                                        //connect new node to end of list
        }
}
```

# //Function to insert a node to the beginning of the Existing Linked List

```
void insertbeg()
{
        int data;
        struct node *ptr, *nw, *temp;
        ++node_count;
        //DMA for new block or node
        nw = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        printf("\nAddress allocated for new node: %u", nw);
        printf("\nEnter data to Insert at Beginning: ");
        scanf("%d", &data);
        //Store data in the new block or node
        nw->no = data;
        if(first==0)
                                                                       //list is empty
                printf("\nList empty...create a list and try again");
                                                                  //connect new node to beginning of list
                temp=first;
               first=nw;
               first->next=temp;
        printf("\nBase Address:%u has Node data:%d, Node address:%u", nw, nw->no, nw->next);
}
```

## //Function to insert a node to the middle of the Existing Linked List

```
void insertmid()
{
        int data, pos, i=1;
        struct node *ptr, *nw, *temp;
        printf("\nEnter the position: ");
        scanf("%d", &pos);
        if(pos==1)
                printf("\nCannot insert at Beginning of List");
        else
                ptr=first;
                //traverse the list to the given position
                while(i<pos-1)
                        ptr=ptr->next;
                        i++;
                }
                if(ptr->next==0)
                                                                        //traversed to end-of list
                        printf("\nCannot insert at End of list")
                                                                         //traversed to a node in middle of list
                        ++node count;
                        //DMA for new block or node
                        nw = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
                        printf("\nAddress allocated for new node: %u", nw);
                        printf("\nEnter data to Insert in Middle: ");
                        scanf("%d", &data);
                        //Store data & address in the new block or node
                        nw->no = data;
                        nw->next = 0;
                        printf("\nBase Address:%u has data:%d, address:%u", nw, nw->no, nw->next);
                        //Insert new node
                        temp=ptr->next;
                        ptr->next=nw;
                        nw->next=temp;
                }
        }
}
```

# //Function to delete a node from the end of list

}

```
void deleteend()
{
       struct node *ptr;
       ptr=first;
       if(ptr==0)
               printf("\nList Empty");
       else if(ptr->next==0)
                                              //List has one node
               printf("\nList has one node....");
               printf("\nNode at %p with data= %d is deleted", ptr, ptr->no);
               first=0;
               node_count=0;
       }
       else
               //traverse to list
               for(ptr=first;ptr->next!=0;ptr=ptr->next);
               printf("\nNode at %p with data= %d is deleted", ptr->next, ptr->next->no);
               ptr->next = 0;
               --node_count;
                                  : cnelson@ddn.upes.ac.in
//Function to delete a node from the beginning of list
void deletebeg()
{
       struct node *ptr;
       ptr=first;
       if(ptr==0)
               printf("\nList Empty");
       else if(ptr->next==0)
                                              //List has one node
       {
               printf("\nFirst Node at %u with data= %d is deleted", ptr, ptr->no);
               node_count=0;
       }
       else
       {
               printf("\nFirst Node at %u with data= %d is deleted", ptr, ptr->no);
               first=ptr->next;
               --node_count;
       }
```

#### //Function to delete a node from the middle of the list

```
void deletemid()
{
       int pos, i=1;
       struct node *ptr;
       if(first==0)
               printf("\nList Empty");
       else
       {
               printf("\nEnter the position: ");
               scanf("%d", &pos);
               if(pos==1)
                       printf("\nCannot delete from beginning of list");
               else
               {
                       ptr=first;
                       //traverse the list to the given position
                       while(i<pos-1)
                              ptr=ptr->next; elson@ddn.upes.ac.in
                       //traversed to end-of list
                       if(ptr->next->next==0)
                              printf("\nCannot delete from end of list");
                       else
                       {
                              printf("\nNode at %u with data= %d is deleted", ptr->next, ptr->next->no);
                              ptr->next=ptr->next->next;
                              --node_count;
                      }
               }
       }
}
```

### //main function as program's entry point & from here different operations are invoked

```
int main()
{
       int option;
       printf("\nSingle Linked List Operations\n");
       printf("1. Create a new List with few nodes or add nodes to end of an existing List");
       printf("\n2. Insert one node at End-of Linked List");
       printf("\n3. Insert one node at Beginning-of Linked List");
       printf("\n4. Insert one node at Middle-of Linked List");
       printf("\n5. Delete one node from End-of Linked List");
       printf("\n6. Delete one node from Beginning-of Linked List");
       printf("\n7. Delete one node from Middle-of Linked List");
       printf("\n8. Display the Single Linked List");
       printf("\nPress any other number to Stop the Program");
       printf("\nEnter your Choice(1-8): ");
       scanf("%d", &option);
       switch(option)
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                     printf("\nNode Count: %d", node count);
                     goto L1;
              case 2:
                     insertend();
                     printf("\nNode Count: %d", node count);
                     goto L1;
              case 3:
                     insertbeg();
                     printf("\nNode Count: %d", node_count);
                     goto L1;
              case 4:
                     insertmid();
                     printf("\nNode Count: %d", node_count);
                     goto L1;
              case 5:
                     deleteend();
                     printf("\nNode Count: %d", node_count);
                     goto L1;
              case 6:
                     deletebeg();
                     printf("\nNode Count: %d", node_count);
                     goto L1;
```

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