### **PHP**

### **PHP Standard Functions**

Function	Description		
isset(el)	Will return false if el has been assigned the constant NULL, el has not been set to any value yet (undefined) el has been deleted using the unset function		
print str	Prints str		
echo str			
time()	Returns the current time in seconds		
date(format, time)	Converts an optional time in seconds to a date based on format		
mt rand(min, max)	Returns a random integer between min and max (inclusive)		
header(string)	Sends a raw HTTP header. Examples include:		
	header("HTTP/1.1 400 Invalid Request");		
	header("Content-type: text/plain");		
	header("Content-type: application/json");		
die(message)	Ends execution and sends back optional message		
include "path"	Includes and evaluates the specified file path such as		
_	"hidden/config.php"		

## **PHP Array Functions**

Function	Description			
count (arr)	Returns the length of an array arr			
<pre>print_r(arr)</pre>	Prints the arr's contents			
array_pop(arr)	Pops (removes) an element off the end of the array arr			
array_shift(arr)	Shifts (removes) an element off the beginning of the array arr			
array_push(arr, el)	Pushes (adds) one or more elements onto the end of the array array			
array_unshift(arr, el)	Prepends one or more elements to the beginning of the array arr			
sort(arr)	Sorts the array arr			
array_reverse(arr)	Returns an array with elements of arr in reverse order			
<pre>in_array(el, arr)</pre>	Returns whether a value el exists in an array arr			
list(a, b,)	Assigns variables as if they were an array			
<pre>implode(glue, pieces)</pre>	Joins array elements (pieces) with a string (glue)			
array_rand(arr)	Randomly selects a random entry from the array and returns the ke (or keys) of the random entries.			

### **PHP JSON Functions**

Function	Description
json_encode(obj)	Returns JSON equivalent for the given object/array/value
<pre>json_decode(string )</pre>	Parse the given JSON data string and returns an equivalent associative array object

## **PHP String Functions**

Function	Description		
strlen(s)	Returns the length of a string s		
strpos(str, substr)	Returns the position of the first occurrence of substr in str, or FALSE it not found		
<pre>substr(s, start, len)</pre>	Returns a substring of s starting at start and up to len characters in length. If s is less than start characters long, FALSE will be returned		
trim(s)	Strips whitespace characters from both ends of a string s		
strtolower(s)	Returns a lowercase version of s		
strtoupper(s)	Returns an uppercase version of s		
<pre>explode(delimiter, s)</pre>	Returns an array of substrings of s split by delimiter		

## **PHP File Functions**

Function	Description		
<pre>file(path, [int flags = 0])</pre>	Reads entire file path into an array. Optional flags		
	parameter can be passed in such as  FILE IGNORE NEW LINES or		
	FILE_SKIP_EMPTY_LINES		
file_exists(path)	Returns whether a file or directory path exists		
file_get_contents(path)	Reads entire file path into a string		
<pre>file_put_contents(path, data)</pre>	Writes a string data to a file path		
scandir(path)	Returns an array of all files and directories inside the specified path including . and		
glob(pattern)	Returns an array of path names matching pattern		
basename(path)	Given a filename path, this function will strip any leading directory from a file path and return just the filename		

# **PHP Superglobals Reference**

Variable	Description
\$_GET	Superglobal array which contains query parameters passed in via a GET request
\$_POST	Superglobal array which contains POST parameters passed in via a POST request

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### PHP PDO Functions (with mysql)

Note that for some PDO object \$db, you can call some function fxn using \$db->fxn(...).

Function	Description
<pre>new PDO('mysql:dbname=database;host=yourhost',   username, password)</pre>	Constructor, connecting to the database using the given yourhost host value, username, and password
<pre>setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION)</pre>	Sets PDO error-handling properties
query(sqlquery)	Returns a PDOStatement (that contains a result set) after executing sqlquery in the PDO's connected database
exec(sqlquery)	Executes a SQL statement. Returns the number of affected rows.
prepare(statement)	Prepares an SQL statement to be executed by the execute (arr) method. The SQL statement can contain zero or more named (:name) parameter markers for which real values will be substituted when the statement is executed.

#### **PDOStatement Functions**

A PDOStatement represents a prepared statement and, after the statement is executed, an associated result set. You can retrieve the rows using a foreach loops, fetch(), or fetchAll(). These functions are also used with fetch() syntax.

Function	Description	
execute(arr)	Executes the prepared statement, filling in the named or question mark parameters with real values from the associative array. Returns TRUE if database was changed as a result, otherwise FALSE.	
columnCount()	Returns the number of columns in the result set.	
fetch()	Returns the next row from the result set.	
fetchAll()	Returns all of the rows in an array of arrays representing each row from the set.	
<pre>fetchColumn(number )</pre>	Returns the next column from the result set.	
rowCount()	Returns the number of rows in the result set.	

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## **PHP Regex Functions**

Function	Description
<pre>preg_match(regex, str)</pre>	Returns whether str matches regex
<pre>preg_replace(regex,   repl, str)</pre>	Returns a new string with all substrings of str that match regex replaced by repl
<pre>preg_split(regex, str)</pre>	Returns an array of strings from given str split apart using given regex as delimiter

## **Regex Reference**

[abc]	A single character of: a, b, or c		Any single character	()	Capture everything enclosed
[^abc]	Any single character except: a, b, or c	\s	Any whitespace character	(a b)	a or b
[a-z]	Any single character in the range a-z	\s	Any non-whitespace character	a?	Zero or one of a
[a-zA-Z]	Any single character in the range a-z or A-Z	\d	Any digit	a*	Zero or more of a
^	Start of line	\D	Any non-digit	a+	One or more of a
\$	End of line	\w	Any word character (letter, number, underscore)	a{3}	Exactly 3 of a
\A	Start of string	\W	Any non-word character	a{3,}	3 or more of a
\z	End of string	\b	Any word boundary	a{3,6}	Between 3 and 6 of a

Special characters that need to be escaped to match as literals: []  $^{\Lambda}$ \$.|?\*+(){}\

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