

Error recovery in predictive parsing

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Error recovery in predictive parsing

- ▶ An error is detected during the predictive parsing when the terminal on top of the stack does not match the next input symbol, or when nonterminal A on top of the stack, a is the next input symbol, and parsing table entry $M[A,a]$ is empty.
- ▶ Panic-mode error recovery is based on the idea of skipping symbols on the input until a token in a selected set of synchronizing tokens.

How to select synchronizing set?

1. Place all symbols in $\text{FOLLOW}(A)$ into the synchronizing set for nonterminal A . If we skip tokens until an element of $\text{FOLLOW}(A)$ is seen and pop A from the stack, it is likely that parsing can continue.
2. We might add keywords that begin statements to the synchronizing sets for the nonterminals generating expressions.
3. Add $\text{FIRST}(A)$ to the synchronizing set so as to resume parsing according to A .

How to select synchronizing set? (II)

4. If a nonterminal can generate the empty string, then the production deriving ε can be used as a default. This may postpone some error detection. This approach reduces the number of nonterminals that have to be considered during error recovery.

5. If a terminal on top of stack cannot be matched, a simple idea is to pop the terminal, issue a message saying that the terminal was inserted.

Example: Error recovery

“synch” indicating synchronizing tokens
obtained from FOLLOW set of the
nonterminal in question.

If the parser looks up entry
 $M[A,a]$ and finds that it is blank, the input
symbol a is skipped.

If the entry is synch, the the
nonterminal on top of the stack is popped.

If a token on top of the stack
does not match the input symbol, then we
pop the token from the stack.

$$\text{FIRST}(E) = \text{FIRST}(T) = \text{FIRST}(F) = \{ (, \text{id} \}.$$

$$\text{FIRST}(E') = \{ +, \epsilon \}$$

$$\text{FIRST}(T') = \{ *, \epsilon \}$$

$$\text{FOLLOW}(E) = \text{FOLLOW}(E') = \{), \$ \}$$

$$\text{FOLLOW}(T) = \text{FOLLOW}(T') = \{ +,), \$ \}$$

$$\text{FOLLOW}(F) = \{ +, *,), \$ \}$$

NONTER- MINAL	INPUT SYMBOL					
	id	+	*	()	\$
E	$E \rightarrow TE'$			$E \rightarrow TE'$	synch	synch
E'		$E' \rightarrow +TE'$			$E' \rightarrow \epsilon$	$E' \rightarrow \epsilon$
T	$T \rightarrow FT'$	synch		$T \rightarrow FT'$	synch	synch
T'		$T' \rightarrow \epsilon$	$T' \rightarrow *FT'$		$T' \rightarrow \epsilon$	$T' \rightarrow \epsilon$
F	$F \rightarrow \text{id}$	synch	synch	$F \rightarrow (E)$	synch	synch

Example: error recovery (II)

STACK	INPUT	REMARK
$\$E$) $\text{id} * + \text{id} \$$	error, skip)
$\$E$	$\text{id} * + \text{id} \$$	id is in $\text{FIRST}(E)$
$\$E'T$	$\text{id} * + \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'F$	$\text{id} * + \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'\text{id}$	$\text{id} * + \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'$	$* + \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'F*$	$* + \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'F$	$+ \text{id} \$$	error, $M[F, +] = \text{synch}$
$\$E'T'$	$+ \text{id} \$$	F has been popped
$\$E'$	$+ \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T +$	$+ \text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T$	$\text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'F$	$\text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'\text{id}$	$\text{id} \$$	
$\$E'T'$	$\$$	
$\$E'$	$\$$	
$\$$	$\$$	

Fig. 4.19. Parsing and error recovery moves made by predictive parser.