Project Report: MedQueryPy

1 Introduction

MedQueryPy is a **Python package** designed to fetch research papers from **PubMed** and filter them based on author affiliation. It now leverages **Al-powered author classification and research paper summarization** to enhance the accuracy of results.

The goal of this project is to help researchers, professionals, and biotech firms quickly find **non-academic research papers** that are relevant to their field.

2 Problem Statement

Finding research papers authored by **non-academic professionals** in the **pharmaceutical and biotech industries** is challenging. PubMed provides a vast collection of academic papers, but filtering out non-academic contributions manually is inefficient.

This project aims to:

- ✓ Fetch **PubMed research papers** based on a user's query.
- ✓ Identify at least one non-academic author in the paper.
- ✓ Use Al to classify author affiliations (academic vs. non-academic).
- ✓ Summarize the paper's abstract using GPT-4.
- ✓ Provide results in an easy-to-use CSV format.
- ✓ Offer a command-line interface and a Python module for flexibility.

3 Approach & Methodology

Step 1: Fetching Papers from PubMed

- The program sends a request to the PubMed API using a user-provided search query.
- PubMed returns a list of unique paper IDs (PubMed IDs).

Step 2: Extracting Paper Details

- The system retrieves metadata for each paper, including:
 - Title
 - Publication Date
 - Authors & Affiliations
 - Corresponding Author Email

Step 3: Identifying Non-Academic Authors with Al

- Instead of simple keyword filtering (e.g., excluding "University" and "Institute"), we now use **GPT-4** to analyze author affiliations.
- The Al determines if an author is affiliated with a **non-academic organization** (such as a biotech or pharmaceutical company).

Step 4: Summarizing Research Papers Using Al

- The package uses **GPT-4** to generate **a one-line summary** of each research paper's abstract.
- This helps users quickly understand the paper's main findings without reading the full text.

Step 5: Exporting Results

Users can print results on the console or save them to a CSV file for future reference.

4 Implementation

Project Structure

The project is divided into two main components:

retcher.py → Handles PubMed API requests, AI-based filtering, and summarization.

 $rac{1}{2}$ cli.py ightharpoonup Provides a command-line interface for fetching and saving research papers.

Installation & Usage

To install MedQueryPy:

pip install medguerypy

To fetch papers:

```
get-papers-list "COVID-19 vaccines"
```

To save results to a CSV file:

```
get-papers-list "COVID-19 vaccines" -f results.csv
```

5 Results

- ✓ The tool successfully fetches research papers and **filters** those with **non-academic authors** using AI.
- ✓ It accurately classifies affiliations and summarizes papers using GPT-4.
- ✓ The output is **saved in a CSV file** for easy reference.

PubmedID	Title	Publicatio n Date	Non-acad emic Author(s)	Company Affiliation(s)	Correspo nding Author Email	Summary
12345678	COVID-19 Vaccine Study	2025-01-0	Dr. John Doe	XYZ Biotech	johndoe@ xyzbiotech. com	The study explores the effects of COVID-19 vaccines across various age groups.

6 Conclusion & Future Scope

What Achieved @

- ✓ Built a fully functional Python package with CLI support.
- ✓ Integrated **Al-powered filtering** for non-academic authors.
- **✓** Implemented **GPT-4-based research paper summarization**.
- ✓ Enable easy CSV export for research data.

Next Steps 🚀

- Improve author affiliation classification by training a custom Al model.
- Optimize API request efficiency for faster processing.
- Extend Al features to summarize multiple papers at once.

7 Final Thoughts

MedQueryPy is a powerful tool that simplifies the process of finding **non-academic research papers** and extracting key insights. By integrating **Al-based filtering and summarization**, it provides a much smarter way to navigate research data.

This tool is useful for **biotech firms**, **pharmaceutical companies**, **and research analysts** who need quick access to relevant industry studies.