EE24BTECH11001 - Aditya Tripathy

Question:

Plot a solution to the following differential equation:

$$y' + 5y = 0$$

Solution:

The aim is to find the difference equation using the trapezoidal law using the following initial conditions, $x_0 = 0, y_0 = 1$

$$y' = -5y \tag{0.1}$$

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$$\int_{y_{n}}^{y_{n+1}} dy = \int_{x_{n}}^{x_{n+1}} -5y \, dx$$
(0.1)

(0.3)

Using the trapezoidal rule,

$$J = \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx \tag{0.4}$$

$$\approx h\left(\frac{1}{2}f(x) + f(x_1) + f(x_2) + \dots + f(x_{n-1}) + \frac{1}{2}f(b)\right)$$
 (0.5)

$$\frac{y_{n+1} - y_n}{1} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = -5 \frac{x_{n+1} - x_n}{1} \left(\frac{y_n}{2} + \frac{y_{n+1}}{2} \right) \tag{0.6}$$

$$\to y_{n+1} = \frac{(2 - 5h) y_n}{5h + 2} \tag{0.7}$$

Another way we can arrive at the differnce equation is by using the Bilinear transform, Applying Laplace Transform to both sides of the differential equation,

$$sY - sy_0 + 5Y = 0 (0.8)$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{sy_0}{s+5} {(0.9)}$$

(0.10)

Apply Bilinear Transform, with T = h

$$s = \frac{2}{T} \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \tag{0.11}$$

$$Y(z) = \frac{2y_0 \left(1 - z^{-1}\right)}{2\left(1 - z^{-1}\right) + 5h\left(1 + z^{-1}\right)}$$
(0.12)

$$Y(z) = \frac{2y_0 \left(1 + z^{-1}\right)}{(2 + 5h) + (5h - 2)z^{-1}}$$
(0.13)

$$\alpha = -\frac{5h - 2}{5h + 2} \tag{0.14}$$

$$Y = \frac{2y_0}{5h + 2} \left(\frac{1}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}} + \frac{z^{-1}}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}} \right) \tag{0.15}$$

Applying inverse Z-transform,

$$y_n = \frac{2y_0}{5h+2} \left(\alpha^n u[n] + \alpha^{n-1} u[n-1] \right)$$
 (0.16)

(0.17)

To check how close the approximate graph is to the actual solution, we will solve the original equation using a Laplace Transform method:

Let $\mathcal{L}(y) = Y$

$$(sY - y_0) + 5Y = 0 (0.18)$$

$$(s+5) Y = y_0 (0.19)$$

$$Y = \frac{1}{s+5} \tag{0.20}$$

(0.21)

Substituting $y_0 = 1$,

$$Y = \frac{1}{s+5} \tag{0.22}$$

(0.23)

Now, we take the inverse laplace transform to get a solution,

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s+5}\right) = e^{-5x}u(x) \tag{0.24}$$

For the following approximate graph, I chose h = 0.01 and h = 0.1.

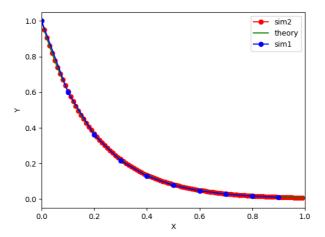


Fig. 0.1: Approximate solution of the DE