2020 January 8 Shift 1

EE24BTECH11001 - ADITYA TRIPATHY

- 16. Let two points be A(1, -1) and B(0, 2). If a point P(x', y') be such that area of $\triangle PAB = 5$ sq. units and it lies if the line, $3x + y - 4\lambda = 0$, then the value of λ is :
 - a) 4

b) 1

c) -3

d) 3

17. The shortest distance between the lines

$$\frac{x-3}{3} = \frac{y-8}{-1} = \frac{z-3}{-1}$$

And

 $\frac{x+3}{3} = \frac{y+7}{2} = \frac{z-6}{1}$ (1)

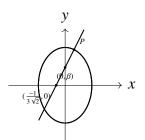
- a) $2\sqrt{30}$
- b) $\frac{7\sqrt{30}}{2}$

- d) $3\sqrt{30}$
- 18. Let the line y = mx and the ellipse $2x^2 + y^2 = 1$ intersect a point P in the first quadrant. If the normal to this ellipse at P meets the co-ordinate axes at $\left(\frac{-1}{3\sqrt{2}},0\right)$ and $(0,\beta)$, then β is equal to

b) $\frac{2}{3}$

c) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2}$

d) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$



19. If c is a point at which Rolle's Theorem holds for the function,

$$f(x) = \log_e\left(\frac{x^2 + \alpha}{7x}\right) \tag{2}$$

in the interval (3,4), where $\alpha \in R$, then f''(c) is equal to :

a) $\frac{-1}{24}$

b) $\frac{-1}{12}$

- c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{7}$
- d) $\frac{1}{12}$

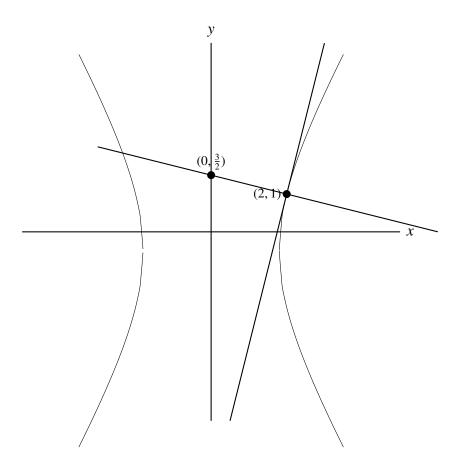
20. Let

$$f(x) = x \cos^{-1}(\sin(-|x|)), x \in \left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
 (3)

, then which of the following is true

- a) $f(0) = \frac{-\pi}{2}$
- b) f' is decreasing in $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, 0\right)$ and increasing in $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ c) f is not differentiable at x = 0
- d) f' is increasing in $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2},0\right)$ and decreasing in $\left(0,\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

- 21. An urn contains 5 red marbles, 4 black marbles and 3 white marbles. Then the number of ways in which 4 marbles can be drawn so that at most three of the are red is.
- 22. Let the normal at a point P on the curve $y^2 3x^2 + y + 10 = 0$ intersect the y-axis at $\left(0, \frac{3}{2}\right)$. If m is the slope of the tangent at P to the curve, te |m| is equal to



23. The least positive value of 'a' for which the equation

$$2x^2 + (a - 10)x + \frac{33}{2} = 2a \tag{4}$$

has real roots is

24. The sum

$$\sum_{k=1}^{20} (1+2+3+\dots+k) \tag{5}$$

is

25. The number of all 3×3 matrices A, with entries from the set $\{-1, 0, 1\}$, such that the sum of the diagonal elements of (AA^{T}) is 3, is