EE24BTECH11001 - Aditya Tripathy

Question:

Are $\mathbf{A}(3,1)$, $\mathbf{B}(6,4)$ and $\mathbf{C}(8,6)$ collinear?

Solution:

From (1.1.9.1), Points A, B, C are defined to be collinear if

$$rank (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) = 1 \tag{0.1}$$

(0.2)

So, forming the collinearity matrix and doing row operations,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 = 3R_2 - 5R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

(0.4)

Since there is only 1 non-zero row, rank = 1. Hence the points \mathbf{A} , \mathbf{B} and \mathbf{C} are collinear.

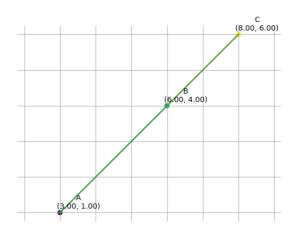


Fig. 0.1: Line joining A, B and C