## 2020 January 8 Shift 1

## EE24BTECH11001 - ADITYA TRIPATHY

- 16. Let two points be A(1,-1) and B(0,2). If a point P(x',y') be such that area of  $\Delta PAB = 5$ sq. units and it lies if the line,  $3x + y 4\lambda = 0$ , then the value of  $\lambda$  is :
  - a) 4

b) 1

c) -3

d) 3

17. The shortest distance between the lines

$$\frac{x-3}{3} = \frac{y-8}{-1} = \frac{z-3}{-1}$$

And

$$\frac{x+3}{3} = \frac{y+7}{2} = \frac{z-6}{1} \tag{1}$$

- a)  $2\sqrt{30}$
- b)  $\frac{7\sqrt{30}}{2}$

c) 3

- d)  $3\sqrt{30}$
- 18. Let the line y = mx and the ellipse  $2x^2 + y^2 = 1$  intersect a point P in the first quadrant. If the normal to this ellipse at P meets the co-ordinate axes at  $\left(\frac{-1}{3\sqrt{2}},0\right)$  and  $(0,\beta)$ , then  $\beta$  is equal to
  - a)  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

b)  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

c)  $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$ 

d)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$ 

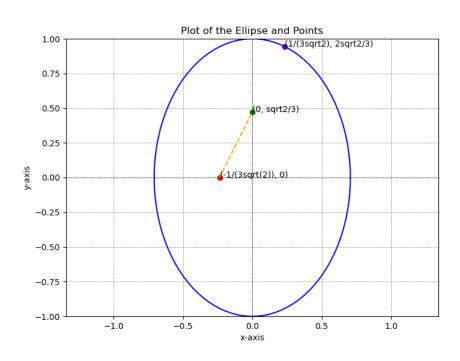


Fig. 0. Figure for q18

19. If c is a point at which Rolle's Theorem holds for the function,

$$f(x) = \log_e\left(\frac{x^2 + \alpha}{7x}\right) \tag{2}$$

in the interval (3,4), where  $\alpha \in R$ , then f''(c) is equal to :

a)  $\frac{-1}{24}$ 

b)  $\frac{-1}{12}$ 

c)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{7}$ 

d)  $\frac{1}{12}$ 

20. Let

$$f(x) = x \cos^{-1}(\sin(-|x|)), x \in \left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
 (3)

, then which of the following is true

- a)  $f(0) = \frac{-\pi}{2}$
- b) f' is decreasing in  $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, 0\right)$  and increasing in  $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
- c) f is not differentiable at x = 0d) f' is increasing in  $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, 0\right)$  and decreasing in  $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
- 21. An urn contains 5 red marbles, 4 black marbles and 3 white marbles. Then the number of ways in which 4 marbles can be drawn so that at most three of the are red is.
- 22. Let the normal at a point P on the curve  $y^2 3x^2 + y + 10 = 0$  intersect the y-axis at  $\left(0, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ . If m is the slope of the tangent at P to the curve, te |m| is equal to

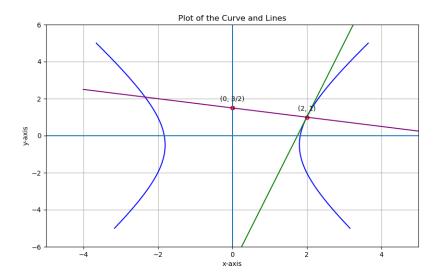


Fig. 0. Figure for q22

23. The least positive value of 'a' for which the equation

$$2x^2 + (a - 10)x + \frac{33}{2} = 2a \tag{4}$$

has real roots is

24. The sum

$$\sum_{k=1}^{20} (1+2+3+\cdots+k) \tag{5}$$

is

25. The number of all 3x3 matrices A, with entries from the set  $\{-1,0,1\}$ , such that the sum of the diagonal elements of  $(AA^{T})$  is 3, is