EE24BTECH11001 - Aditya Tripathy

Question:

Find the point on X axis which is equidistant from $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$.

Solution:

Let the desired point on the X axis be $S \binom{x}{0}$. Let A and B be the above points respectively.

$$||A - S|| = ||B - S|| \tag{0.1}$$

$$\implies \sqrt{(A-S)^{\top}(A-S)} = \sqrt{(B-S)^{\top}(B-S)} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\implies (A - S)^{\mathsf{T}} (A - S) = (B - S)^{\mathsf{T}} (B - S) \tag{0.3}$$

$$||A||^2 - S^{\mathsf{T}}A - A^{\mathsf{T}}S + ||S||^2 = ||B||^2 - S^{\mathsf{T}}B - B^{\mathsf{T}}S + ||S||^2$$
(0.4)

$$\implies 2B^{\mathsf{T}}S - 2A^{\mathsf{T}}S = ||B||^2 - ||A||^2 \tag{0.5}$$

$$\implies 2(B - A)^{\mathsf{T}} S = ||B||^2 - ||A||^2 \tag{0.6}$$

$$\implies 2S \|B - A\|^2 = (B - A)(\|B\|^2 - \|A\|^2) \tag{0.7}$$

$$\implies S = \frac{(B-A)(\|B\|^2 - \|A\|^2)}{2(\|B-A\|)^2} \tag{0.8}$$

(0.9)

Plugging in the values we get

$$\frac{60 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}}{20} \tag{0.10}$$

Since there is only one non-zero row, rank = 1. Hence the points are collinear.

Fig. 0.1: Line joining the three given points