2014-XE-14-26

EE24BTECH11001 - ADITYA TRIPATHY

- 1) Polymerized isotactic polybutadiene has a molecular weight of $3 \times 10^5 g/mol$. The degree of polymerization is (2014 XE)
- 2) A bar of Ti with Young's modulus of 110 GPa and yield strength of 880MPa is tested in tension. It is noticed that the alloy does not exhibit any strain hardening and fails at a total strain of 0.108. The mechanical energy that is necessary to break the material in MJ/m^3 is (2014 XE)
- 3) A copper cup weighing 140 g contains 80 g of water at 4 $^{\circ}C$. Specific heats of water and copper are 4.18 and 0.385 J/g $^{\circ}C$, respectively. If 100 g of water that is at 90 $^{\circ}C$ is added to the cup, the final temperature of water in $^{\circ}C$ is (2014 XE)
- 4) Match the reaction in Column I with its name in Column II.
 - L liquid α, β, γ different solid solution phases

Column I	Column II
P. L $\xrightarrow{cooling}$ $\alpha + \beta$	1. peritectic
Q. L + $\beta \xrightarrow{cooling} \gamma$	2. eutectic
$R. \alpha \xrightarrow{cooling} \beta + \gamma$	3. monotectic
	4. eutectoid

(2014 - XE)

a) P-1, Q-4, R-3

b) P-2, Q-1, R-4

c) P-2, Q-3, R-1

d) P-4, O-2, R-3

5) The Young's modulus of a unidirectional *SiC* fiber reinforced *Ti* matrix is 185 *GPa*. If the Young's modulii of *Ti* and *SiC* are 110 and 360 *GPa* respectively, the volume fraction of fibers in the composite is

(2014 - XE)

6) Match the composite in Column I with the most suitable application in Column II

Column I	Column II
P. Glass fibre reinforced plastic	1. Missile cone heads
Q. SiC particle reiforced Al alloy	2. Commercial automobile chasis
R. Carbon-carbon composite	3. Airplane wheel tyres
S. Metal fibre reinforced rubber	4. Car piston rings
	5. High performance skate boards

(2014 - XE)

a) P-4, Q-5, R-1, S-2

b) P-3, Q-5, R-2, S-4

c) P-5, Q-4, R-1, S-3

d) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1

7) Which among the following rules need to be satisfied for obtaining an isomorphous phase diagram in a binary alloy system?

- P. The atomic size difference should be less than 15%
- Q. Both the end components should have the same crystal structure
- R. The valency of the end components should be the same
- S. The end components should have dissimilar electronegativities

(2014 - XE)

a) P, Q, R

b) Q, R, S

c) R, S, P

d) S, P, Q

- 8) The energy in eV and the wavelength in μ m, respectively, of the photon emitted when an electron in a hydrogen atom falls from n = 4 to n = 2 state is (2014 XE)
 - a) 3.0, 0.413

b) 2.55, 0.365

c) 2.75, 0.451

d) 2.55, 0.487

- 9) The weight in kg of gallium (Ga) to be mixed with arsenic (As) for obtaining 1.0 kg of gallium arsenide (GaAs) is (2014 XE)
- 10) Match the material in Column I with the property in Column II

Column I	Column II
P. $Pb(Zr, Ti) O_3$	1. Shape memory alloy
Q. $Ni_{50}Ti_{50}$	2. Piezoelectric ceramic
R. GaAs	3. High temperature superconductor
S. $YBa_2Cu_3O_7$	4. Optoelectronic semiconductor

(2014 - XE)

a) P-4, Q-5, R-1, S-2

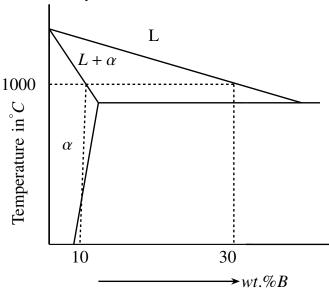
b) P-3, Q-5, R-2, S-4

c) P-5, Q-4, R-1, S-3

d) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1

(2014 - XE)

11) Relevant portion of a binary phase diagram of elements A and B is shown below. The mass fraction of liquid phase at $1000^{\circ}C$ for an alloy with 15 wt.%B is (2014 - XE)



- 12) The expected diffraction angle (in degrees) for the first order reflection from the (113) set of planes for face centered cubic Pt (lattice parameter = 0.392 nm) using monochromatic radiation of wavelength 0.1542 nm is (2014 XE)
- 13) The diffusion coefficients of iMg in Al at 500 and $550^{\circ}C$ are 1.9×10^{-13} and $5.8 \times 10^{-13} m^2/s$ respectively. The activation energy for diffusion of Mg in Al in kJ/mol is (2014 XE)