

# Probability Assignment 3 (12.13.5.7)

Aditya Varun V (AI22BTECH11001)

## Question

In an examination, 20 questions of true-false type are asked. Suppose a student tosses a fair coin to determine his answer to each question. If the coin falls heads, he answers 'true'; if it fails, he answers 'false'. Find the probability that he answers at least 12 questions correctly.

## Solution

VARIABLE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
$n$	20	Number of questions in the examination
$p$	0.5	Probability of coin showing heads
$X$	-	Number of questions answered correctly

TABLE 1

$X$  follows a binomial distribution,

$$X = \text{Bin}(n, p) \quad (1)$$

$$= \text{Bin}(20, 0.5) \quad (2)$$

The mean of  $X$ ,

$$\mu = n \times p \quad (3)$$

$$= 10 \quad (4)$$

The Variance of  $X$ ,

$$\sigma^2 = n \times p \times (1 - p) \quad (5)$$

$$= 5 \quad (6)$$

### 1) Gaussian

Applying the normal approximation to  $X$  for large values of  $n$ ,

$$\Pr(X \geq a) = Q(a) = \int_{a-0.5}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(k-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dk \quad (7)$$

$$Q(12) = \int_{11.5}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10\pi}} e^{-\frac{(k-10)^2}{10}} dk \quad (8)$$

$$(9)$$

On computation,

$$Q(12) \approx 0.2512 \quad (10)$$

### 2) Binomial

Since  $X$  follows binomial distribution,

$$\Pr(X = k) = {}^nC_k p^k q^{n-k} \quad (11)$$

$$\Pr(X \geq k) = \sum_{t=k}^{20} {}^nC_t p^t q^{n-t} \quad (12)$$

for  $k = 12$ ,

$$\Pr(X \geq 12) = \sum_{t=12}^{20} {}^{20}C_t (0.5)^t (0.5)^{20-t} \quad (13)$$

$$= 0.2517 \quad (14)$$

### 3) **Comparison**

The approximation holds since the value of  $p = 0.5$  and  $n$  is large enough. The approximation has a relative error of 0.2%.