

Solution Gate EC 29.2022

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Question 29 Let $H(X)$ denote the entropy of a discrete random variable X taking K possible distinct real values. Which of the following statements is/are necessarily true?

(A) $H(X) \leq \log_2 K$ bits

(B) $H(X) \leq H(2X)$

(C) $H(X) \leq H(X^2)$

(D) $H(X) \leq H(2^X)$

Solution: For Option(A) we will find the $H(X)_{max}$

Random independent variable	value of R.V	Description
X	$X \in (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_K)$	Value of the discrete variable X

We know that :

$$\sum_{i=0}^k P_X x_i = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$H(X) = \sum_{i=0}^k P_X x_i \log_2 \frac{1}{P_X x_i} \quad (2)$$

Now, we use lagranges multiplier to find the maximum entropy subject to the lagranges multiplier constant λ and $P_X x_i$

$$L(P_X x_i, \lambda) = - \sum_0^k P_X x_i \log_2 P_X x_i + \lambda \left(\sum_0^k P_X x_i - 1 \right) \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial P_X x_i} = -\log_2 P_X x_i - 1 + \lambda \quad (4)$$

Now, we take the derivative of L with respect to each $P_X x_i$ equal to zero for $H(X)_{max}$

$$\lambda = \log_2 \frac{2}{k} \quad (5)$$

$$P_X x_i = 1/K \quad (6)$$

If all the K distinct values of the variable have the same probability, then Entropy will be maximum
On solving, we get the value of

$$H(X)_{max} = \log_2 K \quad (7)$$

but, we know that every value will have a different value so,

$$H(X) \leq \log_2 K \quad (8)$$

Hence, Option(A) is correct Let's consider the discrete variable as follows

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$X \in x_i$	P_{Xx_i}
-1	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$H(X) = \frac{1}{4} \log_2 4 + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 2 + \frac{1}{4} \log_2 4 \quad (9)$$

$$H(X) = 1.5 \text{ units} \quad (10)$$

Now $Y = 2X$

$Y \in y_i$	P_{Yy_i}
-2	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
2	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$H(Y) = \sum_{i=0}^2 P_{Yy_i} \log_2 \frac{1}{P_{Yy_i}} \quad (11)$$

$$H(Y) = 1.5 \text{ units} \quad (12)$$

$$H(Y) = H(2X) = H(X) \quad (13)$$

Hence, Option(B) is correct

Similarly on substituting $Y = X^2$

$Y \in y_i$	P_{Yy_i}
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	$\frac{1}{2}$

$$H(Y) = \sum_{i=0}^1 P_{Yy_i} \log_2 \frac{1}{P_{Yy_i}} \quad (14)$$

$$H(Y) = 1 \text{ units} \quad (15)$$

$$H(Y) = H(X^2) \leq H(X) \quad (16)$$

Hence, Option(C) is incorrect

Now for $Y = 2^X$

As the function Y is monotonically increasing, so for every distinct X, we get a distinct Y

$$H(Y) = H(2^X) = H(X) \quad (17)$$

Hence, Option(D) is correct

The ans is (A), (B), (D)