

# Solution Gate EC 29.2022

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**Question 29** Let  $H(X)$  denote the entropy of a discrete random variable  $X$  taking  $K$  possible distinct real values. Which of the following statements is/are necessarily true?

(A)  $H(X) \leq \log_2 K$  bits

(B)  $H(X) \leq H(2X)$

(C)  $H(X) \leq H(X^2)$

(D)  $H(X) \leq H(2^X)$

**Solution:**

Random independent variable	value of R.V	Description
$X$	$X \in (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_K)$	Value of the discrete variable $X$

1) For Option(A) we will find the  $H(X)_{max}$

We know that :

$$\sum_{k=0}^K p_X(k) = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$H(X) = \sum_{k=0}^K p_X(k) \log_2 \frac{1}{p_X(k)} \quad (2)$$

Now, we use lagranges multiplier to find the maximum entropy subject to the lagranges multiplier constant  $\lambda$  and  $p_X(k)$

$$L(p_X(k), \lambda) = - \sum_{k=0}^K p_X(k) \log_2 p_X(k) + \lambda \left( \sum_{k=0}^K p_X(k) - 1 \right) \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial p_X(k)} = -\log_2 p_X(k) - 1 + \lambda \quad (4)$$

Now, we take the derivative of  $L$  with respect to each  $p_X(k)$  equal to zero for  $H(X)_{max}$

$$\lambda = \log_2 \frac{2}{k} \quad (5)$$

$$p_X(k) = 1/K \quad (6)$$

On solving, we get the value of

$$H(X)_{max} = \log_2 K \quad (7)$$

$$H(X) \leq \log_2 K \quad (8)$$

Hence, Option(A) is correct

Let's consider the discrete variable as follows

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$X \in x_i$	$p_X(k)$
-1	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$H(X) = \frac{1}{4} \log_2 4 + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 2 + \frac{1}{4} \log_2 4 \quad (9)$$

$$H(X) = 1.5 \text{ units} \quad (10)$$

2) Now  $Y = 2X$

$Y \in y_i$	$p_Y(k)$
-2	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
2	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$H(Y) = \sum_{i=0}^2 p_Y(k) \log_2 \frac{1}{p_Y(k)} \quad (11)$$

$$H(Y) = 1.5 \text{ units} \quad (12)$$

$$H(Y) = H(2X) = H(X) \quad (13)$$

Hence, Option(B) is correct

3) Similarly on substituting  $Y = X^2$

$Y \in y_i$	$p_Y(k)$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	$\frac{1}{2}$

$$H(Y) = \sum_{i=0}^1 p_Y(k) \log_2 \frac{1}{p_Y(k)} \quad (14)$$

$$H(Y) = 1 \text{ units} \quad (15)$$

$$H(Y) = H(X^2) \leq H(X) \quad (16)$$

Hence, Option(C) is incorrect

4) Now for  $Y = 2^X$

As the function Y is monotonically increasing, so for every distinct X, we get a distinct Y

$$H(Y) = H(2^X) = H(X) \quad (17)$$

Hence, Option(D) is correct

The ans is (A), (B), (D)