

Disease Prediction Website

Final Year Project

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Motivation

- Diabetes and skin diseases are among the most neglected/poorly diagnosed diseases prevalent in the majority of the population of the globe around.
- Hence we have tried to built a website ,using which people showing probable symptoms can at least be made aware about their present health status and By uploading the skin images, they can at least get the idea of the skin diseases which may have the most probability of occurrence.

Features of Website

- User can login or Register through our site.
- Then after authentication from the backend user gets directed to the home page.
- It has two tabs-
 - Check skin-disease where user can upload the skin image and get the predicted result accordingly.
 - Another tab is for Check Diabetes where user just check mark some listed symptoms and get the predicted results.

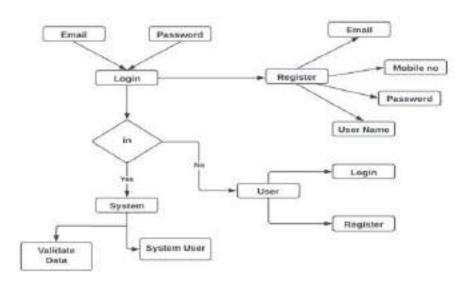
Symptoms taken in Diabetes

- 1.Polyupesia
- 2.Polyurea
- 3. Sudden weight loss
- 4. Visual blurring
- 5.Irritability
- **6.Partial Paresis**
- 7.Weakness
- 8.Genital Thrush
- 9. Delayed hearing
- 10.ltching
- 11. Muscle Stiffness
- 12.Obesity
- 13.Gender
- 14.Aplopecia

Focused Skin Disease for Now

- 1.Acne
- 2. Vitiligo
- 3.Hairloss
- 4. Nail fungus
- 5. Poison Ivy and other contact Dermatitis
- 6.Melanome
- 7. Warts Molluscum
- 8.Clear Skin

Website ER Diagram



Technology Used



- ☐ Flask- Flask is a small and lightweight Python web framework that provides useful tools and features that make creating web applications in Python easier. It gives developers flexibility and is a more accessible framework for new developers since you can build a web application quickly using only a single Python file.
- mySQL MySQL is a widely used relational database management system (RDBMS). MySQL is free and open-source.



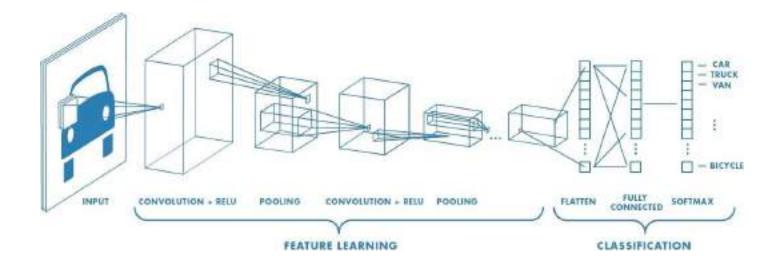


□ Python- Python is a popular multi-purpose programming language widely used for its flexibility, as well as its extensive collection of libraries, which are valuable for analytics and complex calculations

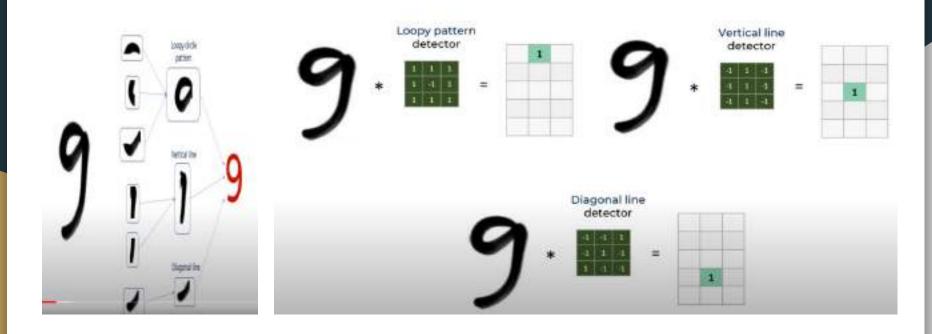
METHEDOLOGY

□ Skin diseases

CNN- In deep learning, a convolutional neural network (CNN/ConvNet) is a class of deep neural networks, most commonly applied to analyze visual imagery.

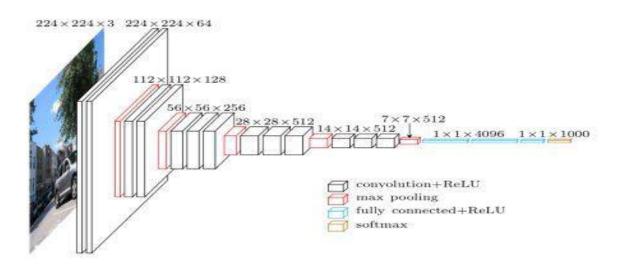


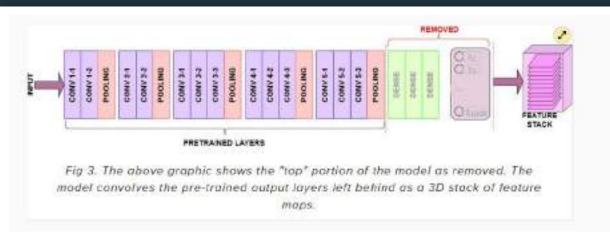
How does CNN work?



VGG16

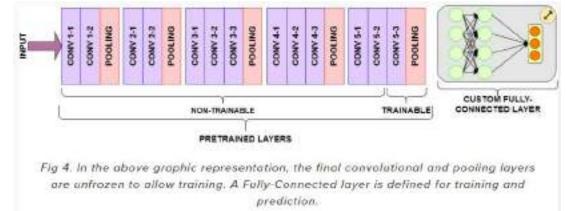
VGG16- VGG-16 is a convolutional neural network that is 16 layers deep. You can load a pre-trained version of the network trained on more than a million images from the ImageNet database.



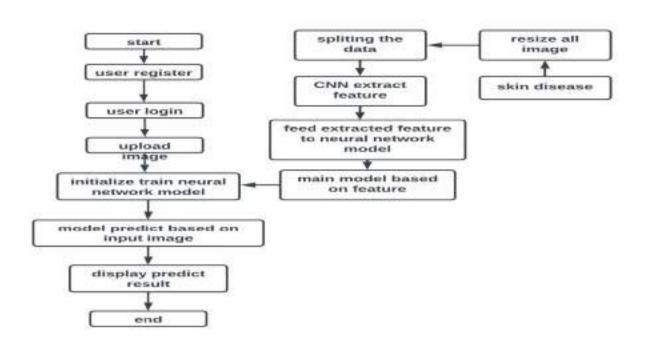


Removing top layers

Introducing custom layers



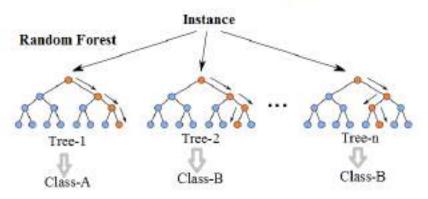
Skin Disease Flowchart



□ Diabetes

Random Forest-Random Forest is a popular machine learning algorithm that belongs to the supervised learning technique. It can be used for both Classification and Regression problems in ML. It is based on the concept of **ensemble learning**, which is a process of *combining multiple classifiers to solve a complex problem and to improve the performance of the model.*

Random Forest Simplified



Dataset

√ge 3	Gender 6 Male	Polyuria Yes	Polydipsia sudden we weakness			Polyphagia Genital thr visual blurr Itching				Irritability delayed he partial par muscle stif Alopecia					Obesity	class
			No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	Positive
	43 Male	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Positive
	31 Male	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Positive
	66 Male	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Positive
	61 Female	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Positive
	58 Female	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Positive
	69 Female	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Positive
	40 Male	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Negative
	28 Male	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Negative
	37 Male	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Negative
	34 Male	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Negative
	30 Male	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Negative
	67 Male	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Negative
	60 Male	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Negative
	58 Male	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Negative
	54 Male	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Negative
	43 Male	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Negative
	39 Male	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Negative

Calculate Information Gain for each Attribute

Entrophy(dataset) = $-(7/18)\log(7/18)-(11/18)\log(11/18)=0.29021$

S[+7,-11]

Value(gender)=Male, Female

Entrophy(male)=-(4/15)log(4/15)-(11/15)log(11/15)=0.251

S(male)[+4.-11]

Entrophy(female)= $-(3/3)\log(3/3)-(0/3)\log(0/3)=0$

S(female)[+3,-0]

Gain(gender)=Entrophy(dataset)- $\sum |Sv|/|S|*Entrophy(Sv)=0.081$

Similarly we can calculate Information gain of all attributes:

Gain(polyuria)=0.16

Gain(polyudesia)=0.023

Gain(sudden Weight loss)=0.09

Gain(visual Blurring)= 0.12

Gain(Irritability)=0.04

Gain(Partial Paresis)=0.202

Gain(Weakness)=0.079

Gain(Genital trush)=0.075

Now the attribute with maximum gain is made root node. Here, Polyurea is made the root node.

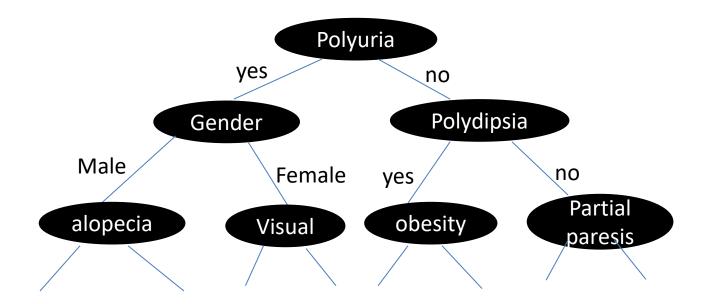
Gain(Delayed hearing)=0.01

Gain(Itching)=0.036

Gain(Muscle Stiffness)=0.092

Gain(Alopecia)=0.054

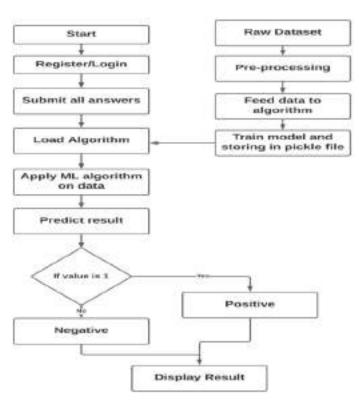
Gain(Obesity)=0.102



Leave node will contain the classes to which the user belong.

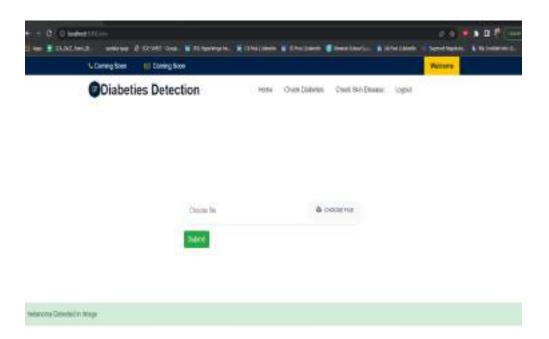
Diabetes Diabetes Diabetes

Diabetes Prediction Flowchart

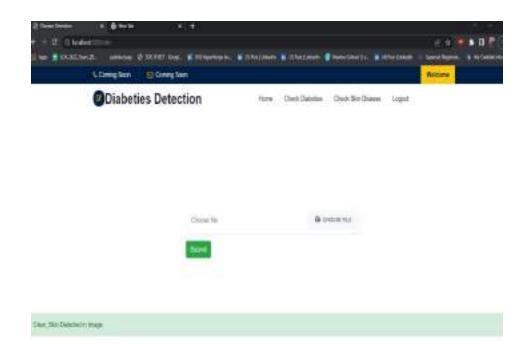


Outcome of Skin disease prediction









Outcome of diabetes prediction

©Diabeties Detection

Recently dis you observe sudden weight

What is your Aper

Do you have Polyuna?

Yes

Do you have Polyphagis?

Do you have Westel bits rring?

56 you have Partial parests?

Vers

the year have writability?

Do you have Moresta?

42

No.

Viscola

Valente

Marrie

No

Yellow.

New

Parisi.

Yers

Marc

Ferral P.

Lets Predict: What is your Dendard Autosbe Pierrake Do you have Polydipals? West. Fakit Do you feet any Weekness? Yes. Feto Co you have Genical shrush? Virte. Pate Do you have Hishing? West 53 thistory Do you have Ostaved healing? YES. Do you have Muncle stiffness? Yes. **Page** Do you have Otrestty? Feen Prevalent YOU don't have Distortio, Please consult.

with Doctor for verification.

America at Novelle

Charle Statemen

Chack Skin Disease

Lopout

Conclusion

- The purpose of the project is to create early awareness about diseases and timely treatment of problems which might later prove to be fatal.
- Machine learning-based approach has been proposed for the forecast of diabetes. Machine learning classifiers have been utilized to characterize diabetes, with Random Forest (RF) and Naive bayes(NB). In our analysis, Random forest algorithm gives the accuracy up to 94% while Naive Bayes gave the accuracy up to 86%.
- Medical professionals and advanced instruments are needed to diagnose these skin diseases due to the lack of a feasible solution in the images of skin diseases. The proposed framework incorporates in-depth learning strategies such as CNN architecture and a predefined model VGG16. The accuracy is about 86%.

Limitations:

- Limited Dataset for prediction.
- Accuracy of the model decreased when number of diseases increased in skin disease prediction.
- Images in dataset may be noisy which makes our model to predict wrong answers.

Future Scope

- In future we aim to enhance the applicability of our website by including more number of diseases for example related to cancer, TB, and a lot of worlds neglected tropical diseases including meningitis, diphtheria etc.
- If accurate dataset is present then it is really easy to predict above mentioned diseases using neural networks and machine learning.
- An app could also be developed to increase the target audience.

References

- 1.https://biomedpharmajournal.org/vol11no3/automated-skin-disease-identification-using-deep-learning-algorithm/
- 2. G.H. Dayan, et al. Recent resurgence of mumps in the United States. New England Journal of Medicine, vol. 358, no. 15, pages 1580–1589, 2008. https://doi.org/10.1056/NEJMoa0706589
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- 4. https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2022/01/diabetes-prediction-using-machine-learning/

THANK YOU!