Bansilal Ramnath Agarwal Charitable Trust's

Vishwakarma Institute of Technology, Pune-37

(Anautonomous Institute of Savitribai Phule Pune University)



Department of Multidisciplinary Engineering

Division	
	CS-A
Batch	
	B1
Roll no.	
	90
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1. Finding The Difference Between Today And Given Date From Input In Days

```
#!/bin/bash

date_diff() {
  today=$(date +"%Y-%m-%d")
  read -p "Enter a date (YYYY-mm-dd): " userDate

if [[! $userDate =~ ^[0-9]{4}-[0-9]{2}-[0-9]{2}$ ]]; then
  echo "Enter a valid date (YYYY-mm-dd)"
  exit 1
  fi

dateDiff=$(( ($(date -d "$userDate" +%s) - $(date -d "$today" +%s)) / 86400 ))
  echo "The difference between $userDate and today ($today) is $dateDiff days."
}

date_diff
```

```
Admin@DESKTOP-8R2MHT8 MINGW64 /d/MY USERS/Aditya/ENGINEERING/Sem2/OS/Contents (master) $ bash date_diff.sh Enter a date (YYYY-mm-dd): 2024-04-23 The difference between 2024-04-23 and today (2024-01-28) is 86 days.
```

 $Concepts\ Covered-Function,\ Condition\ Statements\ ,\ Commands,\ Accepting\ Input\ ,\ Arithmetic\ Operations.$

2. Using '*' Designing 'L' Pattern In Shell Script .

```
#!/bin/bash

printStar() {
    size=5

for ((i = 1; i <= size; i++)); do
```

```
for ((j = 1; j <= size; j++)); do
    if [ $i -eq $((size / 2 + 1)) ] || [ $j -eq $((size / 2 + 1)) ]; then
        echo -n "xx"
    else
        echo -n " "
        fi
        done
        echo ""
        done
}</pre>
```

Concepts Covered – Pattern Creation, Loops(Control Structures), Functions, Conditional Statements

3. Finding Unique Elements From Given Array/Removing Duplicate Elements From Array

```
#!bin/bash
myArray=($1 $2 $3 $4 $5 $6 $7 $8)
for element in "${myArray[@]}"; do
    if [[!" ${uniqueArray[@]}" =~ "$element"]]; then
        uniqueArray+=("$element")
    fi
    done
echo "original Array : ${myArray[@]}"
echo "Unique Array : ${uniqueArray[@]}"
```

```
Admin@DESKTOP-8R2MHT8 MINGW64 /d/MY USERS/Aditya/ENGINEERING/Sem2/OS/Contents (master) $ bash unique_array.sh 12 43 23 32 23 87 23 88 98 88 original Array : 12 43 23 32 23 87 23 88 Unique Array : 12 43 23 32 87 88
```

 $Concepts\ Covered-Command\ Line\ Arguments\ ,\ Arrays\ ,Strings\ (Dynamic\ Strings), Conditional\ Statements\ ,\ Control\ Structures$

4. Shell Script To Manipulate Strings

```
#!/bin/bash

reverseString() {
    read -p "Enter a string: " inputString

    reversedString=""
    length=${#inputString}

    for ((i = length - 1; i >= 0; i--)); do
        reversedString="${reversedString}${inputString:$i:1}"
    done

    echo "Original String: $inputString"
    echo "Reversed String: $reversedString"
}

reverseString
```

```
Admin@DESKTOP-8R2MHT8 MINGW64 /d/MY USERS/Aditya/ENGINEERING/Sem2/OS/Contents (master) $ bash reverseString.sh Enter a string: Linux OS Original String: Linux OS Reversed String: SO xuniL
```

Concepts Covered – String Operation, Control Structures ,Functions

5. Handling File Operations

```
aditya@Ubantu:~$ touch lab.sh
aditya@Ubantu:~$ vi lab.sh
aditya@Ubantu:~$ sh lab.sh
This Is
Linux
OS
aditya@Ubantu:~$
```

Concepts Covered – File Creation And handling Using Vi Editor