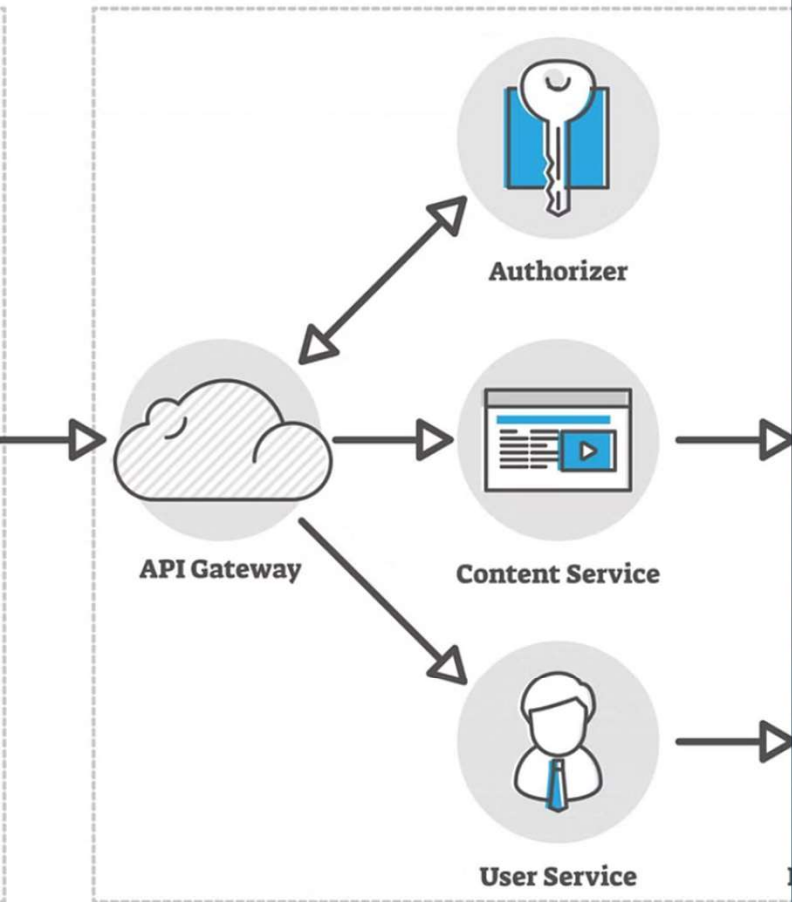


SERVERLESS

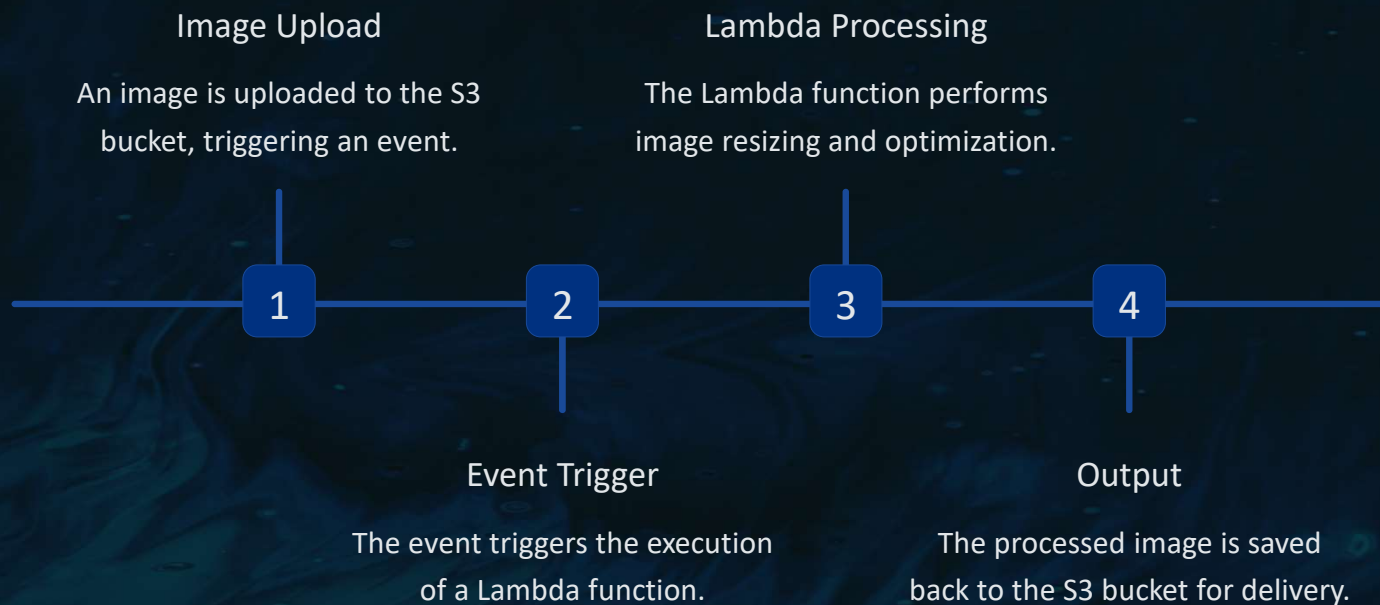


Introduction to Serverless Image Processing

This presentation explores the concept of building a serverless image processing application using AWS services, designed to automatically resize and optimize images uploaded to an S3 bucket.

A by Aditya UB

Serverless Architecture Overview



AWS Services Used: S3, Lambda, API Gateway

Amazon S3

Provides storage for images and triggers Lambda functions on uploads.

AWS Lambda

Executes code in response to events, like S3 object uploads.

Amazon API Gateway

Provides an interface for accessing the processed images.

Automated Image Resizing and Optimization

1

Resizing

Adjusting the image dimensions to different sizes, for example, thumbnails or large banners.

2

Compression

Reducing the file size of the image without sacrificing quality, for faster loading times.

3

Format Conversion

Converting the image format to a more efficient option, like WebP or JPEG 2000, for better performance.

4

Sharpening

Enhancing the image's sharpness for a crisper and more appealing visual.

S3 Bucket Setup and Triggers



Bucket Creation

Creating a new S3 bucket to store the original and processed images.



Event Notification

Configuring S3 to trigger Lambda functions when new objects are uploaded.



Access Control

Setting appropriate permissions to allow Lambda functions to access and modify objects in the bucket.



Object Naming Convention

Implementing a consistent naming convention for organizing images within the bucket.

Lambda Function Implementation

1

Event Handling

Receiving the event from S3 and extracting the image object details.

2

Image Processing

Utilizing libraries like Pillow or OpenCV to resize, optimize, and convert the image.

3

Output Generation

Saving the processed image back to the S3 bucket with a designated naming convention.

4

Response

Sending a success or error response back to the S3 event, indicating the processing status.

API Gateway for Image Delivery

API Gateway Endpoint	Public endpoint URL for accessing the processed images.
Authorization	Securing access to the API endpoint, if necessary.
Caching	Optimizing performance by caching frequently accessed images.
Integration	Connecting the API Gateway to the S3 bucket for retrieving the processed images.

Conclusion and Next Steps

Benefits

Serverless architecture offers scalability, cost-efficiency, and ease of development.

Future Enhancements

Explore advanced image processing techniques like object detection or image recognition.

Integration with Other Services

Integrate the application with content management systems or e-commerce platforms.



**Serverless
Computing**