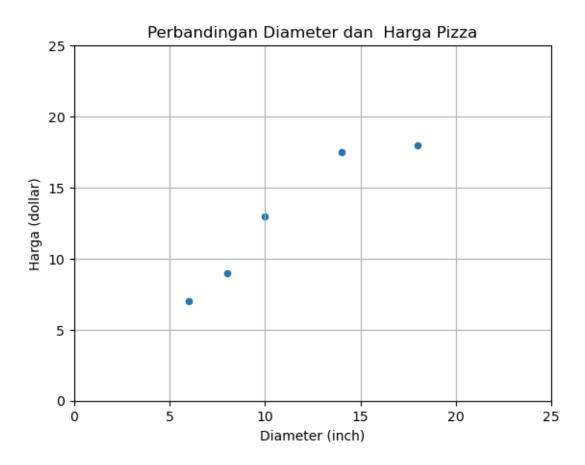
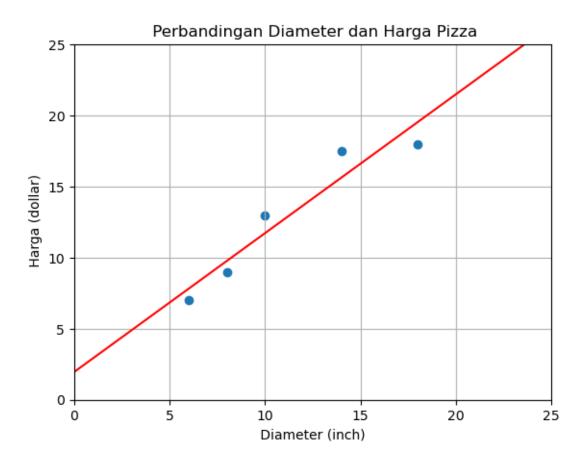
week5

June 24, 2024

```
[4]: import pandas as pd
     pizza = {'diameter': [6, 8, 10, 14, 18],
               'harga' : [7, 9, 13, 17.5, 18]}
      pizza_df = pd.DataFrame (pizza)
     pizza_df
 [4]:
         diameter harga
                6
                     7.0
                     9.0
     1
               8
      2
                    13.0
               10
      3
                    17.5
               14
      4
                    18.0
               18
[12]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      pizza_df.plot(kind='scatter', x='diameter', y='harga')
      plt.title('Perbandingan Diameter dan Harga Pizza')
      plt.xlabel('Diameter (inch)')
     plt.ylabel('Harga (dollar)')
      plt.xlim(0, 25)
      plt.ylim(0, 25)
      plt.grid(True)
     plt.show()
```



```
[10],
             [14],
             [18]])
[29]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
      model = LinearRegression()
      model.fit(x,y)
[29]: LinearRegression()
[32]: X_vis = np.array ( [0, 25]) . reshape (-1, 1)
     y_vis = model.predict (X_vis)
[36]: plt.scatter(x,y)
      plt.plot (X_vis, y_vis, '-r')
      plt.title (' Perbandingan Diameter dan Harga Pizza')
      plt.xlabel (' Diameter (inch) ')
     plt.ylabel (' Harga (dollar)')
      plt.xlim (0, 25)
      plt.ylim(0, 25)
      plt.grid (True)
      plt.show ()
```



```
[46]: print (f'intercept: {model.intercept_}')
     print (f'slope: {model. coef_}')
     intercept: 1.965517241379315
     slope: [0.9762931]
[50]: print(f'x:\n{x}\n')
      print (f'x flatten: {x.flatten()}\n')
      print (f'y: {y}')
     x:
     [[ 6]
      [8]
      [10]
      [14]
      [18]]
     x flatten: [ 6 8 10 14 18]
     y: [7.
             9. 13. 17.5 18.]
```

```
[62]: variance_x = np.var(x.flatten(), ddof=1)
      print(f'variance: {variance_x}')
     variance: 23.2
[64]: np.cov(x.flatten(),y)
[64]: array([[23.2, 22.65],
             [22.65, 24.3]])
[66]: covariance_xy = np.cov(x.transpose(), y)[0][1]
      print(f'covariance: {covariance_xy}')
     covariance: 22.650000000000002
[68]: slope = covariance_xy / variance_x
      print(f'slope:{slope}')
     slope:0.976293103448276
[70]: | intercept = np.mean(y) - slope * np.mean(x)
      print(f'intercept: {intercept}')
     intercept: 1.9655172413793096
[75]: diameter_pizza = np.array ( [12, 20, 23]).reshape(-1, 1)
      diameter_pizza
[75]: array([[12],
             [20],
             [23]])
[77]: prediksi_harga = model.predict (diameter_pizza)
      prediksi_harga
[77]: array([13.68103448, 21.49137931, 24.42025862])
[91]: for dmtr, hrg in zip(diameter_pizza, prediksi_harga):
          print(f'Diameter:{dmtr} predilsi harga: {hrg}')
     Diameter: [12] predilsi harga: 13.681034482758621
     Diameter: [20] predilsi harga: 21.491379310344826
     Diameter: [23] predilsi harga: 24.42025862068965
```

```
[98]: X_train = np.array ( [6, 8, 10, 14, 18]) .reshape (-1, 1)
       y_train = np.array( [7, 9, 13, 17.5, 18])
       X_{\text{test}} = \text{np.array}([8, 9, 11, 16, 12]).reshape(-1, 1)
       y_test = np.array ( [11, 8.5, 15, 18, 11])
[102]: model = LinearRegression()
       model.fit(X_train, y_train)
[102]: LinearRegression()
[104]: from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
       y_pred = model.predict (X_test)
       r_squared = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
       print(f'R-squared: {r_squared}')
      R-squared: 0.6620052929422553
[108]: ss_{res}=sum([(y_i-model.predict(x_i.reshape(-1,1))[0])**2
                   for x_i, y_i in zip(X_test, y_test)])
       print(f'ss_res: {ss_res}')
      ss_res: 19.1980993608799
[120]: mean_y = np.mean(y_test)
       ss_tot = sum=([(y_i-mean_y)**2 for y_i in y_test])
       print(f'ss_tot: {ss_tot}')
      ss tot: [2.88999999999975, 17.639999999993, 5.29000000000004,
      28.090000000000007, 2.88999999999995]
[122]: r_squared = 1- (ss_res/ss_tot)
       print(f'R-squared: {r_squared}')
```

R-squared: [-5.64294096 -0.08832763 -2.62913031 0.3165504 -5.64294096]