#### **Life Processes**

# Question 1.

In which of the following group/ groups of animals, heart does not pump oxygenated blood to different parts of the body?

- (a) Pisces only
- (b) Amphibians only
- (c) Amphibians and reptiles only
- (d) Pisces and amphibians

# **▼** Answer

(a) Pisces only

#### Question 2.

The filtration units of kidneys are called -

- (a) Ureter
- (b) Urethra
- (c) Neurons
- (d) nephrons.

#### ▼ Answer

(d) nephrons

#### Question 3.

Name the substances whose build up in the muscles during vigorous physical exercise may cause cramps?

- (a) Ethanol + Carbon dioxide + Energy
- (b) Lactic acid + Energy
- (c) Carbon dioxide + Water + Energy
- (d) Pyruvate

# **▼** Answer

(b) Lactic acid + Energy

#### Question 4.

When air is blown from mouth into a test – tube containing lime water, the lime water turned milky due to presence of:

- (a) oxygen
- (b) nitrogen
- (c) water vapour
- (d) carbon dioxide

#### **▼** Answer

(d) carbon dioxide

# Question 5.

The mode of nutrition found in fungi is:

- (a) Parasitic nutrition
- (b) Holozoic nutrition
- (c) Autotrophic nutrition
- (d) Saprotrophic nutrition

#### **▼** Answer

# (d) Saprotrophic nutrition

#### Question 6.

The site of photosynthesis in the cells of a leaf is

- (a) chloroplast
- (b) mitochondria
- (c) cytoplasm
- (d) protoplasm

# **▼** Answer

# (a) chloroplast

#### Question 7.

During contraction of heart, what prevents back flow of blood?

- (a) Thin walls of atria
- (b) Thick muscular walls of ventricles
- (c) Valves in heart
- (d) All of the above

#### **▼** Answer

# (c) Valves in heart

#### Question 8.

Woody plants carry gaseous exchange through

- (a) root hair
- (b) stem hair
- (c) Lenticels
- (d) epidermal cells.

# **▼** Answer

# (c) Lenticels

# Question 9.

The contraction and expansion movement of the walls of the food pipe is called:

- (a) translocation
- (b) transpiration
- (c) peristaltic movement
- (d) digestion

#### ▼ Answer

# (c) peristaltic movement

# Question 10.

The process by which blood is cleared of metabolic wastes in case of kidney failure is called

- (a) artificial kidney
- (b) dialysis
- (c) transplantation
- (d) filtration

#### **▼** Answer

# (b) dialysis

# Question 11.

Trachea do not collapse when there is not much air because they are:

- (a) thick and muscular
- (b) having cartilaginous rings
- (c) have valves
- (d) supported by larynx.

#### ▼ Answer

# (b) having cartilaginous rings

# Question 12.

Which of the following events in the mouth cavity will be affected if salivary amylase is lacking in the saliva?

- (a) Starch breaking down into sugars.
- (b) Proteins breaking down into amino acids.
- (c) Absorption of vitamins.
- (d) Fats breaking down into fatty acids and glycerol.

## **▼** Answer

(a) Starch breaking down into sugars.

# Question 13.

Which region of the alimentary canal absorbs the digested food?

- (a) Stomach
- (b) Small intestine
- (c) Large intestine
- (d) Liver

# ▼ Answer

(b) Small intestine

# Question 14.

Amoeba shows following kind of nutrition.

- (a) autotrophic
- (b) holozoic
- (c) saprotrophic
- (d) parasitic

#### ▼ Answer

(b) holozoic

#### Question 15.

The exit of unabsorbed food material is regulated by

- (a) liver
- (b) anus
- (c) small intestine
- (d) anal sphincter

#### ▼ Answer

(d) anal sphincter

# Question 16. When a few drops of iodine solution are added to rice water, the solution turns blue- black in colour. This indicates that rice water contains: (a) fats (b) complex proteins (c) starch (d) simple proteins **▼** Answer (c) starch Question 17. The breakdown of pyruvate to give carbon di-oxide, water and energy takes place in (a) cytoplasm (b) mitochondria (c) chloroplast (d) nucleus **▼** Answer (b) mitochondria Question 18. Glycolysis process occurs in which part of the cell? (a) Cytoplasm (b) Nucleus (c) Mitochondria (d) Chloroplast **▼** Answer (a) Cytoplasm Question 19. The respiratory pigment in human beings is: (a) carotene (b) chlorophyll (c) haemoglobin (d) mitochondria **▼** Answer (c) haemoglobin Question 20. Name the pores in a leaf through which respi-ratory exchange of gases takes place. (a) Lenticels (b) Vacuoles (c) Xylem (d) Stomata ▼ Answer

(d) Stomata

# Question 21. Name a circulatory fluid in the human body other than blood. (a) Platelets (b) RBC (c) Lymph (d) Plasma ▼ Answer (c) Lymph Question 22. A blood vessel which pumps the blood from the heart to the entire body: (a) artery (b) capillary (c) Vein (d) Haemoglobin ▼ Answer (a) artery Question 23. Name the tube which connects the kidneys to the urinary bladder. (a) Urethra (b) Nephron (c) Tubule (d) Ureter **▼** Answer (d) Ureter Question 24. Single circulation, i.e., blood flows through the heart only once during one cycle of passage through the body, is exhibited by which of the following: (a) hyla, rana, draco (b) whale, dolphin, turtle (c) labeo, chameleon, salamander

- (d) hippocampus, exocoetus, anabas

## **▼** Answer

(d) hippocampus, exocoetus, anabas

# Question 25.

Which part of nephron allows the selective re absorption of useful substances like glucose, amino acids, salts and water into the blood capillaries?

- (a) Tubule
- (b) Glomerulus
- (c) Bowman's capsule
- (d) Ureter

#### ▼ Answer

(a) Tubule

# Question 26.

The part of the digestive system where no digestion takes place is

- (a) ileum
- (b) stomach
- (c) mouth
- (d) esophagus

#### ▼ Answer

(d) esophagus

# Question 27.

Normal blood pressure (systolic/diastolic) is

- (a) 120/80 mm of Hg
- (b) 160/80 mm of Hg
- (c) 120/60 mm of Hg
- (d) 180/80 mm of Hg

#### ▼ Answer

(a) 120/80 mm of Hg

#### Question 28.

The procedure used for cleaning the blood of a person by separating urea from it is called:

- (a) osmosis
- (b) filtration
- (c) dialysis
- (d) double circulation

#### **▼** Answer

(c) dialysis

#### Question 29.

Assertion: All proteins in our food are digested in small intestine only.

Reason: The protein digesting enzymes are released onto small intestine.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.
- (e) Both A and R are false.

#### ▼ Answer

(e) Both A and R are false.

#### Question 30.

Assertion: When air is passed through lime water, lime water turns milky.

Reason: Air contains 78% nitrogen and 21% oxygen.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.
- (e) Both A and R are false.

#### **▼** Answer

(b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

# Question 31.

Assertion: Human heart does not allow mixing of oxygen reach blood with carbon dioxide reach blood.

Reason: Human heart has different chambers.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.
- (e) Both A and R are false.

# **▼** Answer

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

#### Question 32.

Assertion: Veins have thin walls to collect blood from different organs.

Reason: Blood in veins are not under pressure.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.
- (e) Both A and R are false.

#### **▼** Answer

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

#### Question 33.

Which plant tissue transports water and minerals from the roots to the leaf?

- (a) Xylem
- (b) Phloem
- (c) Parenchyma
- (d) Collenchyma

#### **▼** Answer

(a) Xylem

# Question 34.

Autotrophic organisms include

- (a) bacteria and virus
- (b) bacteria and fungi
- (c) green plants and some bacteria
- (d) green plants and all bacteria

#### **▼** Answer

(c) green plants and some bacteria

# Question 35.

The process in which loss of water takes place in the form of water vapour through stomata is called

- (a) transportation
- (b) transpiration

(c) guttation (d) translocation ▼ Answer (b) transpiration Question 36. A large quantity of one of the following is removed from our body by lungs: (a) CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O (b) CO<sub>2</sub> only (c) FLO only (d) ammonia **▼** Answer (a) CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O Question 37. Blood pressure is measured by an instrument called (a) barometer (b) sphygmomanometer (c) photometer (d) manometer **▼** Answer (b) sphygmomanometer Ouestion 38. The autotrophic mode of nutrition requires (a) carbon dioxide and water (b) chlorophyll (c) sunlight (d) all of the above **▼** Answer (d) all of the above Question 39. Which of the following are chiefly digested in the stomach? (a) Carbohydrates (b) Proteins (c) Lipids (d) Fats **▼** Answer (b) Proteins

Question 40.

Large intestine in man mainly carries out

- (a) absorption
- (b) assimilation

(c) digestion of fats (d) digestion of carbohydrates ▼ Answer (a) absorption Question 41. Where is the dirty blood in our body filtered? (a) Heart (b) Lungs (c) Ureter (d) Kidneys **▼** Answer (d) Kidneys Question 42. The breakdown of pyruvate to give carbon dioxide, water and energy takes place in (a) cytoplasm (b) mitochondria (c) chloroplast (d) nucleus **▼** Answer (b) mitochondria Question 43. The kidneys in human beings are parts of the system for (a) nutrition (b) respiration (c) excretion (d) transpiration ▼ Answer (c) excretion Question 44.

The xylem in plants are responsible for

- (a) transport of water
- (b) transport of food
- (c) transport of amino acids
- (d) transport of oxygen

# ▼ Answer

(a) transport of water

# Question 45.

Name the part of alimentary canal receiving bile from the liver.

- (a) Oesophagus
- (b) Stomach
- (c) Small intestine
- (d) Large intestine

# ▼ Answer (c) Small Intestine

#### Question 46.

The movement of food in phloem is called:

- (a) transpiration
- (b) translocation
- (c) respiration
- (d) evaporation

# **▼** Answer

(b) translocation

#### Question 47.

A gland not associated with the alimentary canal is

- (a) liver
- (b) salivary glands
- (c) pancreas
- (d) adrenal

#### **▼** Answer

(d) adrenal

#### Question 48.

A biochemical compound that readily combines with oxygen and distributes it throughout the human body is

- (a) water
- (b) urea
- (c) haemoglobin
- (d) acetylcholine

# **▼** Answer

(c) haemoglobin

#### Question 49.

In a closed circulatory system, blood is completely enclosed within

- (a) vessels
- (b) heart
- (c) skeleton
- (d) sinuses

# **▼** Answer

(b) heart

#### Ouestion 50.

Which of the following statements is not correct?

- (a) Deoxygenated blood is poured into right atrium of heart.
- (b) The excretory units of flatworms are flame cells.
- (c) Human kidney has about 1 million nephridia
- (d) Tracheids and vessels are non-living conducting tissues.

# **▼** Answer

(c) Human kidney has about 1 million nephridia