

## WORKSHEET 4

- (61.)  $2\text{Zn}(aq) + 2e^- \rightarrow \text{Zn}(s)$ . This is –
- (1) oxidation
  - (2) reduction
  - (3) redox reaction
  - (4) none of these
- (62.) Combustion reaction of coal is a/an reaction.
- (1) exothermic
  - (2) auto-catalytic
  - (3) endothermic
  - (4) None of these
- (63.)  $\text{Zn}^{2+}(aq) + 2e^- \rightarrow \text{Zn}(s)$ . This is
- (1) Oxidation
  - (2) Reduction
  - (3) Redox reaction
  - (4) None of the above
- (64.) A redox reaction is one in which –
- (1) both the substance are reduced
  - (2) both the substance are oxidised
  - (3) an acid is neutralised by the base
  - (4) one substance is oxidised while the other is reduced
- (65.)  $\text{HgO}(s) \xrightarrow{\text{Heat}} \text{Hg}(l) + \text{O}_2(g)$   
The above given reaction is:
- (1) combustion reaction
  - (2) displacement reaction
  - (3) thermal decomposition reaction
  - (4) photolytic decomposition reaction
- (66.) The substances you start with are called and after the chemical change, what is formed is called the
- (1) reactants, products
  - (2) reactants, gases
  - (3) element, products
  - (4) element, compounds
- (67.) Name the type of following chemical reaction.



- (1) Displacement Reaction
  - (2) Double Displacement Reaction
  - (3) Combination Reaction
  - (4) Decomposition Reaction
- (68.) Choose the correct equation where the abbreviations are correctly stated to represent the correct states of the reactants and the products, taking an exothermic reaction into consideration?
- (1)  $\text{CH}_4(g) + 2\text{O}(l) \rightarrow \text{CO}(g) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)$
  - (2)  $\text{CH}_4(g) + 2\text{O}(g) \rightarrow \text{CO}(g) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)$
  - (3)  $\text{CH}_4(l) + 2\text{O}(g) \rightarrow \text{CO}(g) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
  - (4)  $\text{CH}_4(g) + 2\text{O}(g) \rightarrow \text{CO}(g) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- (69.) Two aqueous solutions are mixed and a precipitate is formed. What type of reaction is it?
- (1) Decomposition
  - (2) Synthesis
  - (3) Combustion
  - (4) Double displacement
- (70.) Consider the following reactions :
- $$\text{CuSO}_4 + \text{Fe} \rightarrow \text{FeSO}_4 + \text{Cu}$$
- $$\text{FeSO}_4 + \text{Zn} \rightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4 + \text{Fe}$$
- Among these:
- (1) Zn is most reactive and Fe is least reactive
  - (2) Fe is most reactive and Cu is least reactive
  - (3) Zn is most reactive and Cu is least reactive
  - (4) Cu is most reactive and Fe is least reactive
- (71.) What happens when copper rod is dipped in iron sulphate solution?
- (1) Copper displaces iron
  - (2) Blue colour of copper sulphate solution is obtained
  - (3) No reaction takes place
  - (4) Reaction is exothermic

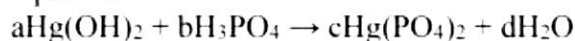
(72.) Which of the following is (are) a decomposition reaction?

- (1)  $2\text{HgO} \xrightarrow{\text{Heat}} 2\text{Hg} + \text{O}_2$
- (2)  $\text{CaCO}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{Heat}} \text{CaO} + \text{CO}_2$
- (3)  $2\text{H}_2\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{Electrolysis}} \text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$  More than One Option Correct :
- (4)  $\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$

(73.) Black and white photography uses –

- (1) decomposition of silver chloride
- (2) decomposition of silver bromide
- (3) both
- (4) none of these

(74.) Identify the values of a, b, c, d in the given equation:



- (1) 1, 3, 2, 6
- (2) 3, 2, 1, 6
- (3) 2, 3, 6, 1
- (4) 6, 3, 2, 1

(75.) Write a balanced chemical equation with state symbols for the following reaction:

When lithium hydroxide pellets are added to a solution of sulphuric acid, lithium sulphate and water are formed.

- (1)  $\text{LiOH}(s) + 2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) \rightarrow \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- (2)  $\text{LiOH}(s) + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) \rightarrow \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- (3)  $2\text{LiOH}(s) + 2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) \rightarrow \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
- (4)  $2\text{LiOH}(s) + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) \rightarrow \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4(aq) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$

(76.) In a balanced chemical reaction, the electric charge and total number of moles before reaction and after the reaction are :

- (1) conserved
- (2) not same
- (3) different
- (4) None of these

(77.) Which symbol represents a precipitate in a chemical equation?

- (1)  $\rightarrow$
- (2)  $\uparrow$
- (3)  $\downarrow$
- (4)  $\leftrightarrow$

(78.) Which of the following reactions involves the combination of two elements?

- (1)  $\text{CaO} + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{CaCO}_3$
- (2)  $4\text{Na} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Na}_2\text{O}$
- (3)  $\text{SO}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{SO}_3$
- (4)  $\text{NH}_3 + \text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$

(79.)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{Al} \rightarrow \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{Fe}$  This reaction is an example of –

- (1) Combination reaction
- (2) Double displacement reaction
- (3) Decomposition reaction
- (4) Displacement reaction

(80.) Consider the following statements about a chemical reaction. Which one is true?

- (1) The total number of molecules remains unchanged
- (2) The total number of moles remains the same
- (3) The total mass is not altered
- (4) The total number of reaction molecules is equal to the total number of molecules of the products formed

(78.)		(79.)		(80.)		
(79.)	4	(80.)	3			