

CN LAB 11

AIM: To construct a VLAN and make a pc communicate among VLAN.

OBSERVATION:

Week 10

Aim: To construct a VLAN and make the PC's communicate among a VLAN.

Topology:

Procedure:

- To construct a new VLAN, we use class C type addresses.
- Create a topology as seen above. Choose the 192.168.20.1.
- First PC0 & PC1 will be in Physical LAN and PC2 and PC3 will be in VLAN.
- Configure router i.e. Set IP addresses for the Fa0/0 interface as 192.168.1.1
- And set IP address of PC0 and PC1 as 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.3 and gateway as 192.168.1.1
- Now we can check that PC0 and PC1 can communicate with each other.
- For PC2 and PC3 set IP as 192.168.20.2 and 192.168.20.3 and gateway as 192.168.20.1

1) Switch configuration:-

2) In Switch go to config & select VLAN database. Set VLAN no and name.

Ex:- VLAN Number 20

VLAN Name NewVLAN

3) Click on add.

4) Select the interface i.e fa 0/1 (near the switch from router) & make it trunk.

5) VLAN trunking allows switches to forward frames from different VLANs over a single link called trunk.

6) This is done by adding an additional header information called tag to the Ethernet frame the process of adding this small head is called VLAN tagging.

7) And make (select) the interface not as connecting VLAN PC's to the switch.

8) Then it is fa 2/1 & fa 3/1 & select & make VLAN as 20 : NewVLAN

Router Configuration:-

• Open config ~~Select~~ VLAN database enter the no and name of VLAN created go to CLI

Router(VLAN) # exit

Apply completed.

existing

Routing #config +

Router (config) #interface fa0/0

Router (config-subif) # encapsulation dot1q 2

Router (config-subif) # ip address 192.168.20.1

255.255.255.0

Router (config-subif) # no shutdown.

→ Now Ping

from PC0 to PC3

→ Ping 192.168.20.3

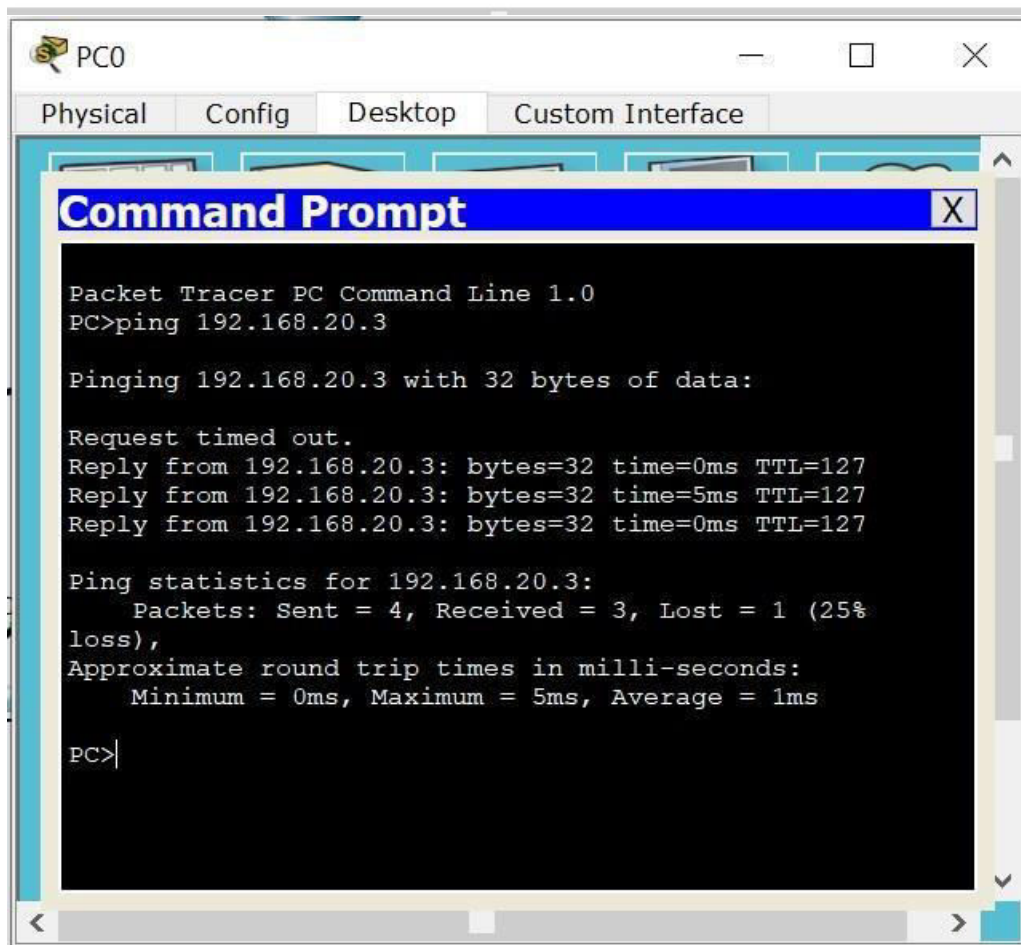
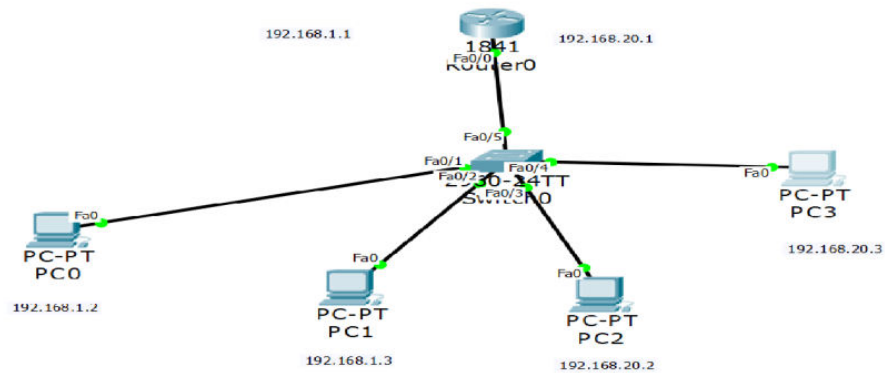
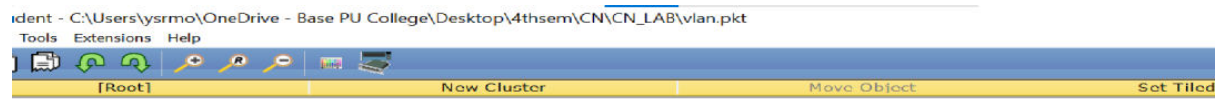
you will get a successful transmission from PC0 to PC3.

Observation

Even though we are using a single router we can use multiple different networks and these networks will work as ~~virtual networks~~. And we can ~~communicate~~ from physical LAN to VLAN and vice versa.

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SCREENSHOTS:



Cisco Packet Tracer Student - C:\Users\ysrmo\OneDrive - Base PU College\Desktop\4thsem\CN\CN_LAB\vlan.pkt
 File Edit Options View Tools Extensions Help

Logical [Root] New Cluster Move Object Set Tiled Background Viewport

192.168.1.1 1841 Router0 192.168.20.1
 Fa0/1 Fa0/5
 Fa0/24TT 2960-24TT
 Fa0/1 Fa0/2 Fa0/3 Fa0/4
 PC-PT PC0 192.168.1.2
 PC-PT PC1 192.168.1.3
 PC-PT PC2 192.168.20.2
 PC-PT PC3 192.168.20.3

Simulation Panel
 Event List

Vis.	Time(sec)	Last De	At Dev	Type	Info
	0.004	Switch0	PC2	ICMP	
	0.005	PC2	Switch...	ICMP	
	0.006	Switch0	Rout...	ICMP	
	0.007	Router0	Switch...	ICMP	
	0.008	Switch0	PC0	ICMP	

 Reset Simulation ☒ Constant Delay Captured to: 0.008 s
 Play Controls Back Auto Capture / Play Capture / Forward
 Event List Filters - Visible Events
 ACL Filter, ARP, BGP, CDP, DHCP, DHCPv6, DNS, DTP, EIGRP, EIGRPv6, FTP, H.323, HSRP, HSRPv6, HTTP, HTTPS, ICMP, ICMPv6, IPsec, ISAKMP, LACP, NDP, NETFLOW, NTP, OSPF, OSPFv6, PAgP, POP3, RADIUS, RIP, RIPng, RTP, SCCP, SMTP, SNMP, SSH, STP, SYSLOG, TACACS, TCP, TFTP, Telnet, UDP, VTP
 Edit Filters Show All/None

Time: 00:28:26.636 Power Cycle Devices PLAY CONTROLS: Back Auto Capture / Play Capture / Forward Event List Simulation
 Scenario 0
 New Delete
 Toggle PDU List Window
 Fire Last Statu Sourc Destinatic Type Colo Time(Period Num Edit Delete
 Successful PC0 PC2 IC... 0.000 N 0 (ed... (delete)