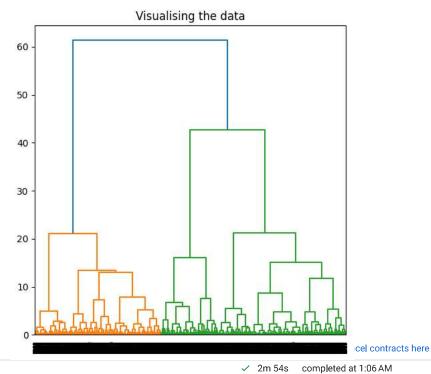
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, normalize
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
import scipy.cluster.hierarchy as shc
raw_df = pd.read_csv('/CC GENERAL.csv')
raw_df = raw_df.drop('CUST_ID', axis = 1)
raw_df.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
raw_df.head(2)
            BALANCE BALANCE_FREQUENCY PURCHASES ONEOFF_PURCHASES INSTALLMENTS_PURCHASES CASH_ADVANCE PURCHASES_FREQUENCY ONEOFF_PURCHASES
          40.900749
                                                                                                                        0.166667
                               0.818182
                                              95.4
                                                                 0.0
                                                                                         95.4
                                                                                                   0.000000
      1 3202.467416
                               0.909091
                                               0.0
                                                                 0.0
                                                                                         0.0
                                                                                               6442.945483
                                                                                                                        0.000000
    4
# Standardize data
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaled_df = scaler.fit_transform(raw_df)
# Normalizing the Data
normalized df = normalize(scaled df)
# Converting the numpy array into a pandas DataFrame
normalized_df = pd.DataFrame(normalized_df)
# Reducing the dimensions of the data
pca = PCA(n_components = 2)
X_principal = pca.fit_transform(normalized_df)
X_principal = pd.DataFrame(X_principal)
X_principal.columns = ['P1', 'P2']
X_principal.head(2)
               Ρ1
                         P2
                              \blacksquare
      0 -0.489949 -0.679976
      1 -0.519099 0.544828
plt.figure(figsize =(6, 6))
plt.title('Visualising the data')
Dendrogram = shc.dendrogram((shc.linkage(X_principal, method ='ward')))
```



completed at 1:06 AM