

int l=i/-2;

int k=i%-2;

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Title	Practice Paper- Day 02
Subject	Pseudo Code/ InfyTQ Pseudo Code
Topics	Operators
Lecture Date	
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Section	A, B, & C

1. What is the output of this C code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int i=-3;
     int k=i%2;
     printf("%d\n",k);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                           b). -1
                                   c). 1
                                                d). Implementation Defined
2. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int i=-3;
```

```
printf("%d %d\n",l,k);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error b). -1 1 c). 1 -1
                                                       d). Implementation
Defined
3. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int i=5;
     i=i/3;
     printf("%d \n",i);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                                                 d). Implementation Defined
                           b). 1
                                   c). 3
4. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int i=-5;
     i=i/3;
     printf("%d \n",i);
     return 0;
}
```

```
5. What is the value of x in this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int x=5*9/3+9;
     printf("%d\n",x);
     return 0;
}
a). 3.75
                 b). Depends on Compiler
                                                                     d).3
                                                   c). 24
6. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int x=5.3\%2;
     printf("Value of x is %d",x);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                                              b). Value of x is 2.3
c). Value of x is 1
                                              d). Value of x is 0.3
7. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

b). -3

c). -1

a). Compile Time Error

d). Implementation Defined

```
int y=3;
     int x=5\%2*3/2;
     printf("Value of x is %d",x);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                                               b). Value of x is 1
c). Value of x is 2
                                               d). Value of x is 3
8. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int a=3;
     int b= ++a + a++ + --a;
     printf("Value of b is %d",b);
     return 0;
}
a). Undefined Behaviors
                                         b). Value of b is 12
c). Value of b is 13
                                         d). Value of b is 10
9.
What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int a=10;
     double b= 5.6;
     int c;
     c=a+b;
     printf("%d",c);
     return 0;
}
a). 15
                 b). 16
                                                         d). 10
                                  c). 15.6
10. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int a=10,b=5,c=5;
     int d;
     d=a==(b+c);
     printf("%d",d);
     return 0;
}
a). 1
                                             c). 101
                                                                    d). 5
                 b). Syntax Error
11. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int k = 8;
     int x = 0 = 1 \& k + +;
     printf("%d%d\n",x,k);
     return 0;
}
a). 09
                                                        d). 19
                 b). 08
                                  c). 18
12. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     char a='a';
     int x=(a%10)++;
     printf("%d\n",x);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                            b). Garbage Value
                                                  c). 6
                                                              d).7
13. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     Unsigned int x=-5;
     printf("%d\n",x);
     return 0;
}
```

```
a). Run Time Error
                                     c). -5
                                                      d). 5
                     b). Aries
14. What is the output of this C code?
#
include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int x = 2, y = 1;
     x^*=x+y;
     printf("%d\n",x);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                           b). 5
                                 c). 6
                                                d). Undefined Behavior
15. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int x=2, y=2;
     x/=x/y;
     printf("%d\n",x);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                                 c). 0.5 d). Undefined Behavior
                          b). 2
16. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
     int c;
     float a,b;
     a=245.05;
     b=40.02;
     c=a+b;
     printf("%d\n",c);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                                           c). 285
                                                           d). 285.0
                          b). 285.07
17. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int a,b,c;
     b=2;
     a=2*(b++);
     c=2*(++b);
     printf("a=%d c=%d\n",a,c);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error b). a=4 c=6
                                           c). a=3 c=8
                                                           d). a=4 c=8
```

18. What will be the value of count after the following program is execute?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int count, digit=0;
     count=1;
     while(digit<=9)
     {
           printf("%d\n",++count);
           digit++;
     }
     printf("%d\n",++count);
      printf("%d\n",digit);
}
a). Compile Time Error
                            b). 10
                                       c). 11
                                                  d). 12
19. If the following variables are set to the values as shown below, then what
will be the value of the following expression?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int answer =2;
     int marks=10;
     int result=!((answer<5)&&(marks>2));
     printf("result is %d\n",result);
     return 0;
```

```
}
a). Compile Time Error
                           b). result is 1 c). result is 0
                                                                  d). result is 2
20. What should be the value of i and k in this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int i,j,k;
     {
          j=5;
          i=2*j/2;
          k=2*(j/2);
     }
     printf("i=%d, k=%d\n",i,k);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error b). i=5 , k=5 c). i=5, k=4 d). i=4, k=5
21. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int a=2, b=3, c=4;
     a=(b++)+c;
     b=a+(++c);
     printf("%d %d %d\n",a,b,c);
```

```
return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                           b). 8 12 5
                                            c). 7 12 5
                                                            d). 7 11 5
22. What is the output of this C code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int a, c;
     c=2;
     a=(c+=5)*2;
     printf("%d\n",a);
     return 0;
}
a). Compile Time Error
                                 b). 10
c). 14
                                 d). The second assignment statement is
                                 syntactically incorrect.
```

23. What is the output of this C code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int k, num = 100;
   k = (num > 50 ? (num <= 10 ? 100 : 200): 500);
   printf("%d\n", num);
   return 0;</pre>
```

}

a). Compile Time Error

b). 100

c). 200

d). 300