



Printed Pages : 4

TCS - 405

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 1071

Roll No.

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**B. Tech.****(SEM. IV) EXAMINATION, 2008-09****THEORY OF AUTOMATA & FORMAL LANGUAGES***Time : 3 Hours]**[Total Marks : 100*

- Note :**
- (1) Attempt all questions.
  - (2) All questions carry **equal** marks.

1 Attempt any **four** parts of the following: 5×4=20

- (a) Let  $S = \{ab, bb\}$  and let  $T = \{ab, bb, bbbb\}$ , show that  $S^* = T^*$
- (b) What do you mean by the Kleene closure of set  $A$ ?
- (c) Construct a grammar for each of the following languages :

$$(i) \quad \{a^m b^m \mid m \geq 1\} \cup \{b^n a^n \mid n \geq 1\}$$

$$(ii) \quad \{a^l b^m c^n \mid l + m = n, l, m \geq 1\}$$

- (d) Design a FA recognizing the language over  $\{a, b, c, d\}$  which shall accept only those strings in which no symbol appears in consecutive positions.



- (e) Find two different FAs  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  recognizing languages  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  respectively, such that the languages  $L_1 \cup L_2$  and  $L_1 L_2$  are the same.
- (f) Show that every context-free language is context-sensitive.

2 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : 5×4=20

- (a) Using induction show that if for some state  $q$  and some string  $n$ ,  $\delta^*(q, n) = q$ , then for every  $n \geq 0$ ,  $\delta^*(q, n^n) = q$ .
- (b) Construct an NFA which recognizes a set of strings containing three consecutive 0's and three consecutive 1's. Also correct this NFA into an equivalent DFA.
- (c) Discuss the various application of FA.
- (d) Construct a Moore machine that determines whether an input string contains an even or odd number of 1's. The machine should give 1 as output if an even number of 1's are in the string and 0 otherwise.
- (e) Construct a DFA for the following language :  

$$\{a^m b^n \mid m \text{ is divisible by } 2$$

$$\text{and } n \text{ is divisible by } 4$$
- (f) Discuss the conversion of Moore to mealy machine with the help of an example.



3 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **10×2=20**

(a) Using pumping lemma, prove that the following languages are not regular :

$$(i) \quad \{wo^n \mid w \in \{0, 1\}^* \wedge |w| = n\}$$

$$(ii) \quad \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$$

(b) Simplify the following grammar by eliminating useless symbols and useless production :

$$S \rightarrow a \mid aA \mid B \mid C, \quad A \rightarrow aB \mid \epsilon,$$

$$B \rightarrow Aa, \quad C \rightarrow cCD, \quad D \rightarrow dd$$

Also find the Chomsky Normal form of the simplified grammar.

(c) (i) Show that the CFG with productions.

$$S \rightarrow a \mid Sa \mid bSS \mid SSb \mid SbS$$

is ambiguous.

(ii) Use pumping lemma to prove that the following is not CFL :

$$\{a^n b^m a^n b^{n+m} \mid m, n \geq 0\}$$

4 Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **10×2=20**

(a) (i) Non-deterministic PDA is not equivalent deterministic PDA in terms of language recognition. Explain.

(ii) Covert the following grammar to a PDA that accepts the same language.

$$S \rightarrow OSI \mid A$$

$$A \rightarrow IAO \mid S \mid \epsilon$$



- (b) Construct a PDA by empty stack which accepts the following :

$$\{a^m b^m c^n \mid m, n \geq 1\}$$

Also convert this PDA into an equivalent CFG

- (c) Construct a two-stack PDA for recognizing the following :

$$\{a^n b^n c^n d^n \mid n \geq 1\}$$

5 Attempt any two parts of following : 10×2=20

- (a) What do you mean by unsolvable problem? Explain.
- (b) Design a TM recognizing the following language :

$$\{a^m b^n b^p b^{m+n+p} \mid m, n, p > 1\}$$

- (c) Design a 2-track TM that takes as input on track-1  $a^n$  and leaves on track-2 the binary representation of  $n$ .