SAMPLE PAPER - I

Class: XII

Subject Psychology Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

(i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Marks for each question are indicated against it.
- (iii) Answers should be brief and to the point.
- (iv) PART- A has 10 Learning Checks carrying one mark each. You are required to answer them as directed.
- (v) Questions 11 to 16 in PART- B are *Very Short Answer type* questions carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 30 words.
- (vi) Questions 17 to 20 in PART- C are *Short Answer Type I* questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
- (vii) Questions 21 to 26 in PART- D are *Short Answer Type II* questions carrying 4 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
- (viii) Questions 27 and 28 in *PART-E* are *Long Answer Type* questions carrying 6 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 200 words.

PART - A

1. Match the TWO lists and choose the correct match from the given options:

	LIST A	LIST B
1.	One factor theory	A. Thurstone
2.	Two factor theory	B. Binet
3.	Structure of Intellect Model	C. Spearman
4.	Theory of Primary Mental Abilities	D. Guilford

OPTIONS

a.
$$1 - D, 2 - A, 3 - C, 4 - B,$$

b.
$$1 - C, 2 - D, 3 - B, 4 - A,$$

<u>PART - B</u>	
Ritu's young son works in a call centre. Inspite of knowing his odd hours of reprolonged, vague and intense fear, accompanied by hyper vigilance, showing type of anxiety she is suffering from?	•
type of interview question. (a) Closed ended (b) Open ended. (c) Mirror question (d) Bipolar ended	(1)
What do you suggest should be the age of the President of India? This is an extype of interview question.	cample of
Name any ONE human influence on environment.	(1)
(a) Performing, norming, storming & forming. (b) Forming, storming, norming & performing. (C) Norming, storming, forming & performing. (d) Storming, norming, performing & forming.	
Identify the correct sequence of the stages of group formation.	(1)
'Changing our behaviour can change how we think and feel'. Give an example	e. (1)
(a) Cognitive (b) Gestalt (c) Behaviour (d) Client Centered	(1)
'People have freedom and choices' is the core assumption of the	erapy.
The craze for thinness valued by models and actors is termed as (Anorexia nervosa/Bulimia).	(1)
The analysis of stress process based on a cognitive theory was proposed by (Selye / Lazarus)	(1)
A person's resolution of problems at any stage of development less that regression. (True/False)	n the adequate, demonstrates (1)
1 – A, 2 – C, 3 – D, 4 – B, 1 – B, 2 – C, 3 – A, 4 – D,	(1)

Elucidate any TWO characteristics of emotionally intelligent individual.

11.

(2)

Mention TWO tips to improve listening skills.
State any TWO techniques of self regulation.
What do you understand by burnout?
(2)

15.	'Extreme cohesiveness within a group becomes harmful for functioning'. Explain.	(2)		
16.	What are the effects of noise on human behaviour?	(2)		
	PART - C			
17.	Critically evaluate the method of behavioural rating for assessing personality.	(3)		
18	A person shows break - up in relationships, increased body weight, poor performance in school and at work. State the factors predisposing this disorder. (3)			
19.	Give the meaning of attribution? Explain fundamental attribution error with the help of an example. (3)			
20.	What is aggression? Describe any TWO causes.	(3)		
	OR			
	Suggest any THREE strategies for poverty alleviation?			
	PART – D			
21.	'Projective techniques were developed to assess unconscious motives and feel statement and explain TWO such techniques.	lings'. Elaborate the		
	OR			
	Compare the trait approaches given by Allport and Cattell to understand personality.			
22.	What are the effects of stress on the psychological functioning of an Individual?	(4)		
23.	What is prejudice? Write any THREE sources which lead to the development of pre-	judices. (4)		
24.	What are the potential causes of inter group conflicts among two caste or communit Suggest some strategies to reduce such conflicts.	y groups. (4)		
25.	'Effective communication is possible with body language' Comment.	(4)		
26.	Elucidate the differences in various areas of functioning at different levels of mental r	retardation. (4)		

PART-E

27. Distinguish between psychometric and information processing approaches to any ONE theory representing information processing approach

(2+4 =6)

OR

What are the differences in the potential for creativity across individuals and the manner in which it is expressed? Write the features of test of creativity. (4+2=6)

28. 'I am worthless and the situation is helpless' with these thoughts a person comes to you. Being a therapist, how will you help him/ her to think in a positive way?

(3+3=6)

OR

How would you formulate the problem of a client? Discuss the role of Yoga in detail as an therapy to alleviate psychological stress. (3+3=6)

PSYCHOLOGY THEORY (037) SAMPLE PAPER – II

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Marks for each question are indicated against it.
- (iii) Answers should be brief and to the point.
- (iv) PART- A has 10 Learning Checks (very short answer type) carrying one mark each. You are required to answer them as directed.
- (v) Questions 11 to 16 in PART- B are *Very Short Answer type* questions carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 30 words.
- (vi) Questions 17 to 20 in PART- C are *Short Answer Type I* questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
- (vii) Questions 21 to 26 in PART- D are *Short Answer Type II* questions carrying 4 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
- (viii) Questions 27 and 28 in *PART-E* are *Long Answer Type* questions carrying 6 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 200 words.

PART - A

1.	The mental age (MA) of an 8 year old child with an IQ of 110 is _	year: (1)	S.
2.	An individual is rejected in a job interview, he claims that his pres	sent job is better. He (1)	e is using
	(a) Projection (b) Regression		

Reaction formation

Rationalization

(c) (d)

3.	A student who believes that he has the ability to excel in sports demonstrates high					
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	Self regulatio Self efficacy Self esteem Self confiden		(1)		
4.	Frustration re	esults from				
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	blocking of ne	eeds and motives. from oneself and		(1)	
5.			according to my m	noods'. This is a statement mad 	le (1)	by a
6.	Read the matches given below and identify the correct match.					
	LIST A			LIST B		
	 RET Transfere Token ed Logo the 	conomy	- - -	Existential therapy Psychodynamic therapy Cognitive therapy Behaviour therapy	(1)	
	7. Fundamental attribution error means explaining the actions of others on the basis of internal causes. True/False			the (1)		
	8. Shortage (a) (b) (c) (d)	of resources respectively deprivation disadvantage poverty discrimination		g refers to	(1)	

9.	Empathy is a part of	skills.	(1)
	(a) communication		
	(b) psychological testin	ng	
	(c) counseling		
	(d) interviewing		
10.	A collection of people arou	und a roadside performer is an example of a	(1)
	(a) group		()
	(b) crowd		
	(c) mob		
	(d) audience		
		PART- B	
11.	Describe any TWO factors	s from the Five Factor Model of personality.	
	December any Tive ractors	Describe any TWO factors from the Five Factor Model of personality.	
12.	How is personal identity di	ifferent from social identity?	(2)
12.		·	(2)
13.	State the characteristics of	f stress resistant personality.	(2)
14.	Explain the concept of 'un-	conditional positive regard'.	(2)
15.	How does the traditional Ir	ndian view explain the human – environment (2)	relationship?
16.	Describe the method of pa	articipant observation.	(2)
	PART	C	
17.	Illustrate the TWO catego	ories of substance use disorder.	(3)
18.	Elaborate the ABC compo	onents of attitude.	(3)
19.	Your region has just witner impact on the people? OR	ssed a natural disaster. What would be its em	notional (3)
		important examination and there is a noisy acteristics of the noise will affect your prepar	
20.	How would your understar	nding of body language help in communicating (3)	g effectively?

PART – D

21.	What is emotional intelligence? State the characteristics of emotional intelligent people.	lly (4)				
22.	'Intelligence is the interplay of nature and nurture'. Comment.	(4)				
23.	How is assessment of personality done using indirect techniques? B describe one such technique.	riefly (4)				
24.	Describe any FOUR life skills which you think will help you in meetir challenges of school life.	ng the (4)				
	OR					
	How does Selye's Model relate prolong stress to bodily response? Explain.					
25.	How is behaviour therapy used to treat phobia?	(4)				
26.	Suppose you want to bring about a change in the attitude of your progreener and cleaner. What factors should be kept in mind who message for this purpose? (4)	-	-			
PART – E						
27.	Elaborate any THREE psychological models proposed to explain medisorders. (3X2 = OR					
	Describe any THREE behavioural disorders prevalent among childre					
28.	(3X2 = What do you understand by 'group'? Explain the stages of group form (1 + 5	maťion.				
	OR Why do people conform? How is conformity different from compliance Explain. (3+3 =					

