Medical Image Processing for Interventional Applications

Programming Exercise: Deep Learning

Online Course – Exercise P4 Siming Bayer, Daniel Stromer, Tobias Würfl, Frank Schebesch, Andreas Maier Pattern Recognition Lab (CS 5)



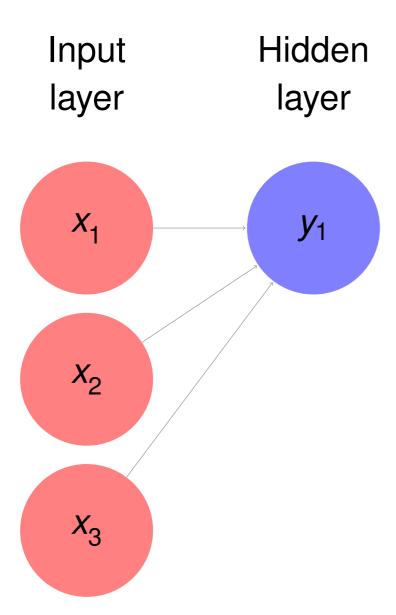








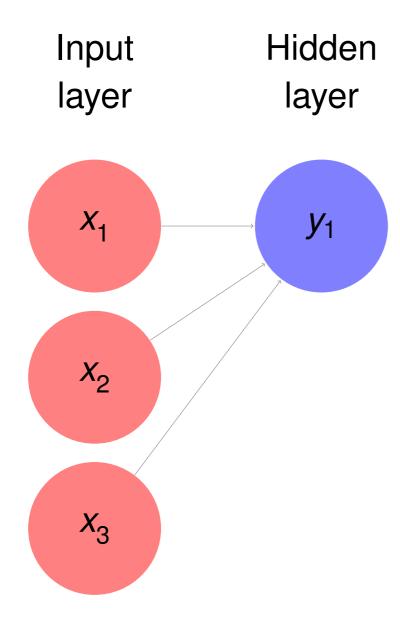












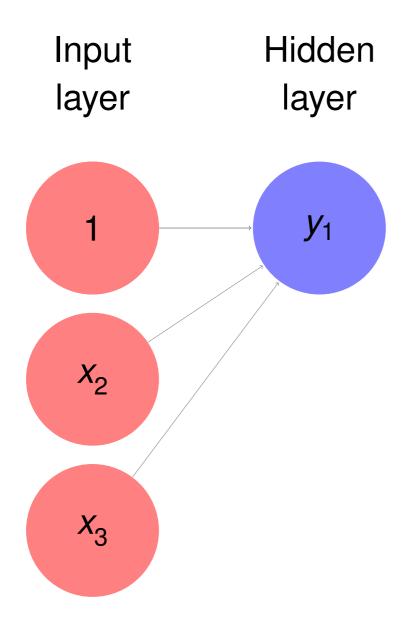
$$\begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ \vdots \\ w_n \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} + w_{n+1} = y$$

$$\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{y}$$









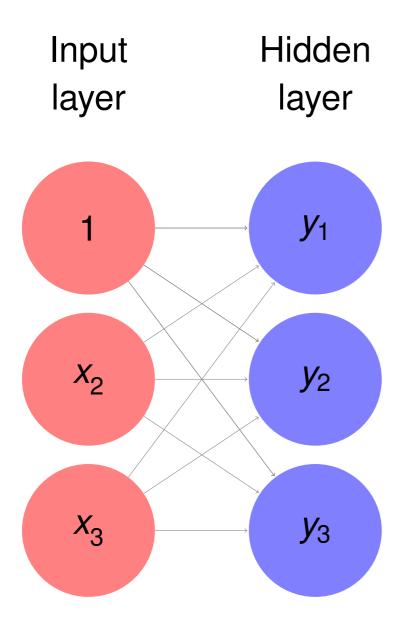
$$\begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ \vdots \\ w_n \\ w_{n+1} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = y$$

$$\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{x} = y$$





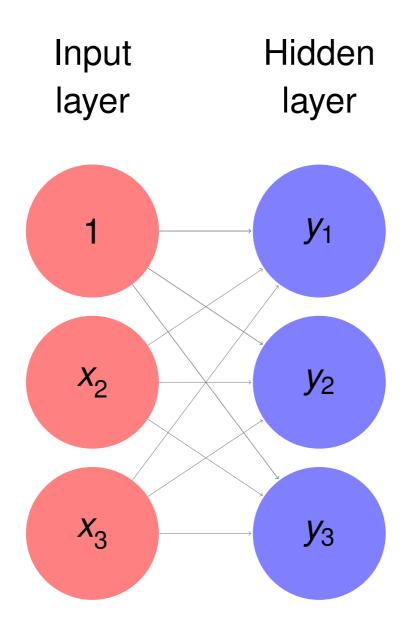












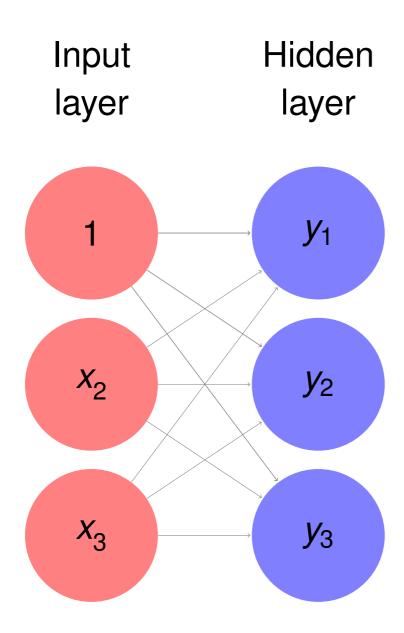
$$\begin{pmatrix} w_{1,1} & \cdots & w_{1,m} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{n,1} & \cdots & w_{n,m} \\ w_{n+1,1} & \cdots & w_{n+1,m} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{y}$$









$$\begin{pmatrix} w_{1,1} & \dots & w_{1,m} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{n,1} & \dots & w_{n,m} \\ w_{n+1,1} & \dots & w_{n+1,m} \end{pmatrix}^{T} \begin{pmatrix} x_{1,1} & \dots & x_{1,b} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{n,1} & \dots & x_{n,b} \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \dots$$

$$(1)$$

$$\mathbf{WX} = \mathbf{Y}$$







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$$\mathbf{E}_{n-1} = \mathbf{W}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{E}_n \tag{2}$$

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• Return gradient with respect to X:

$$\mathbf{E}_{n-1} = \mathbf{W}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{E}_n \tag{2}$$

• Update **W** using gradient with respect to **W**:

$$\mathbf{W}^{t+1} = \mathbf{W}^t - \delta \cdot \mathbf{E_n} \mathbf{X}^T \tag{3}$$

Note: Dynamic programming part of Backpropagation

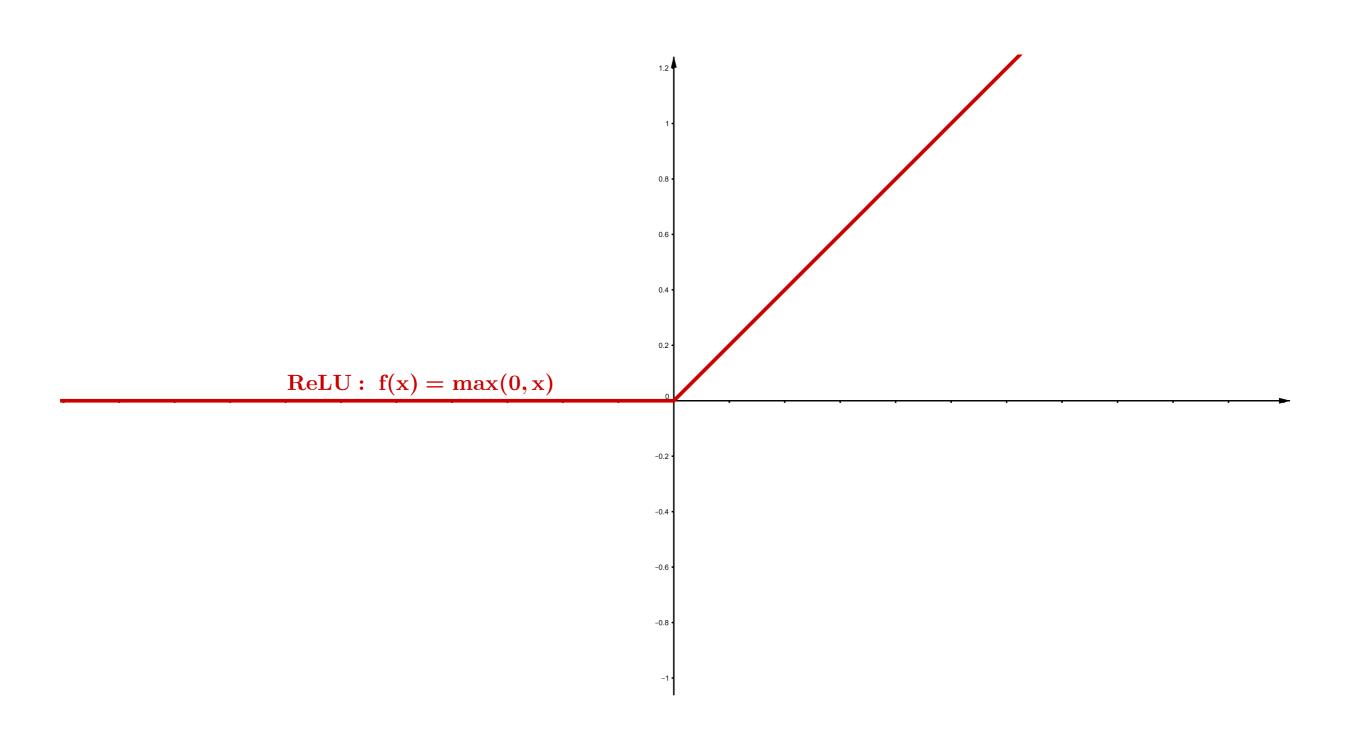
- E_n: error_tensor passed downward
- ullet δ : learning rate **delta** individual to this layer







ReLU Activation Function (Forward)









ReLU Activation Function (Backward)

ReLU is not continuously differentiable!







ReLU Activation Function (Backward)

ReLU is not continuously differentiable!

$$e_{n-1} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ e_n & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Note: DP part of Backpropagation yet again

(4)







SoftMax Loss Function (Forward)

Labels as *N*-dimensional **one hot** vector **I**:







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Activation(Prediction) y for every element of the batch of size B:

$$y_i = \frac{\exp(x_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N \exp(x_j)}$$

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Activation(Prediction) y for every element of the batch of size B:

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 (5)

• Loss:

$$loss = \sum_{b=1}^{B} -\log y_i \text{ where } I_i = 1$$
(6)







SoftMax Loss Function (Backward)

For every element of the batch:

$$e_i = \begin{cases} y_i - 1 & \text{where } l_i = 1 \\ y_i & \text{else} \end{cases}$$