HR Analytics Dashboard

Project Overview:

This HR analytics dashboard provides a comprehensive view of workforce-related metrics to support data-driven decision-making across the organization. The report covers key areas such as employee headcount, departmental performance, retention trends, compensation insights, and overall workforce distribution. Designed for HR leadership, the dashboard helps monitor hiring, attrition, and employee satisfaction, while enabling effective planning for talent management and organizational growth. The use of interactive visuals and DAX measures allows users to filter and analyse trends by department, job role, and tenure in real-time.

The data was sourced from CSV files and processed using Power Query for cleaning and shaping. DAX, measures were developed for KPIs

The final report includes 5 pages:

- **1.** Executive Summary
- 2. Department performance
- 3. Retention Analysis
- 4. Compensation Insights
- 5. Workforce Overview

Tools used: Power BI Desktop, DAX, Power Query, Star Schema Modelling.

Page 1 - Executive Summary

Purpose:

This page provides a high-level snapshot of key HR metrics such as total employees, Retention rate, attrition rate, and gender diversity. It gives HR leaders a quick overview of the organization's workforce health and recent changes.

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):

- Total Employee
- Retention Rate
- Attrition Rate
- Avg Satisfaction
- Male Employee
- Female Employee

DAX (Data Analysis Expressions)

1. Total Employee

```
Total Employees = COUNTROWS('HR Dataset')
```

```
2. Retention Rate:
```

```
Retention Rate =

VAR TotalEmployess = COUNTROWS(ALL('HR Dataset'))

VAR ResignedEmployee = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('HR Dataset'), 'HR Dataset'[Resigned] =

TRUE)

RETURN

([Total Employees] - ResignedEmployee) /[Total Employees]
```

3. Attrition Rate

```
Attrition Rate =

VAR TotalEmployees = COUNTROWS(ALL('HR Dataset'))

VAR ResignedEmployees = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('HR Dataset'), 'HR Dataset'[Resigned] =

TRUE)

RETURN

ResignedEmployees / TotalEmployees
```

4. Avg Satisfaction

```
Avg Satisfaction = AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Employee_Satisfaction_Score])
```

5. Male Employee:

```
Male = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('HR Dataset'), 'HR Dataset'[Gender]="Male")
```

6. Female Employee

```
Female = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('HR Dataset'), 'HR Dataset'[Gender]="Female")
```

7. Performance Score SVG BAR CHART

```
RETURN

"data:image/svg+xml;utf8,

<svg width='120' height='17' viewBox='0 0 100 20' xmlns='http://www.w3.org/2000/svg'>

<!-- Background bar -->

<rect width='120' height='17' rx='5' fill='#C7C2C2'/>

<!-- Achievement bar -->

<rect width='" & __BarLength & "' height='17' rx='5' fill='" & __Colour & "'/>

<!-- Target marker -->

-- Larget marker -->

-- Vine x1='80' y1='0' x2='80' y2='17' stroke='black' stroke-width='2'/>

</svg>"
```

Visual Used:

Funnel chart Employee by Education level Treemap Employee by Department

Table Visual Avg performance score by Department with SVG BAR CHART

Page 2 - Department Performance

Purpose:

This page evaluates the performance of each department by tracking key HR metrics such as Resignation, avg overtime, avg project handed, and average training hours. It helps identify high-performing departments and areas that may need attention in terms of staffing or engagement.

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):

- 1. Resignation
- 2. Average overtime
- 3. Average Projects Handled
- 4. Average Training Hours

DAX (Data Analysis Expressions)

- Resignation
 Resignation = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('HR Dataset'), 'HR Dataset' [Resigned] = TRUE)
- 2. Average Overtime

Avg overtime = CALCULATE(AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Overtime_Hours]))

3. Average Project Handled

Avg overtime = CALCULATE(AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Overtime_Hours]))

4. Average Training hours

Avg Training Hours = AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Training_Hours])

5. Promotions

Promotions = CALCULATE(SUM('HR Dataset'[Promotions]))

Visual Used:

Line and clustered column chart Scatter Chart Clustered Bar Chart Table Visual Avg Project Handled and Satisfaction by Department Avg Training hours and Performance score by Department Department Promotions Overall performance by Department

Page 3 - Retention Analysis

Purpose:

This page focuses on tracking employee retention across different time periods, departments, and roles. It helps HR understand how well the organization is retaining talent and identify patterns or areas with high employee turnover.

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):

- 1. Retention Rate
- 2. Attrition Rate
- 3. Average years
- 4. Average Promotions

DAX (Data Analysis Expressions)

1. Average years

Average Years = AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Years_At_Company])

2. Average Tenure

```
Avg Tenure. =

AVERAGEX(

SUMMARIZE('HR Dataset', 'HR Dataset'[Department], "AverageTenure",

AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Years_At_Company])),
```

[AverageTenure]

Visual used:

Line and clustered column chart Retention Rate and Attrition Rate by Job Title

Donut chart Retention Rate by Education level Bar chart Average Tenure by Department

Area Chart Retention Rate by years

Page 4 - Compensation Insights

Purpose:

This page provides an overview of employee compensation trends across departments, job roles, and experience levels. It helps HR and leadership assess pay equity, identify salary gaps, and ensure fair and competitive compensation strategies.

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):

- 1. Average Monthly salary
- 2. Total overtime hours
- 3. Average Satisfaction
- 4. Sick Days

DAX (Data Analysis Expressions)

1. Average monthly salary

Avg Monthly Salery = AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Monthly_Salary])

2. Total Overtime Hours

Total Overtime Hours = SUM('HR Dataset'[Overtime_Hours])

3. Total Sick days

Sick Days = SUM('HR Dataset'[Sick Days])

Visual used:

Stacked Bar chart Avg monthly salary by job title
Pie Chart Avg monthly salary by job title
Stacked column chart Avg Promotions by Education level

Page 5 - Workforce Overview

Purpose:

This page presents a consolidated view of the entire workforce using a detailed table. It includes key employee information such as department, job title, age, tenure, and gender—enabling HR teams to quickly explore and analyse the employee base in one place

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):

- 1. Total Employee
- 2. Male
- 3. Female
- 4. Average Age

DAX (Data Analysis Expressions)

1. Average Age

Avg Age = AVERAGE('HR Dataset'[Age])

Visual used:

1. Table

Used Table visual for over all detail.