



## Department of Computer Science and Engineering

### Cloud Architecture

### Lab4A: OpenStack Implementation

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#### Objective:

1. Establish a Stable and Scalable Cloud Infrastructure: deploy OpenStack on Ubuntu servers, creating a robust cloud infrastructure capable of handling diverse workloads
2. Optimize Resource Utilization and Efficiency

**Outcomes:** After successful completion of the lab, students should be able to:

- [1] Deploy OpenStack on Ubuntu servers
- [2] Create a robust cloud infrastructure capable of handling diverse workloads
- [3] Utilize OpenStack's orchestration capabilities to automate the provisioning and management of virtual instances, reducing manual intervention and streamlining operations.
- [4] Implement monitoring and analytics tools (e.g., Ceilometer) to gather insights into resource utilization, enabling proactive capacity planning and optimization.

#### System Requirements:

The following minimum prerequisites are required for OpenStack:

1. A fresh Ubuntu 22.04 installation
2. User with sudo privileges
3. 8 GB RAM
4. Hard disk capacity of 10 GB
5. Internet connection

#### OpenStack

OpenStack is an open-source software platform for cloud computing, primarily used for building and managing public and private clouds. It provides a set of tools for managing compute, storage, and networking resources in a data center through a dashboard or via the OpenStack API.

Originally launched in 2010 as a joint project between Rackspace Hosting and NASA, OpenStack has grown into a large community-driven project with contributions from various organizations and individuals worldwide. Its modular architecture allows users to integrate different components to create a customized cloud infrastructure tailored to their specific needs.

Some key components of OpenStack include:

- Nova (Compute): Manages virtual machines (VMs) and provides computing resources to users.
- Swift (Object Storage): Offers scalable and redundant object storage suitable for storing large amounts of unstructured data.
- Cinder (Block Storage): Provides persistent block storage volumes for use with VMs.-
- Neutron (Networking): Manages network connectivity in the cloud, including virtual networks, routers, and security groups.
- Keystone (Identity): Handles authentication and authorization for all OpenStack services.
- Glance (Image Service): Stores and retrieves VM images used to create new instances.
- Horizon (Dashboard): A web-based dashboard for managing and monitoring OpenStack resources.

OpenStack is used by organizations of all sizes to build private clouds for internal use or public clouds for offering cloud services to customers. Its open-source nature promotes interoperability and avoids vendor lock-in, making it a popular choice for those seeking flexibility and control over their cloud infrastructure.

## Steps

### Step 1: Update and Upgrade the System

*\$sudo apt update*

*\$sudo apt upgrade*

- Next reboot the system using the command

*\$sudo reboot*

## Step 2: Create Stack user and assign sudo privilege

*\$sudo adduser stack*

```
techz@techz:~/my_directory$ sudo adduser stack
Adding user `stack' ...
Adding new group `stack' (1001) ...
Adding new user `stack' (1001) with group `stack' ...
Creating home directory `/home/stack' ...
Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
Changing the user information for stack
Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default
    Full Name []:
    Room Number []:
    Work Phone []:
    Home Phone []:
    Other []:
Is the information correct? [Y/n]
- techz@techz:~/my_directory$
```

*\$echo "stack ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL" | sudo tee /etc/sudoers.d/stack*

## Step 3: Install git and download DevStack

*\$su - stack*

```
stack@techz:~$ clear
stack@techz:~$ su - stack
Password:
```

*\$git clone https://git.openstack.org/openstack-dev/devstack*

```
stack@techz:~$ git clone https://git.openstack.org/openstack-dev/devstack
Cloning into 'devstack'...
warning: redirecting to https://opendev.org/openstack/devstack/
remote: Enumerating objects: 51074, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (31021/31021), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (10429/10429), done.
remote: Total 51074 (delta 30265), reused 20592 (delta 20592), pack-reused 20053
Receiving objects: 100% (51074/51074), 9.58 MiB | 2.14 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (36266/36266), done.
```

#### Step 4: Create devstack configuration file

- Navigate to the devstack directory

```
$cd devstack
```

```
$cd samples
```

```
$cp local.conf ../
```

```
$cd..
```

```
$nano local.conf
```

```
# If the ``*_PASSWORD`` variables are not set here you will be prompted to enter
# values for them by ``stack.sh`` and they will be added to ``local.conf``.
ADMIN_PASSWORD=toor
DATABASE_PASSWORD=toor
RABBIT_PASSWORD=toor
SERVICE_PASSWORD=toor

# ``HOST_IP`` and ``HOST_IPV6`` should be set manually for best results if
# the NIC configuration of the host is unusual, i.e. ``eth1`` has the default
# route but ``eth0`` is the public interface. They are auto-detected in
# ``stack.sh`` but often is indeterminate on later runs due to the IP moving
# from an Ethernet interface to a bridge on the host. Setting it here also
# makes it available for ``openrc`` to include when setting ``OS_AUTH_URL``.
# Neither is set by default.
HOST_IP=192.168.0.105
FLOATING_RANGE=192.168.0.224/27
#HOST_IPV6=2001:db8::7
```

#### Step 5: Install OpenStack with Devstack

- To commence the installation of OpenStack on Ubuntu 22.04, run the script below contained in the DevStack directory.

```
$/stack.sh
```

The following features will be installed:

- Horizon — OpenStack Dashboard
- Nova — Compute Service
- Glance — Image Service
- Neutron — Network Service
- Keystone — Identity Service
- Cinder — Block Storage Service
- Placement — Placement API

```
| nova_api | SELECT | 52 |
| nova_cell0 | SELECT | 51 |
| nova_cell1 | SELECT | 83 |
| nova_cell0 | INSERT | 11 |
| nova_cell0 | UPDATE | 4 |
| nova_cell1 | INSERT | 6 |
| nova_cell1 | UPDATE | 19 |
| cinder | SELECT | 67 |
| cinder | INSERT | 5 |
| cinder | UPDATE | 3 |
| glance | INSERT | 22 |
| placement | UPDATE | 3 |
| nova_api | INSERT | 20 |
| nova_api | SAVEPOINT | 10 |
| nova_api | RELEASE | 10 |
| glance | SELECT | 28 |
| glance | UPDATE | 2 |
| cinder | DELETE | 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

This is your host IP address: 192.168.0.105

This is your host IPV6 address: ::1

Horizon is now available at <http://192.168.0.105/dashboard>

Keystone is serving at <http://192.168.0.105/identity/>

The default users are: admin and demo

The password: toor

WARNING:

Configuring uWSGI with a WSGI file is deprecated, use module paths instead

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Services are running under systemd unit files.

For more information see:

<https://docs.openstack.org/devstack/latest/systemd.html>


DevStack Version: 2024.2

Change: 0ff627286297a3957143577412884dc50ff8a57a Run chown for egg-info only if the directory exists 2024-09-03 08:14:00

OS Version: Ubuntu 24.04 noble

stack@techz:~/devstack\$

## Step 6: Accessing OpenStack on a web browser




openstack®

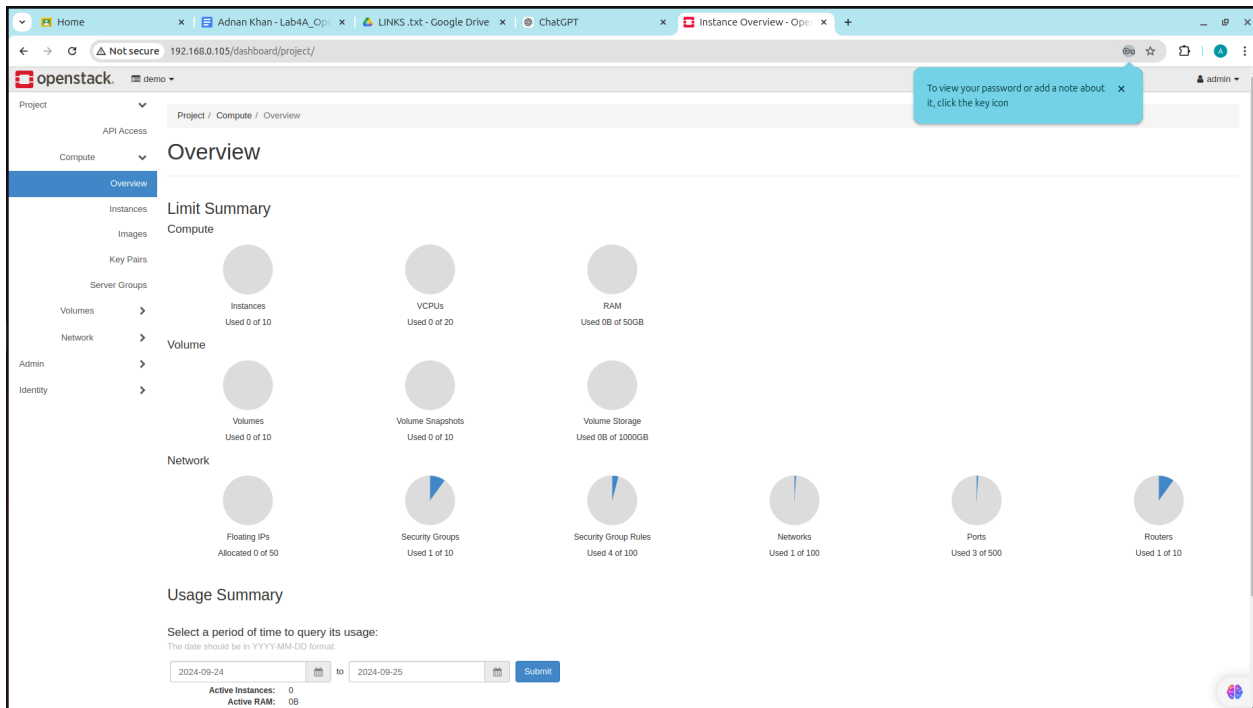
Log in

User Name

Password



Sign In



```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack image list
```

ID	Name	Status
660cc50b-9c40-44b8-9aa6-d343006992a7	cirros-0.6.2-x86_64-disk	active

```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack port list
```

ID	Name	MAC Address	Fixed IP Addresses	Status
056e2c99-52ff-477b-8c13-d36562473e89		fa:16:3e:56:10:a5	ip_address='10.0.0.1', subnet_id='a4e4af4b-e26c-4941-a281-02a2db25a960'	ACTIVE
2681a15a-4135-4f7a-8b40-4e360d3b012d		fa:16:3e:8f:07:60	ip_address='172.24.4.241', subnet_id='e931ae54-47b1-4f3b-bea5-137995e3fbe5'	ACTIVE
64af0749-f0c5-48b9-9e30-40e283e95223		fa:16:3e:6e:23:63	ip_address='2001:db8::1d7', subnet_id='f7b87a2d-8d41-4367-97c2-f3739ab54709'	ACTIVE
af5e93e0-220e-4be3-abc7-8ded92aa1f98		fa:16:3e:46:eb:74	ip_address='fd8f:e54e:a26::1', subnet_id='c4a91df3-11fe-41af-baea-e3852cdc06a1'	DOWN
ce1b8b0f-0876-41a8-b219-b5c9cbc9419a		fa:16:3e:c0:a1:f0	ip_address='192.168.233.2', subnet_id='c0f66db8-6dac-4232-84ae-bcce07d1aa1b'	DOWN
f2758bc1-5fbd-445e-8ce2-fac4df5ee986		fa:16:3e:b0:f7:67	ip_address='10.0.0.2', subnet_id='a4e4af4b-e26c-4941-a281-02a2db25a960'	DOWN
			ip_address='fd8f:e54e:a26:0:f816:3eff:feb0:f767', subnet_id='c4a91df3-11fe-41af-baea-e3852cdc06a1'	

```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack flavor list
```

```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack port list
```

ID	Name	MAC Address	Fixed IP Addresses	Status
056e2c99-52ff-477b-8c13-d36562473e89		fa:16:3e:56:10:a5	ip_address='10.0.0.1', subnet_id='a4e4af4b-e26c-4941-a281-02a2db25a960'	ACTIVE
2681a15a-4135-4f7a-8b40-4e360d3b012d		fa:16:3e:8f:07:60	ip_address='172.24.4.241', subnet_id='e931ae54-47b1-4f3b-bea5-137995e3fbe5'	ACTIVE
64af0749-f0c5-48b9-9e30-40e283e95223		fa:16:3e:6e:23:63	ip_address='2001:db8::1d7', subnet_id='f7b87a2d-8d41-4367-97c2-f3739ab54709'	ACTIVE
af5e93e0-220e-4be3-abc7-8ded92aa1f98		fa:16:3e:46:eb:74	ip_address='fd8f:e54e:a26::1', subnet_id='c4a91df3-11fe-41af-baea-e3852cdc06a1'	DOWN
ce1b8b0f-0876-41a8-b219-b5c9cbc9419a		fa:16:3e:c0:a1:f0	ip_address='192.168.233.2', subnet_id='c0f66db8-6dac-4232-84ae-bcce07d1aa1b'	DOWN
f2758bc1-5fbd-445e-8ce2-fac4df5ee986		fa:16:3e:b0:f7:67	ip_address='10.0.0.2', subnet_id='a4e4af4b-e26c-4941-a281-02a2db25a960' ip_address='fd8f:e54e:a26:0:f816:3eff:feb0:f767' , subnet_id='c4a91df3-11fe-41af-baea-e3852cdc06a1'	DOWN

```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack flavor list
```

```
| d4 | ds4G | 4096 | 20 | 0 | 4 | True |
```

```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack availability zone list
```

Zone Name	Zone Status
internal	available
nova	available
nova	available



```
stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack server list
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID | Name | Status | Networks | Image | Flavor |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 810a976d-fe25-40d3-b856-49d51bbeae65 | TechZ | ACTIVE | public=172.24.4.75, 2001:db8::2a5 | cirros-0.6.2-x86_64-disk | m1.tiny |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

stack@techz:~/devstack$ openstack floating ip create public
openstack server add floating ip 810a976d-fe25-40d3-b856-49d51bbeae65 192.168.0.224
+-----+-----+
| Field | Value |
+-----+-----+
| created_at | 2024-09-25T18:35:23Z |
| description | |
| dns_domain | |
| dns_name | |
| fixed_ip_address | None |
| floating_ip_address | 172.24.4.192 |
| floating_network_id | 1405a5da-31da-4f77-ba04-ed572b29cbce |
| id | 984518fb-16cb-4506-8538-7815a432d897 |
| name | 172.24.4.192 |
| port_details | None |
| port_id | None |
| project_id | d7432cbd06de41e899a35df634b087df |
| qos_policy_id | None |
| revision_number | 0 |
| router_id | None |
| status | DOWN |
| subnet_id | None |
| tags | [] |
| updated_at | 2024-09-25T18:35:23Z |
+-----+-----+

No FloatingIP found for 192.168.0.224
stack@techz:~/devstack$
```

Home

Adnan Khan - Lab4A\_Op

LINKS.txt - Google Drive

Images - OpenStack Dash

192.168.0.105/dashboard/project/images

openstack. demo admin

Project

API Access

Compute

Overview

Instances

Images

Key Pairs

Server Groups

Volumes

Network

Admin

Project / Compute / Images

Images

Displaying 1 item

Owner	Name	Type	Status	Visibility	Protected	Disk Format	Size
admin	cirros-0.6.2-x86_64-disk	Image	Active	Public	No	QCOW2	20.44 MB

Launch

openstack. admin

Project

API Access

Compute

Overview

Instances

Images

Key Pairs

Server Groups

Volumes

Network

Admin

Identity

Project / Compute / Instances

Instances

Instance ID =

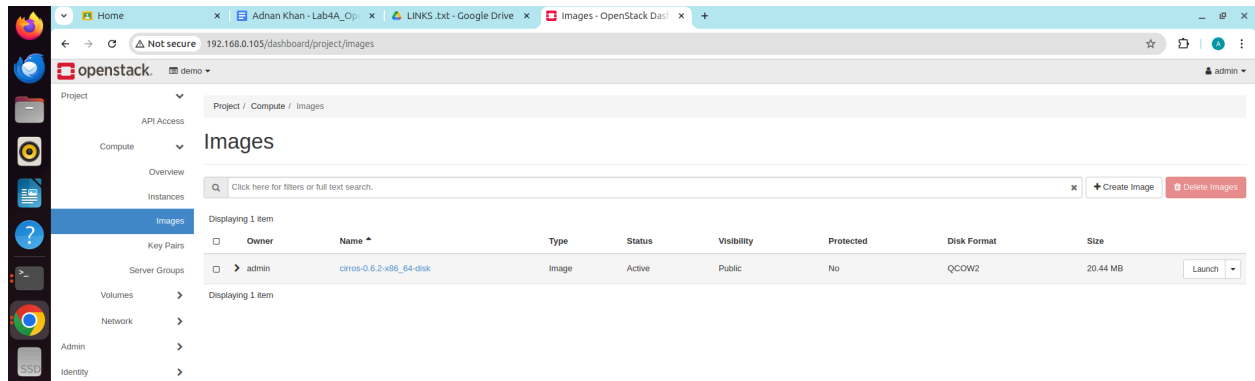
Filter

Launch Instance

Delete Instances

More Actions

Displaying 1 item



## Conclusion:

In this lab, we successfully deployed OpenStack on Ubuntu 22.04, paving the way for creating a robust and scalable cloud infrastructure capable of handling a variety of workloads. This hands-on experience allowed us to dive into the world of cloud computing, where we set up essential components like Nova, Glance, Neutron, Keystone, and Cinder.

Using DevStack for installation simplified the process, enabling us to quickly provision and configure cloud resources without getting bogged down by complex setups. It was exciting to see how each component plays a vital role in managing compute, storage, and networking resources, all while offering us the flexibility to tailor the cloud environment to specific needs.

We also explored the importance of monitoring tools such as Ceilometer, which help us gain insights into resource utilization. This knowledge empowers us to plan ahead and optimize our resources effectively, ensuring that our cloud infrastructure remains efficient and responsive.

Overall, this lab not only enhanced our technical skills in deploying and managing OpenStack but also highlighted the significance of cloud technologies in today's computing landscape. We are now better equipped to tackle future challenges in cloud architecture and management, and we look forward to applying what we've learned in real-world scenarios.

## References:

[1]

<https://medium.com/@kcoupal/how-to-install-openstack-on-ubuntu-22-04-with-devstack-3336c01ddcfa>

[2] <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/26583885/openstack-devstack-virtual-machine-installation-error>

[3] <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kQQwdpYphl4>

[4]

[https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-us/red\\_hat\\_openstack\\_platform/16.1/html-single/creating\\_and\\_managing\\_instances/index](https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-us/red_hat_openstack_platform/16.1/html-single/creating_and_managing_instances/index)

