

Revision: Manipulation of Variables

1. Re arrange the following equations to make y the dependent variable

$$1. \quad 3x = 6y - 9$$

$$y = \frac{x + 3}{2}$$

$$2. \quad 4y - 2x = 6$$

$$y = \frac{3 + x}{2}$$

$$3. \quad \frac{3y}{x} = 6$$

$$y = 2x$$

$$4. \quad \frac{3y}{(x-1)} = 6$$

$$y = 2(x - 1)$$

$$5. \quad \frac{3y+2}{(x-1)} = 6$$

$$y = \frac{2(3x - 4)}{3}$$

$$6. \quad 4x + 3 = 2(y - 1)$$

$$y = \frac{4x + 5}{2}$$

2. What is the value of y in each of the above equations if $x = 4$?

$$1. \quad 7/2$$

$$2. \quad 7/2$$

$$3. \quad 8$$

$$4. \quad 6$$

$$5. \quad 16/3$$

$$6. \quad 21/2$$

3. Factorise the following expressions:

$$1. \quad 2x^2 - x = x(2x - 1), x = 0 \text{ and } x = 0.5$$

$$2. \quad 4x^3 + 8x^2 = 4x^2(x + 2), x = 0 \text{ and } x = -2$$

$$3. \quad x^2 + 8x + 7 = (x + 1)(x + 7), x = -1 \text{ and } x = -7$$

$$4. \quad 2x^2 + 16x + 14 = 2(x + 1)(x + 7), x = -1 \text{ and } x = -7$$

Maths for Computing 1

5. $x^2 - 5x + 6 = (x - 3)(x - 2), x = 3 \text{ and } x = 2$

6. $x^2 - x - 12 = (x + 3)(x - 4), x = -3 \text{ and } x = 4$

Hence, what would be the possible values of x in each of the above expressions if they equalled zero? **See above**

END