

# ECSESS Robotics Club

Week 4 - Buttons and H-bridge

# Issues from last week, Pickit 2 not working

- ▶ Possible solution we're going to try:
  - ▶ Right click on Robot -> Properties
  - ▶ Change from Pickit 2 to Simulator
  - ▶ Open separate Pickit 2 software, import hex and program it

# Week 3 - H-bridge

- ▶ Lets cover:
  - ▶ Using buttons
  - ▶ H - bridges

# Button reading

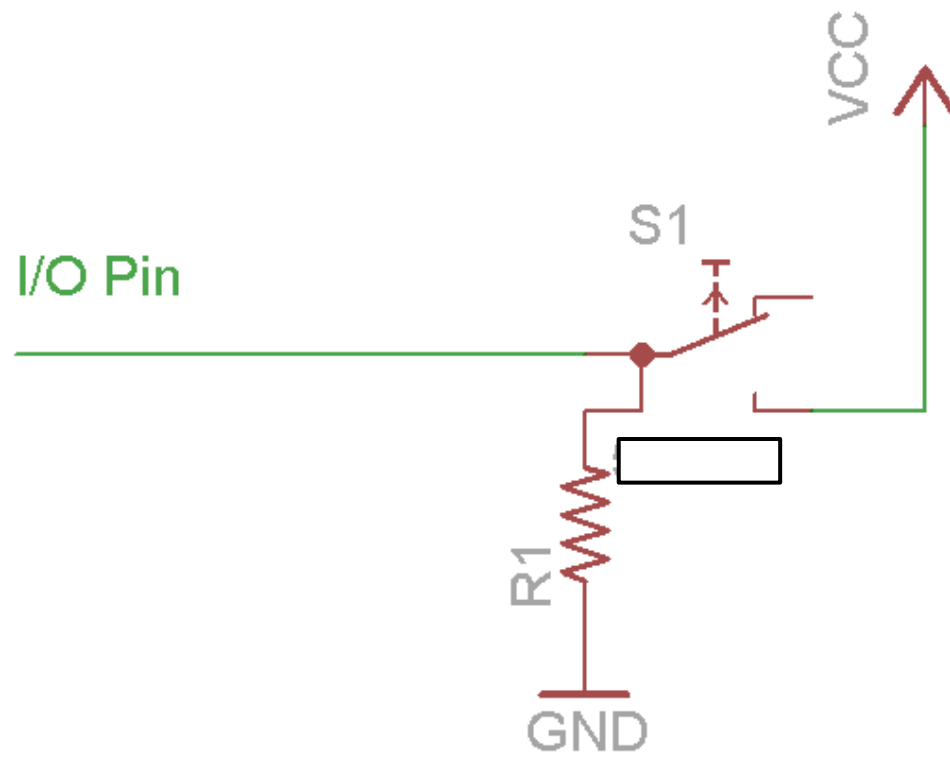
```
// Define pins for colors
#define red RB0
#define green RB1
#define blue RB2
#define ON 1
#define OFF 0
#define BUTTON RB3

void init(void) {

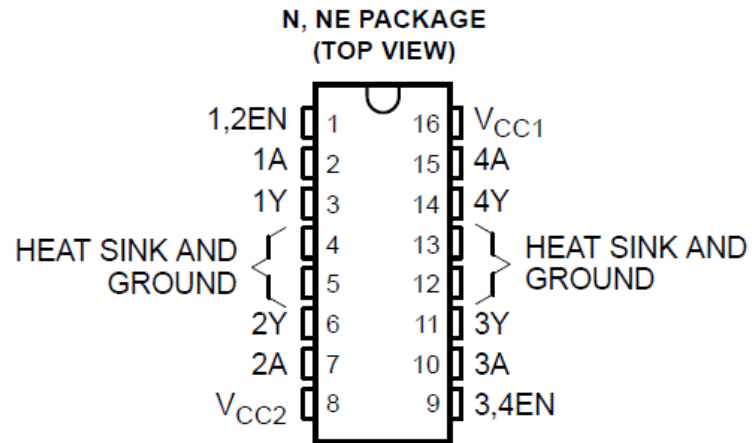
    OSCCON = 0b01100000;    //set frequency to 4MHz
    TRISA = 0x00;           // set all pins in PORTA as outputs
    TRISB = 0x08;           // set all pins in PORTB as outputs except RB3 as an input
    ANSEL = 0x00;           // ignore this
}

int main() {
    init(); // call the function above
    while(1){
        if (BUTTON == ON) // check if button is being pressed.
            red = ON;     // do something, turn on an LED?
        else
            red = OFF;
    }
}
```

# Button “pull down” schematic



# L293 H-bridge chip



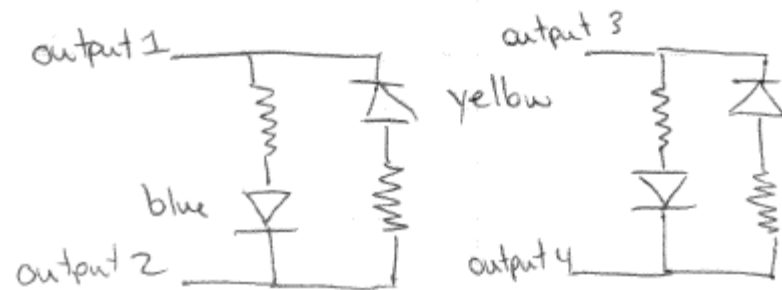
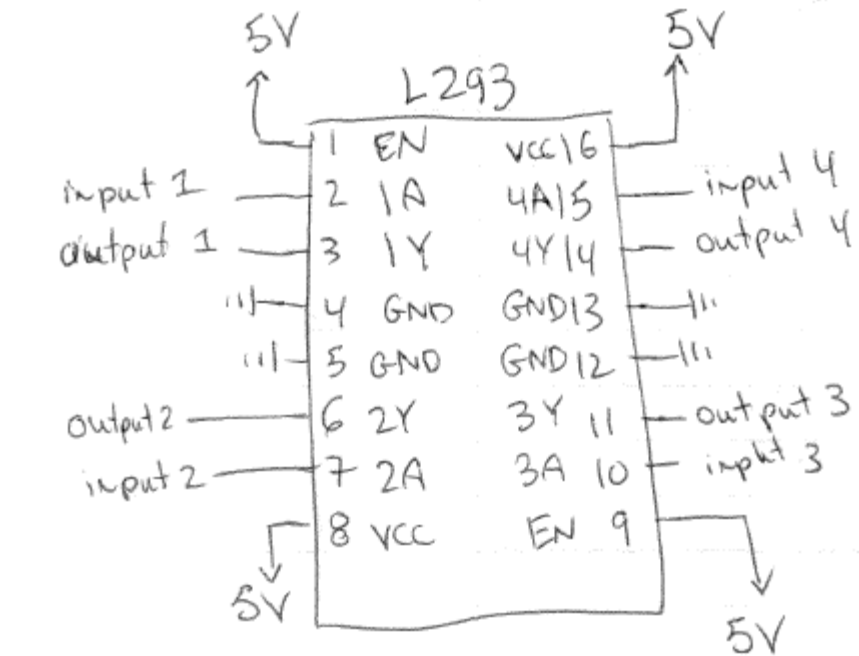
FUNCTION TABLE  
(each driver)

INPUTS <sup>†</sup>		OUTPUT Y
A	EN	
H	H	H
L	H	L
X	L	Z

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant,  
Z = high impedance (off)

<sup>†</sup> In the thermal shutdown mode, the output is  
in the high-impedance state, regardless of  
the input levels.

# Sketchy hand drawn schematic



# To-Do

- ▶ Finish yellow / blue LED piece on foam board
- ▶ Get 7-segment to work
- ▶ Use 2 buttons to count up / down
- ▶ Get L293 working with LEDs
- ▶ If L293 works with LEDs, come try with power source and your motors