# <u>Lab Activity-Ado.Net and DB</u> <u>Visual Programming</u>



## **Submitted By:**

Muhammad Adnan Ali (233109).

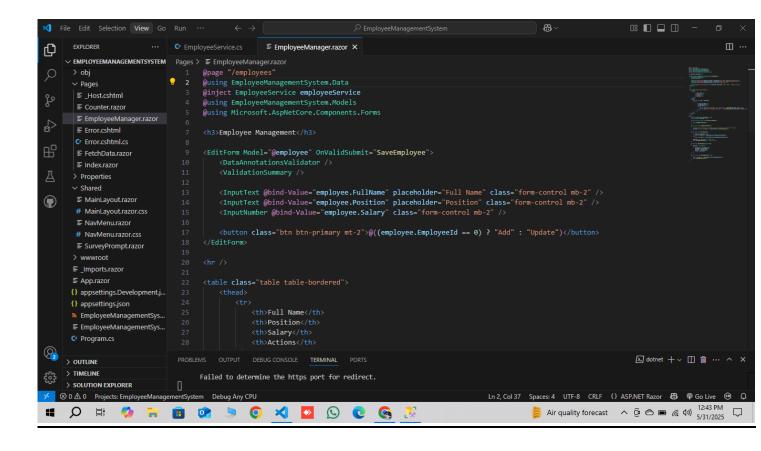
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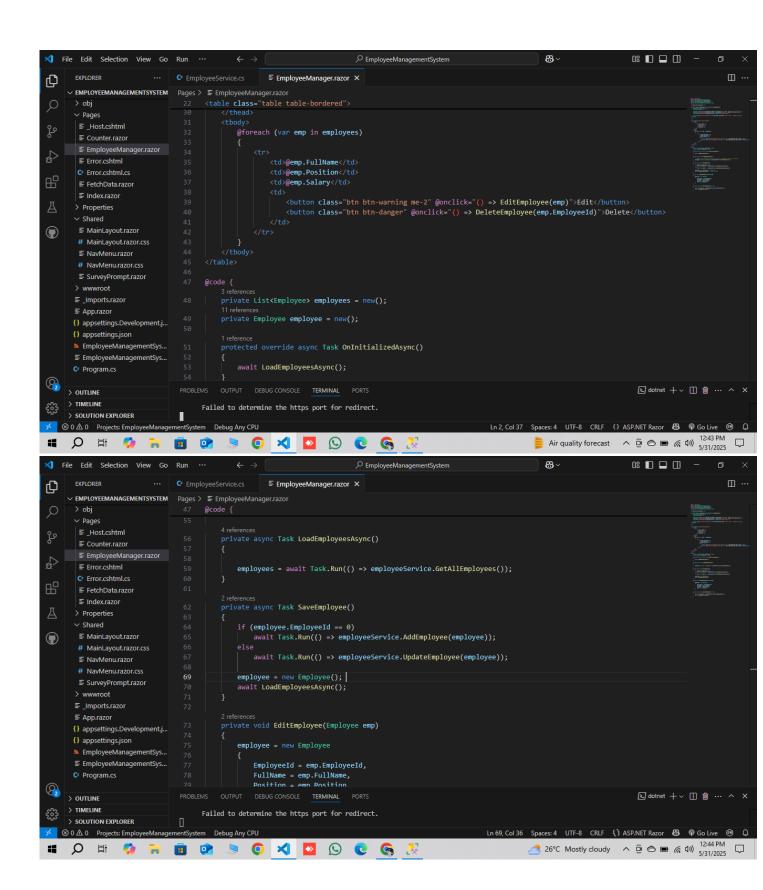
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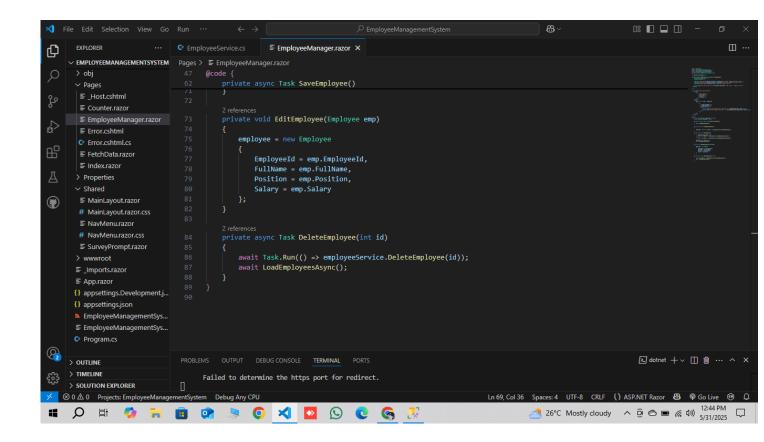
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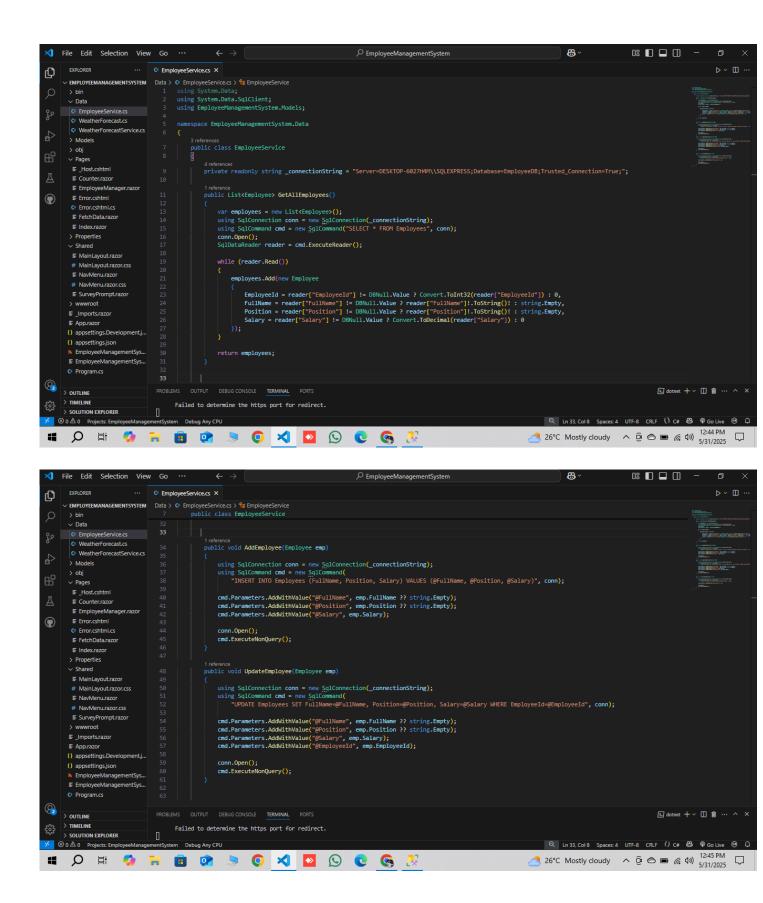
Dated 31 May 2025.

### **Screenshots:**

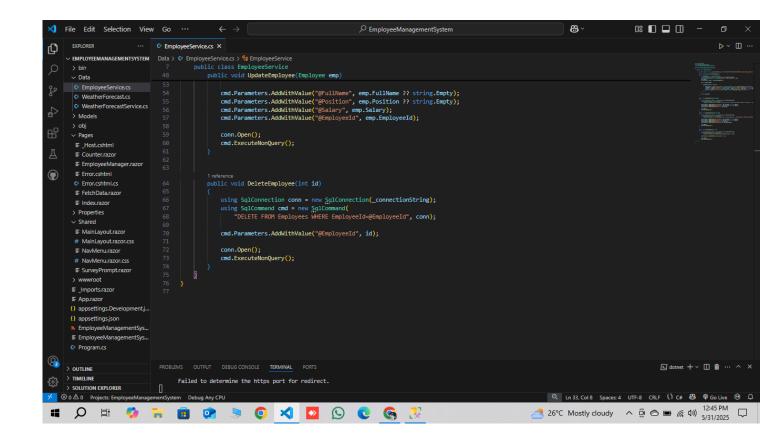


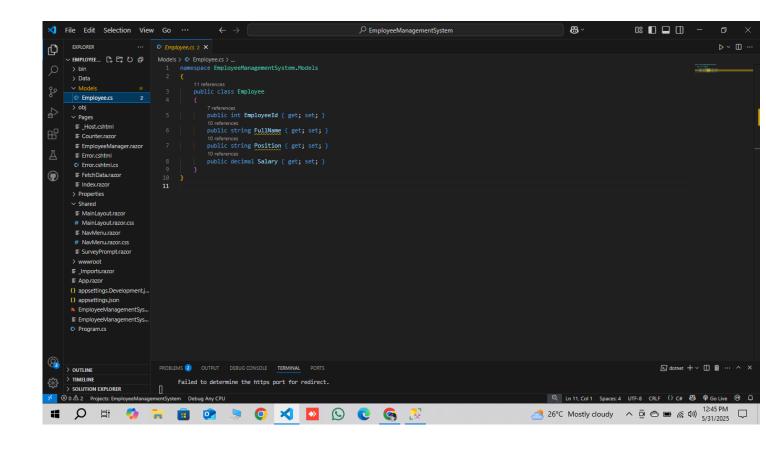


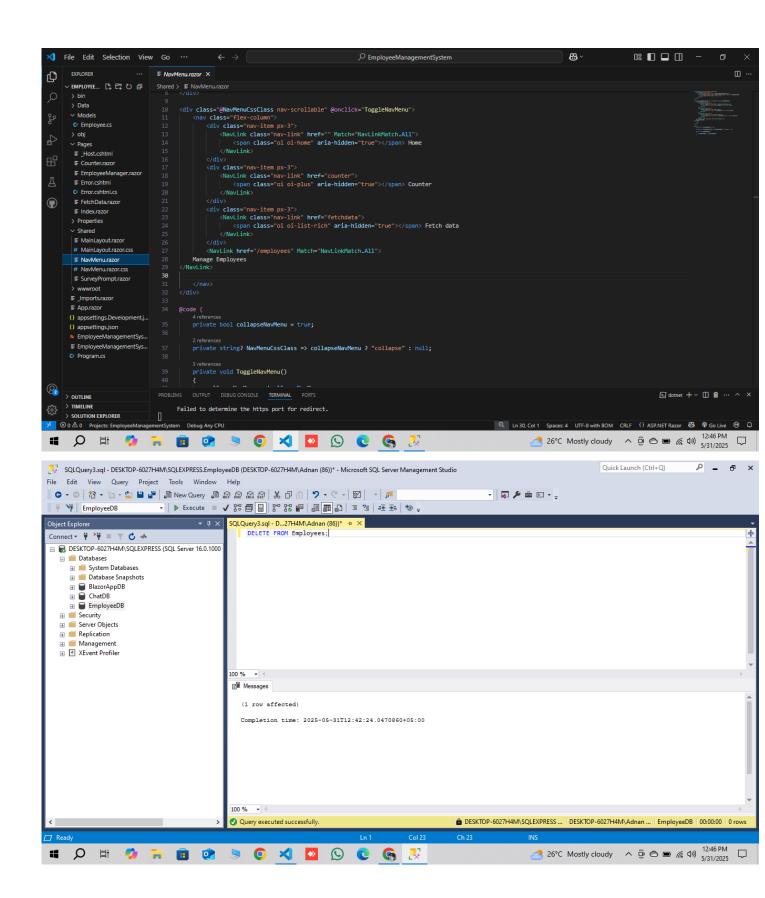




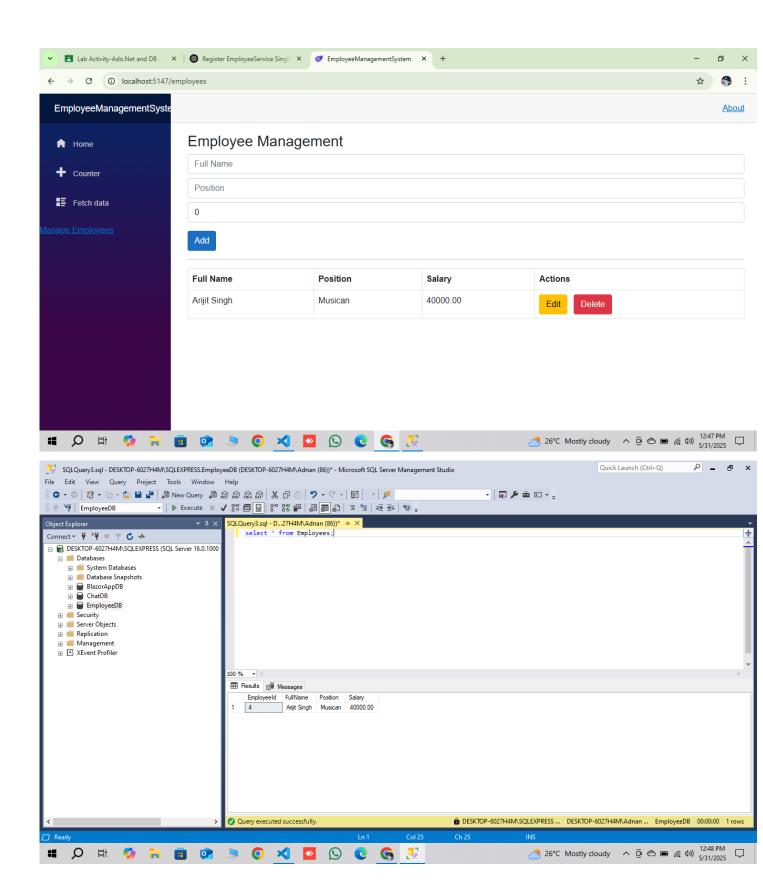
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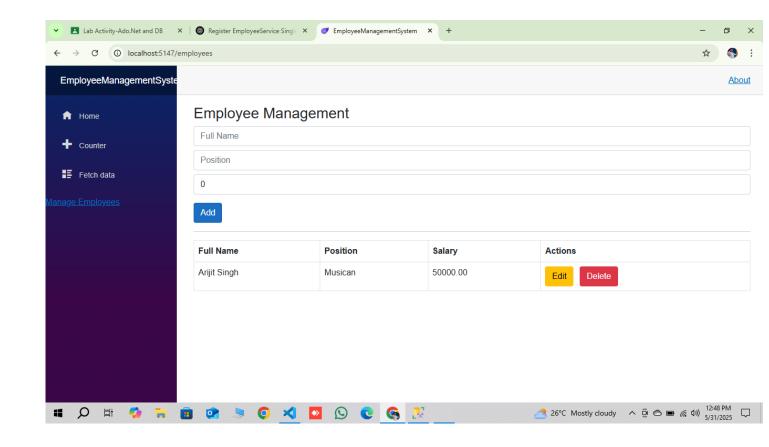


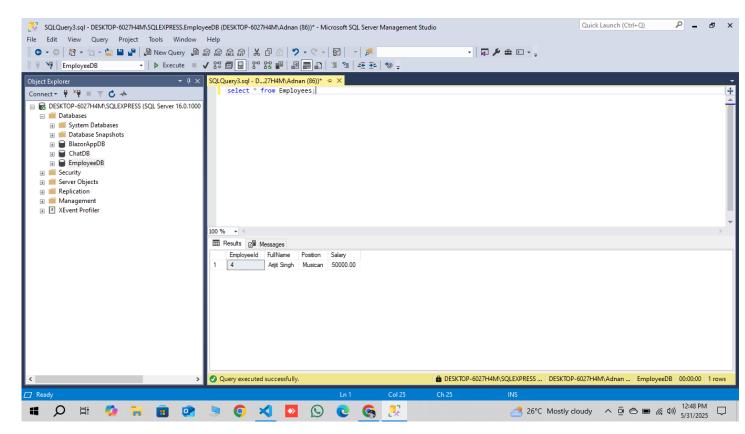


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**Part C: Explanation** 

#### 1. How do you manage database connections effectively to avoid resource leaks?

To manage database connections effectively and avoid resource leaks, I use the using statement in C# which ensures that the connection is properly disposed of once the operation is complete. This automatically closes the connection even if an exception occurs, releasing resources immediately. Additionally, connection pooling provided by ADO.NET helps to reuse connections efficiently rather than opening new ones repeatedly. By following these practices, the application maintains optimal performance and prevents memory or resource exhaustion.

#### 2. How do you implement safe and secure parameterized SQL queries?

I implement parameterized SQL queries by using command parameters instead of concatenating user input directly into SQL statements. This prevents SQL injection attacks by treating user input as parameters rather than executable code. For example, using SqlCommand.Parameters. AddWithValue() in ADO.NET ensures that inputs are properly escaped and handled. This approach not only enhances security but also improves query parsing and execution efficiency on the database server.

#### 3. Explain your approach to form resetting and data binding in Blazor.

In Blazor, I use two-way data binding with the @bind-Value directive to bind form input controls to model properties. This creates a direct link between UI and data. For form resetting, I simply assign a new instance of the model (e.g., employee = new Employee();) after the form submission. This clears the input fields automatically because the bound

properties now hold default values. This approach keeps the UI in sync with the model state and ensures a smooth user experience.

#### 4. Describe how event handling works in your component for form submission and button clicks.

Event handling in my Blazor component uses directives like @onclick and OnValidSubmit to link UI events with C# methods. For example, the <EditForm> component's OnValidSubmit triggers the SaveEmployee method when the form passes validation. Similarly, buttons for editing or deleting employees use @onclick with lambda expressions to call methods like EditEmployee(emp) or DeleteEmployee(emp.EmployeeId). This model of event binding keeps the UI responsive and enables clear separation between UI and business logic.

#### 5. How do you optimize UI updates to prevent unnecessary data reloads while maintaining data integrity?

To optimize UI updates, I avoid reloading data from the service or database unnecessarily by using state management and minimal async calls. For example, after adding, updating, or deleting an employee, I reload the employee list only once, rather than on every minor UI event. Additionally, data binding ensures the UI reflects the current state of the underlying model without redundant refreshes. This strategy balances efficient performance with accurate data representation and a seamless user experience.

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