HTTP API Framework

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Agenda

- Business Context
- HTTP API
- JSON Format
- Annotation Overview
- OAuth improvements
- New Assets API Example

Business Context

Why invest in an HTTP API Framework? Consider benefits for 4 groups:

- 1. AEM Engineering
 - Can focus on biz-logic over plumbing → more features exposed as HTTP endpoints
- 2. ISVs software companies (CRM, ESP, MRM, content marketing, commerce, etc)
 - 6.3 effort to scale connectors built by these partners
 - Integration patterns include custom components, Sling schedulers for data import/export, servlets to get/put assets in the DAM
 - Framework speeds up Adobe's ability to deliver endpoints useful for connectors
 - High level endpoints limit need for deep AEM expertise (servlets, packages, JCR)

Business Context

Why invest in an HTTP API Framework? Consider benefits for 4 groups:

3. Customers

- Easier development for ISVs → more connectors available (greater choice)
- HTTP APIs compatible with OAuth, satisfying security reqs

4. System Integrators

- Contracted by customers (and sometimes ISVs) to write code
- Similar benefits as customers and ISVs

Each group benefits from a consistent API design, which the Framework enforces

Thanks

- To Roland Schaer and Paolo Mottadelli for the initial design/development of the pattern and code
- And other who've submitted bugs / PRs / Participated in the DL-dev discussion!

HTTP API

- Starting with 6.2 AEM has shipped a API endpoint: http://localhost:4502/api.json
- Meant to standardize HTTP calls from customer to customer
- Attempts to segregate Adobe's API space from our customer's implementations
 - Distinct URL space
 - Separate resource types
 - Implemented as a resource provider
- Currently only uses Siren hypermedia type

Siren Format[0]

- "a hypermedia specification for representing entities"
- Entities
 - Children
 - Different serialization
- Links
 - Connections between entities
 - Relationships defined by Web Linking Spec[1]
- Actions
 - Things that can be done to the entity
 - Maps to HTTP Verbs + some Sling-ish additions
- Properties
- Classes

Sample API.json output

```
"class": [
    "core/services"
"links": [
        "rel": [
            "self"
        "href": "http://host:port/api.json"
    },
        "rel": [
            "content"
        "href": "http://host:port/api/content.json"
        "rel": [
            "assets"
        "href": "http://host:port/api/assets.json"
"properties": {
    "name": "api"
                                              ADOBE CONFIDENTIAL
```

Sample API.json output

```
"rel": [
    "content"
"href": "http://host:port/api/content.json"
"rel": [
    "assets"
"href": "http://host:port/api/assets.json"
                                      ADOBE CONFIDENTIAL
```

Each one of these links represents a "category" in the API space.

A category allows developers to have various POJOs representing resources

```
@ApiModel(category="assets",

type={"aem-io/assets/fragment"},

resourceType="dam/types/contentfragment")
```

```
@ApiModel(category="assets",

type={"aem-io/adsets/fragment"},

resourceType="dam/types/contentfragment")
```

Adds this model to the category.

```
@ApiModel(category="assets",

type={"aem-io/assets/fragment"},

resourceType="am/types/contentfragment")
```

Gives this model a which can be different from the resource types in AEM. This allows developers to surface another categorization. This aligns with Siren's "class" list.

```
@ApiModel(category="assets",

type={"aem-io/assets/fragment"},

resourceType="dam/types/contentfragment")
```

This binds this model to a resource type. If the resource has a sling:resourceType with this value, this model will be used when serializing. This is the simplest binding you can define. The other is a ModelLookup that can allow the developer to supply binding logic.

ApiRoot

@ApiRoot(baseResource = "/content/dam")



Marks this model as the Root for the "category"

Instructs the framework to use this resource as this path for its starting point. Allows you to inject a different resource into the Pojo when you are viewing the "root" of the API category

ApiEntities

```
@ApiEntities
public Iterable<Resource>
getChildren() {
    return children;
}
```

Can be placed on a method. It must return an iterable of Resources.

```
"entities": [
    "class": [
      "aem-io/assets/folder"
    "links": [
        "rel": [
          "self"
        "href":
"http://host:port/api/assets/content/dam/projects
.json"
    "rel": [
      "child"
    "properties": {
      "name": "projects"
```

ApiLink

```
@ApiLink(rel = "root")
public String root = "/api/assets.json";
```

Can be placed on a property or method. It can return a single string value or a Iterable of Strings

```
"links": [
      "rel": [
        "root"
      "href": "http://host:port/api/assets.json"
      "rel":
        "assets"
      "href": "http://host:port/api/assets.json"
      "rel": [
        "self"
      "href":
"http://host:port/api/assets/content/dam.json"
      "rel": 「
        "parent"
      "href":
"http://host:port/api/assets/content.json"
```

ADOBE CONFIDENTIAL

ApiLink

```
@ApiLink(rel = "root")
public String root = "/api/assets.json";
```

If you need multiple relations just add more properties with the same target value. A link can also return an iterable of Strings so you can point one relation to many places.

```
"rel": [
  "root"
```

ApiLink

```
@ApiLink(rel = "root")
```

public String root = "/api/assets son";

```
"href": "http://host:port/api/assets.json"
} ,
```

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ApiProperty

```
@ApiProperty(name = "cq:name")
public String getName() {
   return "name"
}
```

```
"rel": [
    "parent"
   "href":
"http://radiohead.corp.adobe.com:4502/api/assets/content/dam/geom
etrixx-outdoors/brand.json"
"properties": {
  "cq:parentPath": "/content/dam/geometrixx-outdoors/brand",
  "name": "brand 1 c02.jpg",
  "cg:name": "name",
  "srn:paging": {
   "total": 1,
   "limit": 20.
   "offset": 0
  "metadata": {
   "dc:format": "image/jpeg",
   "xmp:CreatorTool": "Adobe Photoshop CS6 (Macintosh)",
   "dc:modified": "2014-03-18T13:40:37.482+02:00"
  "related": {
```

ApiProperty

```
@ApiProperty(name = "cq:name")
public String getName() {
   return "name"
}
```

```
"cq:name": "name",
 sr<mark>n</mark>:paging": {
```

ApiProperty

```
@ApiProperty(name = "cq:name")
public String getName() {
   return "name"
}
```

```
"cq:name": "name",
```

```
@ApiAction(name = "add-folder", title = "Add Folder")
public void addFolder(@HttpRequestParam
SlingHttpServletRequest request,
@HttpFormParam(value = "name") String name) { }
```

```
"actions": [
  "title": "Add Folder",
  "name": "add-folder",
  "method": "POST",
  "href": "/api/assets/content/dam/geometrixx-outdoors/brand",
  "fields": [
    "name": ":operation",
    "value": "add-folder",
    "type": "hidden"
    "name": "name",
    "type": "text"
  "title": "Add Asset",
  "name": "add-asset",
  "method": "POST",
  "href": "/api/assets/content/dam/geometrixx-outdoors/brand",
  "fields": [
    "name": ":operation",
    "value": "add-asset",
    "type": "hidden"
    "name": "name",
    "type": "text"
    "name": "file",
    "type": "text"
```

```
@ApiAction(name = "add-folder", title = "Add Folder")
public void addFolder(@HttpRequestParam
SlingHttpServletRequest request,
@HttpFormParam(value = "name") String name) {
```

The default method is always POST so it can be omitted

```
"title": "Add Folder",
   ne": "add-folder",
method": "POST",
```

```
@ApiAction(name = "add-folder", title = "Add Folder")
public void addFolder(@HttpRequestParam
SlingHttpServletRequest request,
@HttpFormParam(value = "name") String name) { }
```

```
"fields": [
   _"n<mark>a</mark>me": "name",
   type": "text"
```

```
@ApiAction(name = "add-folder", title = "Add Folder")
public void addFolder(@HttpRequestParam
SlingHttpServletRequest request,
@HttpFormParam(value = "name") String name) { }
```

```
"name": ":operation",
"value": "add-folder",
"type": "hidden"
```

Other Annotations

- ApiQuery
 - Allows you to intercept queries on the URL to return a set of resources
- ApiFilter (WIP)
 - Allows you to define filters that reduce the set of entities returned as children

Enable the Framework

• Only looks at bundles with a specific header, must add to the bundle:

```
<HAF-IO-Packages>c.a.g.package/HAF-IO-Packages>
```

All other bundles will be ignored

Oauth - Extensible Scopes

- Oauth is a common authorization protocol in use today
- AEM has an Oauth server (see Antonio CQ Gems presentation [2])
- Prior to 6.3
 - There was a small set of scopes available OOB (profile, offline, replicate)
 - Adding new ones required writing code directly in the oauth.server bundle
 - Only read access was supported
- With Extensible Scopes in 6.3
 - You create a service that implements an interface to define your custom scope
 - The service can live in any bundle and gets registered into the Oauth service when the bundle starts
 - Any privilege available in the repository can be used in a scope

Oauth - Extensible Scopes

- What is a scope in AEM?
 - A mapping of a path in the repository to a set of privileges
- To create a custom scope, you implement c.a.g.oauth.server.ScopeWithPrivileges
- ScopeWithPrivileges was created as an extension to the existing c.a.g.oauth.server.Scope interface to maintain backwards compatibility
- For a user to grant a scope, they must have the necessary privileges in the repository

Oauth - Extensible Scopes (example)

```
public class | priceDAMScope implements ScopeWithPrivileges {
   public static final String WRITE_DAM_SCOPE_NAME = "write_dam";

   public static final String BASE_PATH = "/content/dam";

   private static final String[] privileges = {"crx:replicate", "jcr:lockManagement", "jcr:versionManagement", "rep:write"};

   public String getName() { return WRITE_DAM_SCOPE_NAME; }

   public String getResourcePath(User user) { return BASE_PATH; }

   public String getEndpoint() { return null; }

   public String getDescription(HttpServletRequest httpServletRequest) { return "Write access to the DAM."; }

   public String[] getPrivileges() { return privileges; }
}
```

Then VS Now

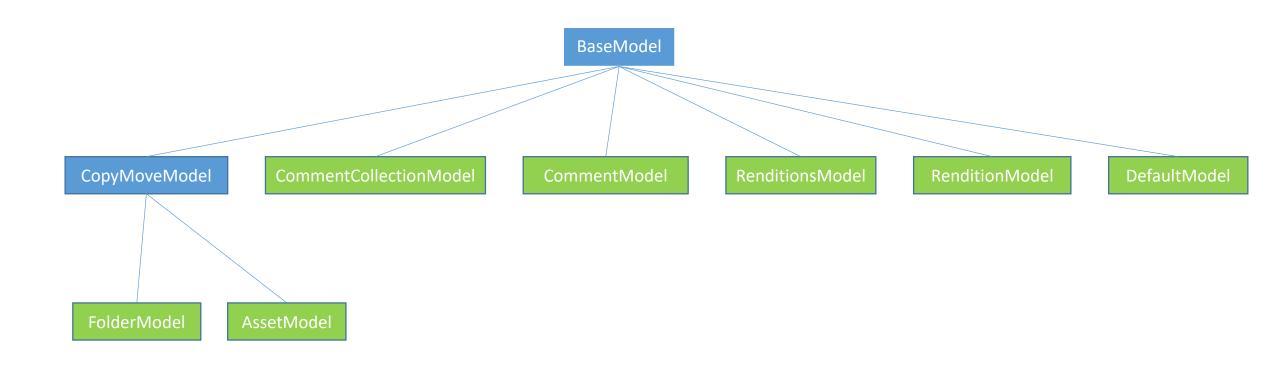
- In 6.2 the framework was very powerful but required a lot of boilerplate code in order to expose new resources and functionality
- Our goal was to use annotations to reduce the amount of code a developer needs to write
 - As well as to move common code like JSON serialization and Sling plumbing into the framework
- Let's compare using the Assets HTTP API [3]

Then

- Exposing an Asset resource required 5 classes
 - AssetResource The actual resource
 - AssetResourceConverter To take the resource and serialize it into Siren JSON
 - AssetResourceProvider(Factory) The provider of the custom resources and a factory to create it
 - AssetValueMapDecorator To aggregate the useful properties from different nodes in the asset structure into the resource. To provide business functionality (ie: if you add a file property to the map, the decorator will call setRendition using the Assets Java API)

Now

- Exposing an Asset resource requires 1 class
 - AssetModel
- The framework takes care of
 - JSON serialization (you don't need to write code to create Siren JSON)
 - Sling internals
 - The framework defines the provider and uses a ResourceWrapper that knows how to interrogate the models based on metadata we build when processing the annotations
- Custom ValueMap decorators are no longer necessary



```
@Model(adaptables = Resource.class)
@ApiModel(category = AssetsApiConstants.ASSETS CATEGORY,
        type = {AssetsApiConstants.TYPE_ASSET},
       resourceType = AssetsApiConstants.RT ASSET)
public class AssetModel extends CopyMoveModel {
   private static final Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(AssetModel.class);
    @Self
   Asset asset;
   @Inject
   @Named("jcr:content")
   private Resource jcrContent;
   @Inject
   @Optional
   private ContentAwareMimeTypeService camts;
   private List<Resource> children;
    @PostConstruct
   private void setUp() {
        children = new ArrayList<Resource>();
        Resource renditions = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN RENDITIONS);
        if (renditions != null) {
            children.add(renditions);
        Resource comments = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN_COMMENTS);
        if (comments != null) {
            children.add(comments);
```

```
@Model(adaptables = Resource.class)
@ApiModel(category = AssetsApiConstants.ASSETS CATEGORY,
       type = {AssetsApiConstants.TYPE ASSET},
                                                                   ApiModel
       resourceType = AssetsApiConstants.RT ASSET)
public class AssetModel extends CopyMoveModel {
   private static final Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(AssetModel.class);
    Asset asset;
    private Resource jcrContent;
    private ContentAwareMimeTypeService camts;
    private List<Resource> children:
   private void setUp() {
       children = new ArrayList<Resource>();
        Resource renditions = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN RENDITIONS);
       if (renditions != null) {
           children.add(renditions);
        Resource comments = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN COMMENTS);
       if (comments != null) {
           children.add(comments);
```

```
@Model(adaptables = Resource.class) Sling Model
ApiModel(category = AssetsApiConstants.ASSETS CATEGORY,
       type = {AssetsApiConstants.TYPE ASSET},
       resourceType = AssetsApiConstants.RT ASSET)
public class AssetModel extends CopyMoveModel {
    private static final Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(AssetModel.class);
    @Self
   Asset asset:
   @Inject
   @Named("jcr:content")
   private Resource jcrContent;
   @Inject
   @Optional
   private ContentAwareMimeTypeService camts;
   private List<Resource> children;
    @PostConstruct
   private void setUp() {
       children = new ArrayList<Resource>();
       Resource renditions = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN RENDITIONS);
       if (renditions != null) {
            children.add(renditions);
       Resource comments = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN COMMENTS);
       if (comments != null) {
            children.add(comments);
```

```
@ApiLink(rel = "content", scope = ApiLink.SCOPE.BOTH)
public String getOriginalRendition() {
   Resource orig = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.PATH ORIGINAL RENDITION);
    if (orig != null) {
       //fix the hardcoded prefix
       return "/api/assets2" + orig.getPath();
    } else {
        log.warn("Unable to locate original rendition for resource at {}.", baseResource.getPath());
       return null;
@ApiLink(rel = "thumbnail")
public String getThumbnail() {
    Resource thumb = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.PATH ASSET THUMBNAIL);
    if (thumb != null) {
       //fix the hardcoded prefix
       return "/api/assets2" + thumb.getPath();
    } else {
        log.warn("Unable to locate thumbnail rendition for resource at {}.", baseResource.getPath());
       return null:
```

```
@ApiEntities
public Iterable<Resource> getChildren() { return children; }
@ApiProperty(name = "dc:title")
public String getTitle() { return ResourceUtil.getValueMap(jcrContent).get("jcr:title", String.class); }
@ApiProperty(name = "dc:description")
public String getDescription() {
   return ResourceUtil.getValueMap(jcrContent).get("jcr:description", String.class);
@ApiProperty
public Map<String, Object> getRelated() {
   //fix this
   return Collections. <->emptyMap();
@ApiProperty(name = "cq:parentPath", scope = ApiProperty.SCOPE.RESOURCE)
public String getparentPath() { return ResourceUtil.getValueMap(jcrContent).get("cq:parentPath", String.class); }
@ApiProperty(name = "cq:name", scope = ApiProperty.SCOPE.RESOURCE)
public String getName() { return ResourceUtil.getValueMap(jcrContent).get("cg:name", String.class); }
@ApiProperty
public Map<String, Object> getMetadata() {
   Map<String, Object> metadata = new HashMap<~>();
   Resource metaResource = jcrContent.getChild(AssetsApiConstants.NN METADATA);
   ValueMap vm = ResourceUtil.getValueMap(metaResource);
   for (String name : vm.keySet()) {
       if (isAllowedPrefix(name, AssetsApiConstants.PREFIX ALLOWED)) {
            Object value = vm.get(name);
           if (value instanceof Calendar) {
               String formated = ISO8601.format((Calendar) value);
               metadata.put(name, formated);
            } else {
               metadata.put(name, vm.get(name));
   return metadata;
```

```
@ApiAction(method = "PUT", name = "update-metadata", title = "Update Metadata", type = Constants.CT SIREN JSON)
public void updateMetadata (@HttpRequestParam SlingHttpServletRequest request,
                           @HttpFormParam(value = "file", optional = true) String file) {
    //the file param is wrong but left for keeping the signature compatible
    UpdatePropertiesHelper.updateProperties(request, file, jcrContent);
@ApiAction (method = "PUT", name = "update-data", title = "Update Data", type = Constants.CT OCTET STREAM)
public void updateData (@HttpRequestParam SlingHttpServletRequest request,
                       @HttpFormParam(value = "data", optional = true) String data) {
    //the data param is wrong but left for keeping the signature compatible
    InputStream is = null;
    try {
        String name = baseResource.getName();
        String contentType = RequestHelper.getContentType(request);
        is = new BufferedInputStream(request.getInputStream());
        String mimeType = MimeTypeHelper.detectContentType(camts, name, is, contentType);
        try {
            asset.setRendition("original", is,
                    Collections. <->singletonMap(AssetsApiConstants.RENDITION MIME TYPE, mimeType));
          catch (AssetException e) {
            String msg = "Unable to set original rendition for asset at " + asset.getPath();
            throw new RequestException(SlingHttpServletResponse.SC INTERNAL SERVER ERROR, msg, e);
      catch (IOException e) {
        throw new RequestException (SlingHttpServletResponse. SC INTERNAL SERVER ERROR,
                "Unable to read input stream from request.", e);
     finally {
        IOUtils.closeQuietly(is);
```

The Future

- Automatic doc generation
- Request throttling
- Support for Synthetic Resources
- Filtering
- URL vs Content Path Mapping (in progress)
- Alternative Serialization Formats (oData, JSON-LD)
- Need something else? Let's talk![4]

Links

- [0] https://github.com/kevinswiber/siren
- [1] http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5988
- [2] https://docs.adobe.com/ddc/en/gems/oauth-server-functionality-in-aem---embrace-federation-and-unlea.html
- [3] https://git.corp.adobe.com/Granite/com.adobe.granite.rest.assets
- [4] https://wiki.corp.adobe.com/display/granite/ISV+Engineering