Offline, Local, and Personalized Artificial Intelligence

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Abstract

AggmGPT is an 8 billion local large language model based on the transformer architecture proposed by Google in 2017. AggmGPT was trained on 1 terabyte of text that includes all of wikipedia, all of Shakespeare's plays, and over 15 million books, an amount of data that would take a human several centuries to read. This model was trained in Google's servers through their AI studio service. Once the model finished training, I downloaded it, and it is now ready for offline use on my laptop. We can use these local models as 'operators' that, if programmed correctly, can take actions on a computer on the user's behalf. These findings provide a promising path towards building artificial general intelligence.

1 Introduction

The model is saved in a '.gguf' file format. A format widely used for language models.

I started by importing the llama module by meta into the python programming language:

```
from llama_cpp import Llama
```

Then I created a function to interact with the AggmGPT.gguf model.

```
def AskAggmGPT(question):
    model = Llama(model_path="AggmGPT.gguf", n_ctx=2048,
n_gpu_layers=35)
    messages = [
        {"role": "system", "content": f"You are AggmGPT, an advanced
AI assistant. The user asked: '{question}'."},
        {"role": "user", "content": question}]
    output = model.create_chat_completion(messages, max_tokens=1050,
temperature=0.7)
    return output["choices"][0]["message"]["content"]
```

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I can use the 'AskAggmGPT()' function in another python file by importing the module we created.

```
from aggmgpt import *
```

Now we can call the function we previously defined.

```
print(AskAggmGPT("hello, how are you?"))
```

If we run this program, we see that the model outputs the following.

Input: "hello, how are you?"

Model Output: "Hello! I am doing well, thank you for asking. How can I assist you today?"

2 Reasoning

It is very impressive that we can run such a smart AI model locally, without needing to connect to any external server! AggmGPT is only 3gb in size, and can run on most computers.

I'm running AggmGPT on a Macbook Air with an M2 processor. The M2 has a 16 core neural engine, a 10-core CPU and a 10-core GPU.

We will try asking the AI model if it can reason.

```
print(AskAggmGPT("Can you reason?"))
```

The AI model responded with the following:

Yes, I can reason. As an advanced AI language model, I am capable of understanding and processing

information, making connections, and drawing conclusions based on the data provided to me.

3 Control

My approach to giving control to the AI model is a simple one: we ask the AI to generate python code, and once it's done, we run the python code. This will allow the AI to do virtually anything on the computer.

To test this, I asked AggmGPT to open the browser.

```
print(AskAggmGPT("Can you open google.com? Send python code to do this. Do not send
anything else but the python code."))
```

AggmGPT responded like this:

```
To open google.com using Python, you can use the webbrowser module. Here's the Python code:

""python import webbrowser url = "https://www.google.com" webbrowser.open(url)
""
This code will open the Google homepage in your default web browser.
```

If we run the python program the AI created, it will open google, like we asked.

4 Conclusion

AI models can do many tasks if they are programmed correctly, including controlling and having full access to a computer. This research proves how artificial general intelligence can use python to perform a multitude of tasks, from opening the browser to controlling robots, AI can do virtually any task with the python programming language.

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References

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