

Design Assignment #1

1. Objective:

Modify the Tristate Bus shown in the figure 1 below. The task is to include 16-bit adder to the design.

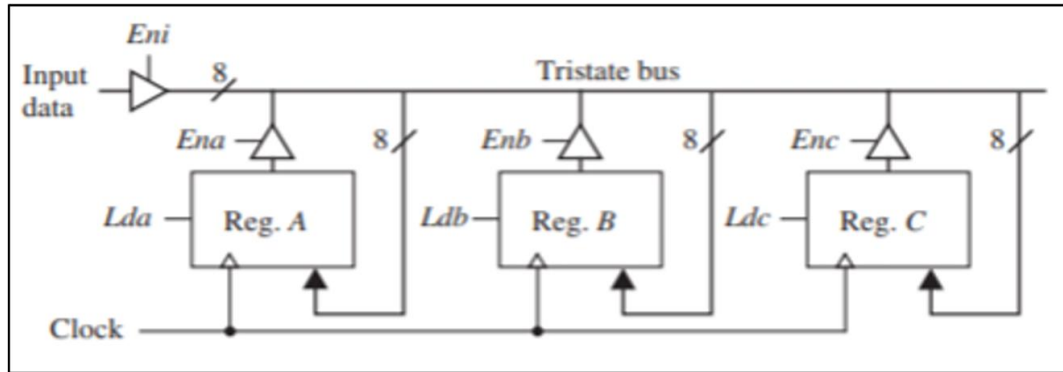


Figure 1: Given Design for Tristate Bus

The adder should perform addition on the contents of the 16-bit registers A and B, storing the result in one of the 16-bit registers:

A, B, C or D.

Additionally, I need to incorporate a fourth register D into the design. The following operations must be performed by the Adders:

- $A = B + A$
- $C = B + D$
- $D = D + C$

2. Design: Block Diagram:

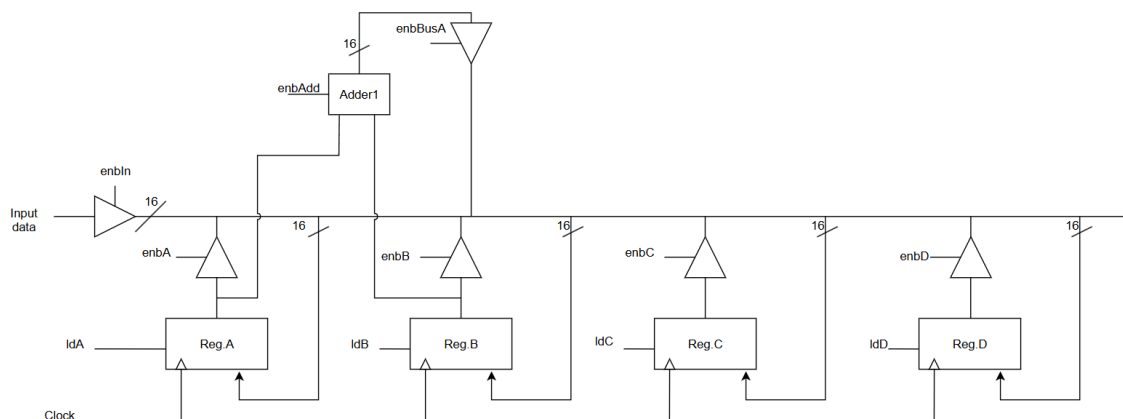


Figure 2: New implemented design with Adder and Fourth Register

Now, in this design. I have implemented all of the required objectives. I have added the fourth register Reg. D and also implemented three Adders for each of the adding Operations. The design is for 16-bit registers and adders.

3. Operations:

The following waveform represents all of the three operations, a detail of each operation will follow:

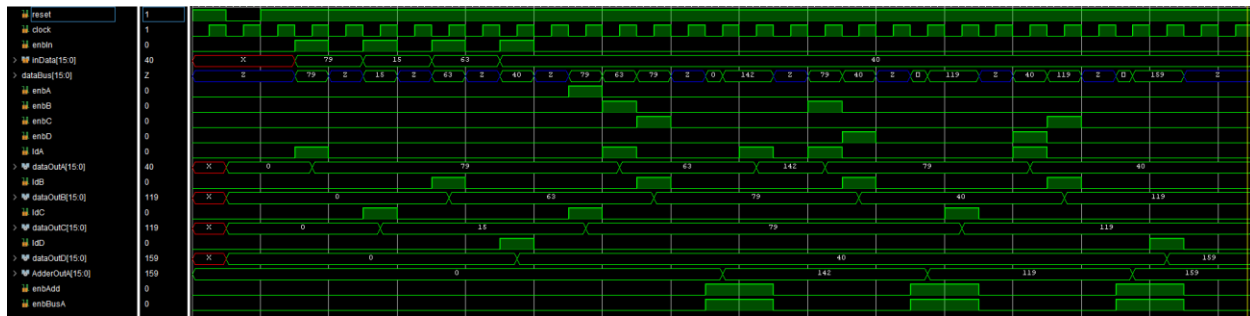


Figure 3: All operations waveform

3.1. Operation: $A = B + A$

- For this operation, we needed to follow these steps.
- First, we need to shift B data into A and A data into B.
- We first store A data into C register ($enbA = 1$ and $lC = 1$). Then, we store B data into A register ($enbB = 1$ and $lA = 1$).
- Finally, we store A register data now C register data into B register ($enbC = 1$ and $lB = 1$).
- Now, we operate adder to give output ($enbAdd = 1$ and $enbBusA = 1$).
- Now, we need to store data into A register so ($lA = 1$).
- That concludes operation for $A = B + A$.
- Here $A = 79$ and $B = 63$. After operation we have $A = 142$. So, that is correct.



Figure 4: Operation $A = B + A$

3.2. Operation $C = B + D$

- For this operation, we needed to follow these steps.
- First, we need to shift B data into A and D data into B.
- We first store B data into A register ($enbB = 1$ and $lA = 1$). Then, we store D data into B register ($enbD = 1$ and $lB = 1$).
- Now, we operate adder to give output ($enbAdd = 1$ and $enbBusA = 1$).
- Now, we need to store data into C register so ($lC = 1$).
- That concludes operation for $C = B + D$.

- Here $B = 79$ and $D = 40$. After operation we have $C = 119$. So, that is correct.

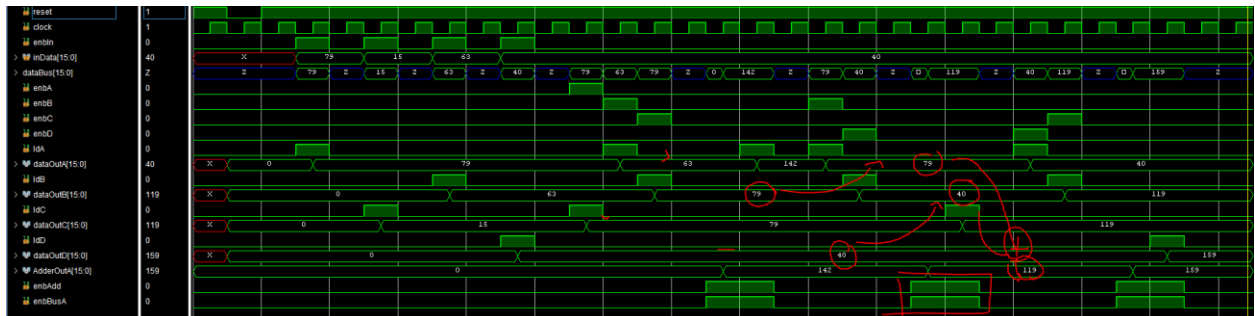


Figure 5: Operation $C = B + D$

3.3. Operation $D = D + C$

- For this operation, we needed to follow these steps.
- First, we need to shift D data into A and C data into B.
- We first store D data into A register ($enbD = 1$ and $ldrA = 1$). Then, we store C data into B register ($enbC = 1$ and $ldrB = 1$).
- Now, we operate adder to give output ($enbAdd = 1$ and $enbBusA = 1$).
- Now, we need to store data into D register so ($ldrD = 1$).
- That concludes operation for $D = C + D$.
- Here $C = 119$ and $D = 40$. After operation we have $C = 159$. So, that is correct.

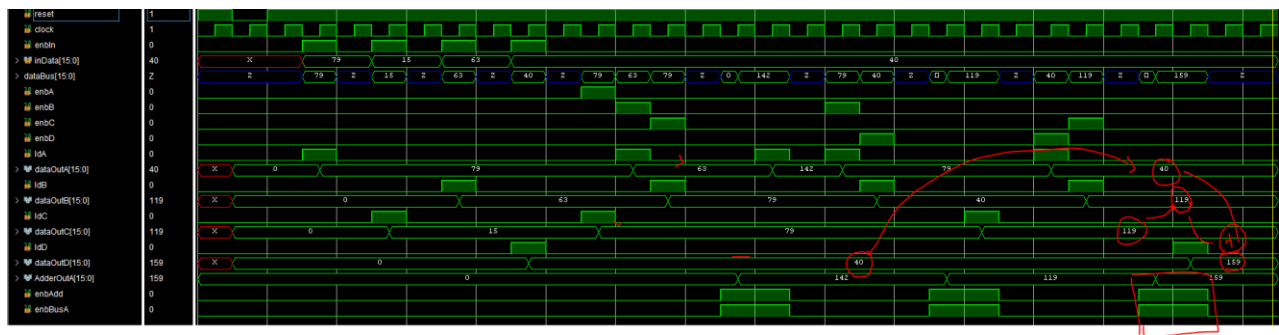


Figure 6: Operation $D = C + D$

4. Conclusion:

All three operations required by the task are completed and verified. The operations are working as intended.