TABLE A.1 Thermophysical Properties of Selected Metallic Solids[a]

		Properties at 300 K				Properties at Various Temperatures (K)									
						k (W/m · K)/c_p (J/kg · K)									
Composition	Melting Point (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (J/kg · K)	k (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1500	2000	2500
Aluminum															
Pure	933	2702	903	237	97.1	302	237	240	231	218					
						482	798	949	1033	1146					
Alloy 2024-T6 (4.5% Cu, 1.5% Mg, 0.6% Mn)	775	2770	875	177	73.0	65	163	186	186						
						473	787	925	1042						
Alloy 195, Cast (4.5% Cu)		2790	883	168	68.2			174	185						
								—	—						
Beryllium	1550	1850	1825	200	59.2	990	301	161	126	106	90.8	78.7			
						203	1114	2191	2604	2823	3018	3227	3519		
Bismuth	545	9780	122	7.86	6.59	16.5	9.69	7.04							
						112	120	127							
Boron	2573	2500	1107	27.0	9.76	190	55.5	16.8	10.6	9.60	9.85				
						128	600	1463	1892	2160	2338				
Cadmium	594	8650	231	96.8	48.4	203	99.3	94.7							
						198	222	242							
Chromium	2118	7160	449	93.7	29.1	159	111	90.9	80.7	71.3	65.4	61.9	57.2	49.4	
						192	384	484	542	581	616	682	779	937	
Cobalt	1769	8862	421	99.2	26.6	167	122	85.4	67.4	58.2	52.1	49.3	42.5		
						236	379	450	503	550	628	733	674		
Copper															
Pure	1358	8933	385	401	117	482	413	393	379	366	352	339			
						252	356	397	417	433	451	480			
Commercial bronze (90% Cu, 10% Al)	1293	8800	420	52	14		42	52	59						
							785	460	545						
Phosphor gear bronze (89% Cu, 11% Sn)	1104	8780	355	54	17		41	65	74						
							—	—	—						
Cartridge brass (70% Cu, 30% Zn)	1188	8530	380	110	33.9	75	95	137	149						
							360	395	425						
Constantan (55% Cu, 45% Ni)	1493	8920	384	23	6.71	17	19								
						237	362								
Germanium	1211	5360	322	59.9	34.7	232	96.8	43.2	27.3	19.8	17.4	17.4			
						190	290	337	348	357	375	395			

TABLE A.1 *Continued*

Composition	Melting Point (K)	Properties at 300 K: ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (J/kg · K)	k (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Properties at Various Temperatures (K), k (W/m · K)/c_p (J/kg · K): 100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1500	2000	2500
Gold	1336	19300	129	317	127	327 109	323 124	311 131	298 135	284 140	270 145	255 155			
Iridium	2720	22500	130	147	50.3	172 90	153 122	144 133	138 138	132 144	126 153	120 161	111 172		
Iron															
Pure	1810	7870	447	80.2	23.1	134 216	94.0 384	69.5 490	54.7 574	43.3 680	32.8 975	28.3 609	32.1 654		
Armco (99.75% pure)		7870	447	72.7	20.7	95.6 215	80.6 384	65.7 490	53.1 574	42.2 680	32.3 975	28.7 609	31.4 654		
Carbon steels															
Plain carbon (Mn ≤ 1%, Si ≤ 0.1%)		7854	434	60.5	17.7			56.7 487	48.0 559	39.2 685	30.0 1169				
AISI 1010		7832	434	63.9	18.8			58.7 487	48.8 559	39.2 685	31.3 1168				
Carbon–silicon (Mn ≤ 1%, 0.1% < Si ≤ 0.6%)		7817	446	51.9	14.9			49.8 501	44.0 582	37.4 699	29.3 971				
Carbon–manganese–silicon (1% < Mn ≤ 1.65%, 0.1% < Si ≤ 0.6%)		8131	434	41.0	11.6			42.2 487	39.7 559	35.0 685	27.6 1090				
Chromium (low) steels															
$\frac{1}{2}$Cr–$\frac{1}{4}$Mo–Si (0.18% C, 0.65% Cr, 0.23% Mo, 0.6% Si)		7822	444	37.7	10.9			38.2 492	36.7 575	33.3 688	26.9 969				
1 Cr–$\frac{1}{2}$Mo (0.16% C, 1% Cr, 0.54% Mo, 0.39% Si)		7858	442	42.3	12.2			42.0 492	39.1 575	34.5 688	27.4 969				
1 Cr–V (0.2% C, 1.02% Cr, 0.15% V)		7836	443	48.9	14.1			46.8 492	42.1 575	36.3 688	28.2 969				

Stainless steels															
AISI 302		8055	480	15.1	3.91			17.3	20.0	22.8	25.4				
								512	559	585	606				
AISI 304	1670	7900	477	14.9	3.95	9.2	12.6	16.6	19.8	22.6	25.4	28.0	31.7		
						272	402	515	557	582	611	640	682		
AISI 316		8238	468	13.4	3.48			15.2	18.3	21.3	24.2				
								504	550	576	602				
AISI 347		7978	480	14.2	3.71			15.8	18.9	21.9	24.7				
								513	559	585	606				
Lead	601	11340	129	35.3	24.1	39.7	36.7	34.0	31.4						
						118	125	132	142						
Magnesium	923	1740	1024	156	87.6	169	159	153	149	146					
						649	934	1074	1170	1267					
Molybdenum	2894	10240	251	138	53.7	179	143	134	126	118	112	105	98	90	86
						141	224	261	275	285	295	308	330	380	459
Nickel															
Pure	1728	8900	444	90.7	23.0	164	107	80.2	65.6	67.6	71.8	76.2	82.6		
						232	383	485	592	530	562	594	616		
Nichrome	1672	8400	420	12	3.4			14	16	21					
(80% Ni, 20% Cr)								480	525	545					
Inconel X-750	1665	8510	439	11.7	3.1	8.7	10.3	13.5	17.0	20.5	24.0	27.6	33.0		
(73% Ni, 15% Cr, 6.7% Fe)						—	372	473	510	546	626	—	—		
Niobium	2741	8570	265	53.7	23.6	55.2	52.6	55.2	58.2	61.3	64.4	67.5	72.1	79.1	
						188	249	274	283	292	301	310	324	347	
Palladium	1827	12020	244	71.8	24.5	76.5	71.6	73.6	79.7	86.9	94.2	102	110		
						168	227	251	261	271	281	291	307		
Platinum															
Pure	2045	21450	133	71.6	25.1	77.5	72.6	71.8	73.2	75.6	78.7	82.6	89.5	99.4	
						100	125	136	141	146	152	157	165	179	
Alloy 60Pt–40Rh	1800	16630	162	47	17.4			52	59	65	69	73	76		
(60% Pt, 40% Rh)								—	—	—	—	—	—		
Rhenium	3453	21100	136	47.9	16.7	58.9	51.0	46.1	44.2	44.1	44.6	45.7	47.8	51.9	
						97	127	139	145	151	156	162	171	186	
Rhodium	2236	12450	243	150	49.6	186	154	146	136	127	121	116	110	112	
						147	220	253	274	293	311	327	349	376	
Silicon	1685	2330	712	148	89.2	884	264	98.9	61.9	42.2	31.2	25.7	22.7		
						259	556	790	867	913	946	967	992		
Silver	1235	10500	235	429	174	444	430	425	412	396	379	361			
						187	225	239	250	262	277	292			
Tantalum	3269	16600	140	57.5	24.7	59.2	57.5	57.8	58.6	59.4	60.2	61.0	62.2	64.1	65.6
						110	133	144	146	149	152	155	160	172	189
Thorium	2023	11700	118	54.0	39.1	59.8	54.6	54.5	55.8	56.9	56.9	58.7			
						99	112	124	134	145	156	167			
Tin	505	7310	227	66.6	40.1	85.2	73.3	62.2							
						188	215	243							

TABLE A.1 *Continued*

		Properties at 300 K				Properties at Various Temperatures (K) k (W/m · K)/c_p (J/kg · K)									
Composition	Melting Point (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (J/kg · K)	k (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1500	2000	2500
Titanium	1953	4500	522	21.9	9.32	30.5 300	24.5 465	20.4 551	19.4 591	19.7 633	20.7 675	22.0 620	24.5 686		
Tungsten	3660	19300	132	174	68.3	208 87	186 122	159 137	137 142	125 145	118 148	113 152	107 157	100 167	95 176
Uranium	1406	19070	116	27.6	12.5	21.7 94	25.1 108	29.6 125	34.0 146	38.8 176	43.9 180	49.0 161			
Vanadium	2192	6100	489	30.7	10.3	35.8 258	31.3 430	31.3 515	33.3 540	35.7 563	38.2 597	40.8 645	44.6 714	50.9 867	
Zinc	693	7140	389	116	41.8	117 297	118 367	111 402	103 436						
Zirconium	2125	6570	278	22.7	12.4	33.2 205	25.2 264	21.6 300	20.7 322	21.6 342	23.7 362	26.0 344	28.8 344	33.0 344	

[a]Adapted from References 1–7.

TABLE A.2 Thermophysical Properties of Selected Nonmetallic Solids[a]

Composition	Melting Point (K)	Properties at 300 K: ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (J/kg · K)	k (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Properties at Various Temperatures (K), k (W/m · K)/c_p (J/kg · K): 100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1500	2000	2500
Aluminum oxide, sapphire	2323	3970	765	46	15.1	450 —	82 —	32.4 940	18.9 1110	13.0 1180	10.5 1225				
Aluminum oxide, polycrystalline	2323	3970	765	36.0	11.9	133 —	55 —	26.4 940	15.8 1110	10.4 1180	7.85 1225	6.55 —	5.66 —	6.00 —	
Beryllium oxide	2725	3000	1030	272	88.0			196 1350	111 1690	70 1865	47 1975	33 2055	21.5 2145	15 2750	
Boron	2573	2500	1105	27.6	9.99	190 —	52.5 —	18.7 1490	11.3 1880	8.1 2135	6.3 2350	5.2 2555			
Boron fiber epoxy (30% vol) composite	590	2080													
k, ‖ to fibers				2.29		2.10	2.23	2.28							
k, ⊥ to fibers				0.59		0.37	0.49	0.60							
c_p			1122			364	757	1431							
Carbon															
Amorphous	1500	1950	—	1.60	—	0.67 —	1.18 —	1.89 —	2.19 —	2.37 —	2.53 —	2.84 —	3.48 —		
Diamond, type IIa insulator	—	3500	509	2300	—	10,000 21	4000 194	1540 853							
Graphite, pyrolytic	2273	2210													
k, ‖ to layers				1950		4970	3230	1390	892	667	534	448	357	262	
k, ⊥ to layers				5.70		16.8	9.23	4.09	2.68	2.01	1.60	1.34	1.08	0.81	
c_p			709			136	411	992	1406	1650	1793	1890	1974	2043	
Graphite fiber epoxy (25% vol) composite	450	1400													
k, heat flow ‖ to fibers				11.1		5.7	8.7	13.0							
k, heat flow ⊥ to fibers				0.87		0.46	0.68	1.1							
c_p			935			337	642	1216							
Pyroceram, Corning 9606	1623	2600	808	3.98	1.89	5.25 —	4.78 —	3.64 908	3.28 1038	3.08 1122	2.96 1197	2.87 1264	2.79 1498		

TABLE A.2 *Continued*

Composition	Melting Point (K)	Properties at 300 K: ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (J/kg · K)	k (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Properties at Various Temperatures (K): k (W/m · K)/c_p (J/kg · K): 100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1500	2000	2500
Silicon carbide	3100	3160	675	490	230			—	—	—	87	58	30		
								880	1050	1135	1195	1243	1310		
Silicon dioxide, crystalline (quartz)	1883	2650													
k, ∥ to c axis				10.4		39	16.4	7.6	5.0	4.2					
k, ⊥ to c axis				6.21		20.8	9.5	4.70	3.4	3.1					
c_p			745			—	—	885	1075	1250					
Silicon dioxide, polycrystalline (fused silica)	1883	2220	745	1.38	0.834	0.69	1.14	1.51	1.75	2.17	2.87	4.00			
						—	—	905	1040	1105	1155	1195			
Silicon nitride	2173	2400	691	16.0	9.65	—	—	13.9	11.3	9.88	8.76	8.00	7.16	6.20	
						—	578	778	937	1063	1155	1226	1306	1377	
Sulfur	392	2070	708	0.206	0.141	0.165	0.185								
						403	606								
Thorium dioxide	3573	9110	235	13	6.1			10.2	6.6	4.7	3.68	3.12	2.73	2.5	
								255	274	285	295	303	315	330	
Titanium dioxide, polycrystalline	2133	4157	710	8.4	2.8			7.01	5.02	3.94	3.46	3.28			
								805	880	910	930	945			

[a]Adapted from References 1, 2, 3 and 6.

TABLE A.3 Thermophysical Properties of Common Materials[a]

Structural Building Materials

Description/Composition	Typical Properties at 300 K: Density, ρ (kg/m^3)	Thermal Conductivity, k (W/m · K)	Specific Heat, c_p (J/kg · K)
Building Boards			
Asbestos–cement board	1920	0.58	—
Gypsum or plaster board	800	0.17	—
Plywood	545	0.12	1215
Sheathing, regular density	290	0.055	1300
Acoustic tile	290	0.058	1340
Hardboard, siding	640	0.094	1170
Hardboard, high density	1010	0.15	1380
Particle board, low density	590	0.078	1300
Particle board, high density	1000	0.170	1300
Woods			
Hardwoods (oak, maple)	720	0.16	1255
Softwoods (fir, pine)	510	0.12	1380
Masonry Materials			
Cement mortar	1860	0.72	780
Brick, common	1920	0.72	835
Brick, face	2083	1.3	—
Clay tile, hollow			
1 cell deep, 10 cm thick	—	0.52	—
3 cells deep, 30 cm thick	—	0.69	—
Concrete block, 3 oval cores			
Sand/gravel, 20 cm thick	—	1.0	—
Cinder aggregate, 20 cm thick	—	0.67	—
Concrete block, rectangular core			
2 cores, 20 cm thick, 16 kg	—	1.1	—
Same with filled cores	—	0.60	—
Plastering Materials			
Cement plaster, sand aggregate	1860	0.72	—
Gypsum plaster, sand aggregate	1680	0.22	1085
Gypsum plaster, vermiculite aggregate	720	0.25	—

TABLE A.3 *Continued*

Insulating Materials and Systems

Description/Composition	Typical Properties at 300 K: Density, ρ (kg/m^3)	Thermal Conductivity, k (W/m · K)	Specific Heat, c_p (J/kg · K)
Blanket and Batt			
Glass fiber, paper faced	16	0.046	—
	28	0.038	—
	40	0.035	—
Glass fiber, coated; duct liner	32	0.038	835
Board and Slab			
Cellular glass	145	0.058	1000
Glass fiber, organic bonded	105	0.036	795
Polystyrene, expanded			
Extruded (R-12)	55	0.027	1210
Molded beads	16	0.040	1210
Mineral fiberboard; roofing material	265	0.049	—
Wood, shredded/cemented	350	0.087	1590
Cork	120	0.039	1800
Loose Fill			
Cork, granulated	160	0.045	—
Diatomaceous silica, coarse	350	0.069	—
Powder	400	0.091	—
Diatomaceous silica, fine powder	200	0.052	—
	275	0.061	—
Glass fiber, poured or blown	16	0.043	835
Vermiculite, flakes	80	0.068	835
	160	0.063	1000
Formed/Foamed-in-Place			
Mineral wool granules with asbestos/inorganic binders, sprayed	190	0.046	—
Polyvinyl acetate cork mastic; sprayed or troweled	—	0.100	—
Urethane, two-part mixture; rigid foam	70	0.026	1045
Reflective			
Aluminum foil separating fluffy glass mats; 10–12 layers, evacuated; for cryogenic applications (150 K)	40	0.00016	—
Aluminum foil and glass paper laminate; 75–150 layers; evacuated; for cryogenic application (150 K)	120	0.000017	—
Typical silica powder, evacuated	160	0.0017	—

TABLE A.3 *Continued*

Industrial Insulation

Description/ Composition	Maximum Service Temperature (K)	Typical Density (kg/m^3)	Typical Thermal Conductivity, k ($W/m \cdot K$), at Various Temperatures (K)													
			200	215	230	240	255	270	285	300	310	365	420	530	645	750
Blankets																
Blanket, mineral fiber,	920	96–192									0.038	0.046	0.056	0.078		
metal reinforced	815	40–96									0.035	0.045	0.058	0.088		
Blanket, mineral fiber,	450	10				0.036	0.038	0.040	0.043	0.048	0.052	0.076				
glass; fine fiber,																
organic bonded		12				0.035	0.036	0.039	0.042	0.046	0.049	0.069				
		16				0.033	0.035	0.036	0.039	0.042	0.046	0.062				
		24				0.030	0.032	0.033	0.036	0.039	0.040	0.053				
		32				0.029	0.030	0.032	0.033	0.036	0.038	0.048				
		48				0.027	0.029	0.030	0.032	0.033	0.035	0.045				
Blanket, alumina–																
silica fiber	1530	48												0.071	0.105	0.150
		64												0.059	0.087	0.125
		96												0.052	0.076	0.100
		128												0.049	0.068	0.091
Felt, semirigid;	480	50–125						0.035	0.036	0.038	0.039	0.051	0.063			
organic bonded	730	50	0.023	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.029	0.030	0.032	0.033	0.035	0.051	0.079			
Felt, laminated;																
no binder	920	120											0.051	0.065	0.087	
Blocks, Boards, and Pipe Insulations																
Asbestos paper, laminated and corrugated																
4-ply	420	190								0.078	0.082	0.098				
6-ply	420	255								0.071	0.074	0.085				
8-ply	420	300								0.068	0.071	0.082				
Magnesia, 85%	590	185									0.051	0.055	0.061			
Calcium silicate	920	190									0.055	0.059	0.063	0.075	0.089	0.104

TABLE A.3 *Continued*

Industrial Insulation (Continued)

Description/ Composition	Maximum Service Temperature (K)	Typical Density (kg/m³)	Typical Thermal Conductivity, *k* (W/m · K), at Various Temperatures (K)													
			200	215	230	240	255	270	285	300	310	365	420	530	645	750
Cellular glass	700	145			0.046	0.048	0.051	0.052	0.055	0.058	0.062	0.069	0.079			
Diatomaceous	1145	345												0.092	0.098	0.104
silica	1310	385												0.101	0.100	0.115
Polystyrene, rigid																
Extruded (R-12)	350	56	0.023	0.023	0.022	0.023	0.023	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.029					
Extruded (R-12)	350	35	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.025	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.029						
Molded beads	350	16	0.026	0.029	0.030	0.033	0.035	0.036	0.038	0.040						
Rubber, rigid																
foamed	340	70						0.029	0.030	0.032	0.033					
Insulating Cement																
Mineral fiber																
(rock, slag or glass)																
With clay binder	1255	430									0.071	0.079	0.088	0.105	0.123	
With hydraulic																
setting binder	922	560									0.108	0.115	0.123	0.137		
Loose Fill																
Cellulose, wood																
or paper pulp	—	45							0.038	0.039	0.042					
Perlite, expanded	—	105	0.036	0.039	0.042	0.043	0.046	0.049	0.051	0.053	0.056					
Vermiculite,																
expanded	—	122			0.056	0.058	0.061	0.063	0.065	0.068	0.071					
		80			0.049	0.051	0.055	0.058	0.061	0.063	0.066					

TABLE A.3 *Continued*

Other Materials

Description/ Composition	Temperature (K)	Density, ρ (kg/m^3)	Thermal Conductivity, k (W/m · K)	Specific Heat, c_p (J/kg · K)
Asphalt	300	2115	0.062	920
Bakelite	300	1300	1.4	1465
Brick, refractory				
Carborundum	872	—	18.5	—
	1672	—	11.0	—
Chrome brick	473	3010	2.3	835
	823		2.5	
	1173		2.0	
Diatomaceous	478	—	0.25	—
silica, fired	1145	—	0.30	
Fireclay, burnt 1600 K	773	2050	1.0	960
	1073	—	1.1	
	1373	—	1.1	
Fireclay, burnt 1725 K	773	2325	1.3	960
	1073		1.4	
	1373		1.4	
Fireclay brick	478	2645	1.0	960
	922		1.5	
	1478		1.8	
Magnesite	478	—	3.8	1130
	922	—	2.8	
	1478		1.9	
Clay	300	1460	1.3	880
Coal, anthracite	300	1350	0.26	1260
Concrete (stone mix)	300	2300	1.4	880
Cotton	300	80	0.06	1300
Foodstuffs				
Banana (75.7% water content)	300	980	0.481	3350
Apple, red (75% water content)	300	840	0.513	3600
Cake, batter	300	720	0.223	—
Cake, fully baked	300	280	0.121	—
Chicken meat, white	198	—	1.60	—
(74.4% water content)	233	—	1.49	
	253		1.35	
	263		1.20	
	273		0.476	
	283		0.480	
	293		0.489	
Glass				
Plate (soda lime)	300	2500	1.4	750
Pyrex	300	2225	1.4	835

Table A.3 *Continued*

Other Materials (Continued)

Description/ Composition	Temperature (K)	Density, ρ (kg/m^3)	Thermal Conductivity, k (W/m · K)	Specific Heat, c_p (J/kg · K)
Ice	273	920	1.88	2040
	253	—	2.03	1945
Leather (sole)	300	998	0.159	—
Paper	300	930	0.180	1340
Paraffin	300	900	0.240	2890
Rock				
Granite, Barre	300	2630	2.79	775
Limestone, Salem	300	2320	2.15	810
Marble, Halston	300	2680	2.80	830
Quartzite, Sioux	300	2640	5.38	1105
Sandstone, Berea	300	2150	2.90	745
Rubber, vulcanized				
Soft	300	1100	0.13	2010
Hard	300	1190	0.16	—
Sand	300	1515	0.27	800
Soil	300	2050	0.52	1840
Snow	273	110	0.049	—
		500	0.190	—
Teflon	300	2200	0.35	—
	400		0.45	—
Tissue, human				
Skin	300	—	0.37	—
Fat layer (adipose)	300	—	0.2	—
Muscle	300	—	0.5	—
Wood, cross grain				
Balsa	300	140	0.055	—
Cypress	300	465	0.097	—
Fir	300	415	0.11	2720
Oak	300	545	0.17	2385
Yellow pine	300	640	0.15	2805
White pine	300	435	0.11	—
Wood, radial				
Oak	300	545	0.19	2385
Fir	300	420	0.14	2720

[a]Adapted from References 1 and 8–13.

TABLE A.4 Thermophysical Properties of Gases at Atmospheric Pressure[a]

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^7$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Pr
Air, $\mathcal{M}$ = 28.97 kg/kmol							
100	3.5562	1.032	71.1	2.00	9.34	2.54	0.786
150	2.3364	1.012	103.4	4.426	13.8	5.84	0.758
200	1.7458	1.007	132.5	7.590	18.1	10.3	0.737
250	1.3947	1.006	159.6	11.44	22.3	15.9	0.720
300	1.1614	1.007	184.6	15.89	26.3	22.5	0.707
350	0.9950	1.009	208.2	20.92	30.0	29.9	0.700
400	0.8711	1.014	230.1	26.41	33.8	38.3	0.690
450	0.7740	1.021	250.7	32.39	37.3	47.2	0.686
500	0.6964	1.030	270.1	38.79	40.7	56.7	0.684
550	0.6329	1.040	288.4	45.57	43.9	66.7	0.683
600	0.5804	1.051	305.8	52.69	46.9	76.9	0.685
650	0.5356	1.063	322.5	60.21	49.7	87.3	0.690
700	0.4975	1.075	338.8	68.10	52.4	98.0	0.695
750	0.4643	1.087	354.6	76.37	54.9	109	0.702
800	0.4354	1.099	369.8	84.93	57.3	120	0.709
850	0.4097	1.110	384.3	93.80	59.6	131	0.716
900	0.3868	1.121	398.1	102.9	62.0	143	0.720
950	0.3666	1.131	411.3	112.2	64.3	155	0.723
1000	0.3482	1.141	424.4	121.9	66.7	168	0.726
1100	0.3166	1.159	449.0	141.8	71.5	195	0.728
1200	0.2902	1.175	473.0	162.9	76.3	224	0.728
1300	0.2679	1.189	496.0	185.1	82	257	0.719
1400	0.2488	1.207	530	213	91	303	0.703
1500	0.2322	1.230	557	240	100	350	0.685
1600	0.2177	1.248	584	268	106	390	0.688
1700	0.2049	1.267	611	298	113	435	0.685
1800	0.1935	1.286	637	329	120	482	0.683
1900	0.1833	1.307	663	362	128	534	0.677
2000	0.1741	1.337	689	396	137	589	0.672
2100	0.1658	1.372	715	431	147	646	0.667
2200	0.1582	1.417	740	468	160	714	0.655
2300	0.1513	1.478	766	506	175	783	0.647
2400	0.1448	1.558	792	547	196	869	0.630
2500	0.1389	1.665	818	589	222	960	0.613
3000	0.1135	2.726	955	841	486	1570	0.536
Ammonia (NH_3), $\mathcal{M}$ = 17.03 kg/kmol							
300	0.6894	2.158	101.5	14.7	24.7	16.6	0.887
320	0.6448	2.170	109	16.9	27.2	19.4	0.870
340	0.6059	2.192	116.5	19.2	29.3	22.1	0.872
360	0.5716	2.221	124	21.7	31.6	24.9	0.872
380	0.5410	2.254	131	24.2	34.0	27.9	0.869

TABLE A.4 *Continued*

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^7$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Pr
Ammonia (NH_3) *(continued)*							
400	0.5136	2.287	138	26.9	37.0	31.5	0.853
420	0.4888	2.322	145	29.7	40.4	35.6	0.833
440	0.4664	2.357	152.5	32.7	43.5	39.6	0.826
460	0.4460	2.393	159	35.7	46.3	43.4	0.822
480	0.4273	2.430	166.5	39.0	49.2	47.4	0.822
500	0.4101	2.467	173	42.2	52.5	51.9	0.813
520	0.3942	2.504	180	45.7	54.5	55.2	0.827
540	0.3795	2.540	186.5	49.1	57.5	59.7	0.824
560	0.3708	2.577	193	52.0	60.6	63.4	0.827
580	0.3533	2.613	199.5	56.5	63.8	69.1	0.817
Carbon Dioxide (CO_2), $\mathcal{M}$ = 44.01 kg/kmol							
280	1.9022	0.830	140	7.36	15.20	9.63	0.765
300	1.7730	0.851	149	8.40	16.55	11.0	0.766
320	1.6609	0.872	156	9.39	18.05	12.5	0.754
340	1.5618	0.891	165	10.6	19.70	14.2	0.746
360	1.4743	0.908	173	11.7	21.2	15.8	0.741
380	1.3961	0.926	181	13.0	22.75	17.6	0.737
400	1.3257	0.942	190	14.3	24.3	19.5	0.737
450	1.1782	0.981	210	17.8	28.3	24.5	0.728
500	1.0594	1.02	231	21.8	32.5	30.1	0.725
550	0.9625	1.05	251	26.1	36.6	36.2	0.721
600	0.8826	1.08	270	30.6	40.7	42.7	0.717
650	0.8143	1.10	288	35.4	44.5	49.7	0.712
700	0.7564	1.13	305	40.3	48.1	56.3	0.717
750	0.7057	1.15	321	45.5	51.7	63.7	0.714
800	0.6614	1.17	337	51.0	55.1	71.2	0.716
Carbon Monoxide (CO), $\mathcal{M}$ = 28.01 kg/kmol							
200	1.6888	1.045	127	7.52	17.0	9.63	0.781
220	1.5341	1.044	137	8.93	19.0	11.9	0.753
240	1.4055	1.043	147	10.5	20.6	14.1	0.744
260	1.2967	1.043	157	12.1	22.1	16.3	0.741
280	1.2038	1.042	166	13.8	23.6	18.8	0.733
300	1.1233	1.043	175	15.6	25.0	21.3	0.730
320	1.0529	1.043	184	17.5	26.3	23.9	0.730
340	0.9909	1.044	193	19.5	27.8	26.9	0.725
360	0.9357	1.045	202	21.6	29.1	29.8	0.725
380	0.8864	1.047	210	23.7	30.5	32.9	0.729
400	0.8421	1.049	218	25.9	31.8	36.0	0.719
450	0.7483	1.055	237	31.7	35.0	44.3	0.714
500	0.67352	1.065	254	37.7	38.1	53.1	0.710
550	0.61226	1.076	271	44.3	41.1	62.4	0.710
600	0.56126	1.088	286	51.0	44.0	72.1	0.707

Table A.4 *Continued*

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^7$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Pr
Carbon Monoxide (CO) *(continued)*							
650	0.51806	1.101	301	58.1	47.0	82.4	0.705
700	0.48102	1.114	315	65.5	50.0	93.3	0.702
750	0.44899	1.127	329	73.3	52.8	104	0.702
800	0.42095	1.140	343	81.5	55.5	116	0.705
Helium (He), $\mathcal{M}$ = 4.003 kg/kmol							
100	0.4871	5.193	96.3	19.8	73.0	28.9	0.686
120	0.4060	5.193	107	26.4	81.9	38.8	0.679
140	0.3481	5.193	118	33.9	90.7	50.2	0.676
160	—	5.193	129	—	99.2	—	—
180	0.2708	5.193	139	51.3	107.2	76.2	0.673
200	—	5.193	150	—	115.1	—	—
220	0.2216	5.193	160	72.2	123.1	107	0.675
240	—	5.193	170	—	130	—	—
260	0.1875	5.193	180	96.0	137	141	0.682
280	—	5.193	190	—	145	—	—
300	0.1625	5.193	199	122	152	180	0.680
350	—	5.193	221	—	170	—	—
400	0.1219	5.193	243	199	187	295	0.675
450	—	5.193	263	—	204	—	—
500	0.09754	5.193	283	290	220	434	0.668
550	—	5.193	—	—	—	—	—
600	—	5.193	320	—	252	—	—
650	—	5.193	332	—	264	—	—
700	0.06969	5.193	350	502	278	768	0.654
750	—	5.193	364	—	291	—	—
800	—	5.193	382	—	304	—	—
900	—	5.193	414	—	330	—	—
1000	0.04879	5.193	446	914	354	1400	0.654
Hydrogen (H_2), $\mathcal{M}$ = 2.016 kg/kmol							
100	0.24255	11.23	42.1	17.4	67.0	24.6	0.707
150	0.16156	12.60	56.0	34.7	101	49.6	0.699
200	0.12115	13.54	68.1	56.2	131	79.9	0.704
250	0.09693	14.06	78.9	81.4	157	115	0.707
300	0.08078	14.31	89.6	111	183	158	0.701
350	0.06924	14.43	98.8	143	204	204	0.700
400	0.06059	14.48	108.2	179	226	258	0.695
450	0.05386	14.50	117.2	218	247	316	0.689
500	0.04848	14.52	126.4	261	266	378	0.691
550	0.04407	14.53	134.3	305	285	445	0.685

TABLE A.4 *Continued*

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^7$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Pr
Hydrogen (H_2) *(continued)*							
600	0.04040	14.55	142.4	352	305	519	0.678
700	0.03463	14.61	157.8	456	342	676	0.675
800	0.03030	14.70	172.4	569	378	849	0.670
900	0.02694	14.83	186.5	692	412	1030	0.671
1000	0.02424	14.99	201.3	830	448	1230	0.673
1100	0.02204	15.17	213.0	966	488	1460	0.662
1200	0.02020	15.37	226.2	1120	528	1700	0.659
1300	0.01865	15.59	238.5	1279	568	1955	0.655
1400	0.01732	15.81	250.7	1447	610	2230	0.650
1500	0.01616	16.02	262.7	1626	655	2530	0.643
1600	0.0152	16.28	273.7	1801	697	2815	0.639
1700	0.0143	16.58	284.9	1992	742	3130	0.637
1800	0.0135	16.96	296.1	2193	786	3435	0.639
1900	0.0128	17.49	307.2	2400	835	3730	0.643
2000	0.0121	18.25	318.2	2630	878	3975	0.661
Nitrogen (N_2), $\mathcal{M}$ = 28.01 kg/kmol							
100	3.4388	1.070	68.8	2.00	9.58	2.60	0.768
150	2.2594	1.050	100.6	4.45	13.9	5.86	0.759
200	1.6883	1.043	129.2	7.65	18.3	10.4	0.736
250	1.3488	1.042	154.9	11.48	22.2	15.8	0.727
300	1.1233	1.041	178.2	15.86	25.9	22.1	0.716
350	0.9625	1.042	200.0	20.78	29.3	29.2	0.711
400	0.8425	1.045	220.4	26.16	32.7	37.1	0.704
450	0.7485	1.050	239.6	32.01	35.8	45.6	0.703
500	0.6739	1.056	257.7	38.24	38.9	54.7	0.700
550	0.6124	1.065	274.7	44.86	41.7	63.9	0.702
600	0.5615	1.075	290.8	51.79	44.6	73.9	0.701
700	0.4812	1.098	321.0	66.71	49.9	94.4	0.706
800	0.4211	1.122	349.1	82.90	54.8	116	0.715
900	0.3743	1.146	375.3	100.3	59.7	139	0.721
1000	0.3368	1.167	399.9	118.7	64.7	165	0.721
1100	0.3062	1.187	423.2	138.2	70.0	193	0.718
1200	0.2807	1.204	445.3	158.6	75.8	224	0.707
1300	0.2591	1.219	466.2	179.9	81.0	256	0.701
Oxygen (O_2), $\mathcal{M}$ = 32.00 kg/kmol							
100	3.945	0.962	76.4	1.94	9.25	2.44	0.796
150	2.585	0.921	114.8	4.44	13.8	5.80	0.766
200	1.930	0.915	147.5	7.64	18.3	10.4	0.737
250	1.542	0.915	178.6	11.58	22.6	16.0	0.723
300	1.284	0.920	207.2	16.14	26.8	22.7	0.711

TABLE A.4 *Continued*

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^7$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	Pr
Oxygen (O_2) *(continued)*							
350	1.100	0.929	233.5	21.23	29.6	29.0	0.733
400	0.9620	0.942	258.2	26.84	33.0	36.4	0.737
450	0.8554	0.956	281.4	32.90	36.3	44.4	0.741
500	0.7698	0.972	303.3	39.40	41.2	55.1	0.716
550	0.6998	0.988	324.0	46.30	44.1	63.8	0.726
600	0.6414	1.003	343.7	53.59	47.3	73.5	0.729
700	0.5498	1.031	380.8	69.26	52.8	93.1	0.744
800	0.4810	1.054	415.2	86.32	58.9	116	0.743
900	0.4275	1.074	447.2	104.6	64.9	141	0.740
1000	0.3848	1.090	477.0	124.0	71.0	169	0.733
1100	0.3498	1.103	505.5	144.5	75.8	196	0.736
1200	0.3206	1.115	532.5	166.1	81.9	229	0.725
1300	0.2960	1.125	588.4	188.6	87.1	262	0.721
Water Vapor (Steam), $\mathcal{M}$ = 18.02 kg/kmol							
380	0.5863	2.060	127.1	21.68	24.6	20.4	1.06
400	0.5542	2.014	134.4	24.25	26.1	23.4	1.04
450	0.4902	1.980	152.5	31.11	29.9	30.8	1.01
500	0.4405	1.985	170.4	38.68	33.9	38.8	0.998
550	0.4005	1.997	188.4	47.04	37.9	47.4	0.993
600	0.3652	2.026	206.7	56.60	42.2	57.0	0.993
650	0.3380	2.056	224.7	66.48	46.4	66.8	0.996
700	0.3140	2.085	242.6	77.26	50.5	77.1	1.00
750	0.2931	2.119	260.4	88.84	54.9	88.4	1.00
800	0.2739	2.152	278.6	101.7	59.2	100	1.01
850	0.2579	2.186	296.9	115.1	63.7	113	1.02

[a]Adapted from References 8, 14, and 15.

TABLE A.5 Thermophysical Properties of Saturated Fluids[a]

Saturated Liquids

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^2$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^7$ (m^2/s)	Pr	$\beta \cdot 10^3$ (K^{-1})
Engine Oil (Unused)								
273	899.1	1.796	385	4280	147	0.910	47,000	0.70
280	895.3	1.827	217	2430	144	0.880	27,500	0.70
290	890.0	1.868	99.9	1120	145	0.872	12,900	0.70
300	884.1	1.909	48.6	550	145	0.859	6400	0.70
310	877.9	1.951	25.3	288	145	0.847	3400	0.70
320	871.8	1.993	14.1	161	143	0.823	1965	0.70
330	865.8	2.035	8.36	96.6	141	0.800	1205	0.70
340	859.9	2.076	5.31	61.7	139	0.779	793	0.70
350	853.9	2.118	3.56	41.7	138	0.763	546	0.70
360	847.8	2.161	2.52	29.7	138	0.753	395	0.70
370	841.8	2.206	1.86	22.0	137	0.738	300	0.70
380	836.0	2.250	1.41	16.9	136	0.723	233	0.70
390	830.6	2.294	1.10	13.3	135	0.709	187	0.70
400	825.1	2.337	0.874	10.6	134	0.695	152	0.70
410	818.9	2.381	0.698	8.52	133	0.682	125	0.70
420	812.1	2.427	0.564	6.94	133	0.675	103	0.70
430	806.5	2.471	0.470	5.83	132	0.662	88	0.70
Ethylene Glycol [$C_2H_4(OH)_2$]								
273	1130.8	2.294	6.51	57.6	242	0.933	617	0.65
280	1125.8	2.323	4.20	37.3	244	0.933	400	0.65
290	1118.8	2.368	2.47	22.1	248	0.936	236	0.65
300	1114.4	2.415	1.57	14.1	252	0.939	151	0.65
310	1103.7	2.460	1.07	9.65	255	0.939	103	0.65
320	1096.2	2.505	0.757	6.91	258	0.940	73.5	0.65
330	1089.5	2.549	0.561	5.15	260	0.936	55.0	0.65
340	1083.8	2.592	0.431	3.98	261	0.929	42.8	0.65
350	1079.0	2.637	0.342	3.17	261	0.917	34.6	0.65
360	1074.0	2.682	0.278	2.59	261	0.906	28.6	0.65
370	1066.7	2.728	0.228	2.14	262	0.900	23.7	0.65
373	1058.5	2.742	0.215	2.03	263	0.906	22.4	0.65
Glycerin [$C_3H_5(OH)_3$]								
273	1276.0	2.261	1060	8310	282	0.977	85,000	0.47
280	1271.9	2.298	534	4200	284	0.972	43,200	0.47
290	1265.8	2.367	185	1460	286	0.955	15,300	0.48
300	1259.9	2.427	79.9	634	286	0.935	6780	0.48
310	1253.9	2.490	35.2	281	286	0.916	3060	0.49
320	1247.2	2.564	21.0	168	287	0.897	1870	0.50

TABLE A.5 *Continued*

Saturated Liquids (Continued)

T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\mu \cdot 10^2$ (N · s/m^2)	$\nu \cdot 10^6$ (m^2/s)	$k \cdot 10^3$ (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^7$ (m^2/s)	Pr	$\beta \cdot 10^3$ (K^{-1})
Refrigerant-134a ($C_2H_2F_4$)								
230	1426.8	1.249	0.04912	0.3443	112.1	0.629	5.5	2.02
240	1397.7	1.267	0.04202	0.3006	107.3	0.606	5.0	2.11
250	1367.9	1.287	0.03633	0.2656	102.5	0.583	4.6	2.23
260	1337.1	1.308	0.03166	0.2368	97.9	0.560	4.2	2.36
270	1305.1	1.333	0.02775	0.2127	93.4	0.537	4.0	2.53
280	1271.8	1.361	0.02443	0.1921	89.0	0.514	3.7	2.73
290	1236.8	1.393	0.02156	0.1744	84.6	0.491	3.5	2.98
300	1199.7	1.432	0.01905	0.1588	80.3	0.468	3.4	3.30
310	1159.9	1.481	0.01680	0.1449	76.1	0.443	3.3	3.73
320	1116.8	1.543	0.01478	0.1323	71.8	0.417	3.2	4.33
330	1069.1	1.627	0.01292	0.1209	67.5	0.388	3.1	5.19
340	1015.0	1.751	0.01118	0.1102	63.1	0.355	3.1	6.57
350	951.3	1.961	0.00951	0.1000	58.6	0.314	3.2	9.10
360	870.1	2.437	0.00781	0.0898	54.1	0.255	3.5	15.39
370	740.3	5.105	0.00580	0.0783	51.8	0.137	5.7	55.24
Refrigerant-22 ($CHClF_2$)								
230	1416.0	1.087	0.03558	0.2513	114.5	0.744	3.4	2.05
240	1386.6	1.100	0.03145	0.2268	109.8	0.720	3.2	2.16
250	1356.3	1.117	0.02796	0.2062	105.2	0.695	3.0	2.29
260	1324.9	1.137	0.02497	0.1884	100.7	0.668	2.8	2.45
270	1292.1	1.161	0.02235	0.1730	96.2	0.641	2.7	2.63
280	1257.9	1.189	0.02005	0.1594	91.7	0.613	2.6	2.86
290	1221.7	1.223	0.01798	0.1472	87.2	0.583	2.5	3.15
300	1183.4	1.265	0.01610	0.1361	82.6	0.552	2.5	3.51
310	1142.2	1.319	0.01438	0.1259	78.1	0.518	2.4	4.00
320	1097.4	1.391	0.01278	0.1165	73.4	0.481	2.4	4.69
330	1047.5	1.495	0.01127	0.1075	68.6	0.438	2.5	5.75
340	990.1	1.665	0.00980	0.0989	63.6	0.386	2.6	7.56
350	920.1	1.997	0.00831	0.0904	58.3	0.317	2.8	11.35
360	823.4	3.001	0.00668	0.0811	53.1	0.215	3.8	23.88
Mercury (Hg)								
273	13,595	0.1404	0.1688	0.1240	8180	42.85	0.0290	0.181
300	13,529	0.1393	0.1523	0.1125	8540	45.30	0.0248	0.181
350	13,407	0.1377	0.1309	0.0976	9180	49.75	0.0196	0.181
400	13,287	0.1365	0.1171	0.0882	9800	54.05	0.0163	0.181
450	13,167	0.1357	0.1075	0.0816	10,400	58.10	0.0140	0.181
500	13,048	0.1353	0.1007	0.0771	10,950	61.90	0.0125	0.182
550	12,929	0.1352	0.0953	0.0737	11,450	65.55	0.0112	0.184
600	12,809	0.1355	0.0911	0.0711	11,950	68.80	0.0103	0.187

TABLE A.5 *Continued*

Saturated Liquid–Vapor, 1 atm[b]

Fluid	T_{sat} (K)	h_{fg} (kJ/kg)	ρ_f (kg/m^3)	ρ_g (kg/m^3)	$\sigma \cdot 10^3$ (N/m)
Ethanol	351	846	757	1.44	17.7
Ethylene glycol	470	812	1111[c]	—	32.7
Glycerin	563	974	1260[c]	—	63.0[c]
Mercury	630	301	12,740	3.90	417
Refrigerant R-134a	247	217	1377	5.26	15.4
Refrigerant R-22	232	234	1409	4.70	18.1

[a]Adapted from References 15–19.
[b]Adapted from References 8, 20, and 21.
[c]Property value corresponding to 300 K.

TABLE A.6 Thermophysical Properties of Saturated Water[a]

Temperature, T (K)	Pressure, p (bar)[b]	Specific Volume (m³/kg) $v_f \cdot 10^3$	Specific Volume (m³/kg) v_g	Heat of Vaporization, h_{fg} (kJ/kg)	Specific Heat (kJ/kg · K) $c_{p,f}$	Specific Heat (kJ/kg · K) $c_{p,g}$	Viscosity (N · s/m²) $\mu_f \cdot 10^6$	Viscosity (N · s/m²) $\mu_g \cdot 10^6$	Thermal Conductivity (W/m · K) $k_f \cdot 10^3$	Thermal Conductivity (W/m · K) $k_g \cdot 10^3$	Prandtl Number Pr_f	Prandtl Number Pr_g	Surface Tension, $\sigma_f \cdot 10^3$ (N/m)	Expansion Coefficient, $\beta_f \cdot 10^6$ (K⁻¹)	Temperature, T (K)
273.15	0.00611	1.000	206.3	2502	4.217	1.854	1750	8.02	569	18.2	12.99	0.815	75.5	−68.05	273.15
275	0.00697	1.000	181.7	2497	4.211	1.855	1652	8.09	574	18.3	12.22	0.817	75.3	−32.74	275
280	0.00990	1.000	130.4	2485	4.198	1.858	1422	8.29	582	18.6	10.26	0.825	74.8	46.04	280
285	0.01387	1.000	99.4	2473	4.189	1.861	1225	8.49	590	18.9	8.81	0.833	74.3	114.1	285
290	0.01917	1.001	69.7	2461	4.184	1.864	1080	8.69	598	19.3	7.56	0.841	73.7	174.0	290
295	0.02617	1.002	51.94	2449	4.181	1.868	959	8.89	606	19.5	6.62	0.849	72.7	227.5	295
300	0.03531	1.003	39.13	2438	4.179	1.872	855	9.09	613	19.6	5.83	0.857	71.7	276.1	300
305	0.04712	1.005	29.74	2426	4.178	1.877	769	9.29	620	20.1	5.20	0.865	70.9	320.6	305
310	0.06221	1.007	22.93	2414	4.178	1.882	695	9.49	628	20.4	4.62	0.873	70.0	361.9	310
315	0.08132	1.009	17.82	2402	4.179	1.888	631	9.69	634	20.7	4.16	0.883	69.2	400.4	315
320	0.1053	1.011	13.98	2390	4.180	1.895	577	9.89	640	21.0	3.77	0.894	68.3	436.7	320
325	0.1351	1.013	11.06	2378	4.182	1.903	528	10.09	645	21.3	3.42	0.901	67.5	471.2	325
330	0.1719	1.016	8.82	2366	4.184	1.911	489	10.29	650	21.7	3.15	0.908	66.6	504.0	330
335	0.2167	1.018	7.09	2354	4.186	1.920	453	10.49	656	22.0	2.88	0.916	65.8	535.5	335
340	0.2713	1.021	5.74	2342	4.188	1.930	420	10.69	660	22.3	2.66	0.925	64.9	566.0	340
345	0.3372	1.024	4.683	2329	4.191	1.941	389	10.89	664	22.6	2.45	0.933	64.1	595.4	345
350	0.4163	1.027	3.846	2317	4.195	1.954	365	11.09	668	23.0	2.29	0.942	63.2	624.2	350
355	0.5100	1.030	3.180	2304	4.199	1.968	343	11.29	671	23.3	2.14	0.951	62.3	652.3	355
360	0.6209	1.034	2.645	2291	4.203	1.983	324	11.49	674	23.7	2.02	0.960	61.4	697.9	360
365	0.7514	1.038	2.212	2278	4.209	1.999	306	11.69	677	24.1	1.91	0.969	60.5	707.1	365
370	0.9040	1.041	1.861	2265	4.214	2.017	289	11.89	679	24.5	1.80	0.978	59.5	728.7	370
373.15	1.0133	1.044	1.679	2257	4.217	2.029	279	12.02	680	24.8	1.76	0.984	58.9	750.1	373.15
375	1.0815	1.045	1.574	2252	4.220	2.036	274	12.09	681	24.9	1.70	0.987	58.6	761	375
380	1.2869	1.049	1.337	2239	4.226	2.057	260	12.29	683	25.4	1.61	0.999	57.6	788	380
385	1.5233	1.053	1.142	2225	4.232	2.080	248	12.49	685	25.8	1.53	1.004	56.6	814	385
390	1.794	1.058	0.980	2212	4.239	2.104	237	12.69	686	26.3	1.47	1.013	55.6	841	390
400	2.455	1.067	0.731	2183	4.256	2.158	217	13.05	688	27.2	1.34	1.033	53.6	896	400
410	3.302	1.077	0.553	2153	4.278	2.221	200	13.42	688	28.2	1.24	1.054	51.5	952	410
420	4.370	1.088	0.425	2123	4.302	2.291	185	13.79	688	29.8	1.16	1.075	49.4	1010	420
430	5.699	1.099	0.331	2091	4.331	2.369	173	14.14	685	30.4	1.09	1.10	47.2		430

TABLE A.6 Continued

Temperature, T (K)	Pressure, p (bar)[b]	Specific Volume (m^3/kg) $v_f \cdot 10^3$	v_g	Heat of Vaporization, h_{fg} (kJ/kg)	Specific Heat (kJ/kg · K) $c_{p,f}$	$c_{p,g}$	Viscosity (N · s/m^2) $\mu_f \cdot 10^6$	$\mu_g \cdot 10^6$	Thermal Conductivity (W/m · K) $k_f \cdot 10^3$	$k_g \cdot 10^3$	Prandtl Number Pr_f	Pr_g	Surface Tension, $\sigma_f \cdot 10^3$ (N/m)	Expansion Coefficient, $\beta_f \cdot 10^6$ (K^{-1})	Temperature, T (K)
440	7.333	1.110	0.261	2059	4.36	2.46	162	14.50	682	31.7	1.04	1.12	45.1		440
450	9.319	1.123	0.208	2024	4.40	2.56	152	14.85	678	33.1	0.99	1.14	42.9		450
460	11.71	1.137	0.167	1989	4.44	2.68	143	15.19	673	34.6	0.95	1.17	40.7		460
470	14.55	1.152	0.136	1951	4.48	2.79	136	15.54	667	36.3	0.92	1.20	38.5		470
480	17.90	1.167	0.111	1912	4.53	2.94	129	15.88	660	38.1	0.89	1.23	36.2		480
490	21.83	1.184	0.0922	1870	4.59	3.10	124	16.23	651	40.1	0.87	1.25	33.9	—	490
500	26.40	1.203	0.0766	1825	4.66	3.27	118	16.59	642	42.3	0.86	1.28	31.6	—	500
510	31.66	1.222	0.0631	1779	4.74	3.47	113	16.95	631	44.7	0.85	1.31	29.3	—	510
520	37.70	1.244	0.0525	1730	4.84	3.70	108	17.33	621	47.5	0.84	1.35	26.9	—	520
530	44.58	1.268	0.0445	1679	4.95	3.96	104	17.72	608	50.6	0.85	1.39	24.5	—	530
540	52.38	1.294	0.0375	1622	5.08	4.27	101	18.1	594	54.0	0.86	1.43	22.1	—	540
550	61.19	1.323	0.0317	1564	5.24	4.64	97	18.6	580	58.3	0.87	1.47	19.7	—	550
560	71.08	1.355	0.0269	1499	5.43	5.09	94	19.1	563	63.7	0.90	1.52	17.3	—	560
570	82.16	1.392	0.0228	1429	5.68	5.67	91	19.7	548	76.7	0.94	1.59	15.0	—	570
580	94.51	1.433	0.0193	1353	6.00	6.40	88	20.4	528	76.7	0.99	1.68	12.8	—	580
590	108.3	1.482	0.0163	1274	6.41	7.35	84	21.5	513	84.1	1.05	1.84	10.5	—	590
600	123.5	1.541	0.0137	1176	7.00	8.75	81	22.7	497	92.9	1.14	2.15	8.4	—	600
610	137.3	1.612	0.0115	1068	7.85	11.1	77	24.1	467	103	1.30	2.60	6.3	—	610
620	159.1	1.705	0.0094	941	9.35	15.4	72	25.9	444	114	1.52	3.46	4.5	—	620
625	169.1	1.778	0.0085	858	10.6	18.3	70	27.0	430	121	1.65	4.20	3.5	—	625
630	179.7	1.856	0.0075	781	12.6	22.1	67	28.0	412	130	2.0	4.8	2.6	—	630
635	190.9	1.935	0.0066	683	16.4	27.6	64	30.0	392	141	2.7	6.0	1.5	—	635
640	202.7	2.075	0.0057	560	26	42	59	32.0	367	155	4.2	9.6	0.8	—	640
645	215.2	2.351	0.0045	361	90	—	54	37.0	331	178	12	26	0.1	—	645
647.3[c]	221.2	3.170	0.0032	0	∞	∞	45	45.0	238	238	∞	∞	0.0	—	647.3[c]

[a]Adapted from Reference 22.

[b]1 bar = 10^5 N/m^2.

[c]Critical temperature.

TABLE A.7 Thermophysical Properties of Liquid Metals[a]

Composition	Melting Point (K)	T (K)	ρ (kg/m^3)	c_p (kJ/kg · K)	$\nu \cdot 10^7$ (m^2/s)	k (W/m · K)	$\alpha \cdot 10^5$ (m^2/s)	Pr
Bismuth	544	589	10,010	0.1444	1.617	16.4	1.138	0.0142
		811	9738	0.1545	1.133	15.6	1.035	0.0110
		1033	9454	0.1645	0.8343	15.6	1.001	0.0083
Lead	600	644	10,540	0.159	2.276	16.1	1.084	0.024
		755	10,412	0.155	1.849	15.6	1.223	0.017
		977	10,140	—	1.347	14.9	—	—
Potassium	337	422	807.3	0.80	4.608	45.0	6.99	0.0066
		700	741.7	0.75	2.397	39.5	7.07	0.0034
		977	674.4	0.75	1.905	33.1	6.55	0.0029
Sodium	371	373	928.0	1.38	7.532	86.0	6.69	0.011
		644	860.2	1.30	3.270	72.3	6.48	0.0051
		977	778.5	1.26	2.285	59.7	6.12	0.0037
NaK,	292	366	887.4	1.130	6.522	25.6	2.552	0.026
(56%/44%)		644	821.7	1.055	2.871	27.5	3.17	0.0091
		977	740.1	1.043	2.174	28.9	3.74	0.0058
NaK,	262	366	849.0	0.946	5.797	24.4	3.05	0.019
(22%/78%)		672	775.3	0.879	2.666	26.7	3.92	0.0068
		1033	690.4	0.883	2.118	—	—	—
PbBi,	398	422	10,524	0.147	—	9.05	0.586	—
(44.5%/55.5%)		644	10,236	0.147	1.496	11.86	0.790	0.189
		922	9835	—	1.171	—	—	—
Mercury	234			See Table A.5				

[a]Adapted from Reference 23.

TABLE A.8 Binary Diffusion Coefficients at One Atmosphere[a,b]

Substance A	Substance B	T (K)	D_{AB} (m^2/s)
Gases			
NH_3	Air	298	0.28×10^{-4}
H_2O	Air	298	0.26×10^{-4}
CO_2	Air	298	0.16×10^{-4}
H_2	Air	298	0.41×10^{-4}
O_2	Air	298	0.21×10^{-4}
Acetone	Air	273	0.11×10^{-4}
Benzene	Air	298	0.88×10^{-5}
Naphthalene	Air	300	0.62×10^{-5}
Ar	N_2	293	0.19×10^{-4}
H_2	O_2	273	0.70×10^{-4}
H_2	N_2	273	0.68×10^{-4}
H_2	CO_2	273	0.55×10^{-4}
CO_2	N_2	293	0.16×10^{-4}
CO_2	O_2	273	0.14×10^{-4}
O_2	N_2	273	0.18×10^{-4}
Dilute Solutions			
Caffeine	H_2O	298	0.63×10^{-9}
Ethanol	H_2O	298	0.12×10^{-8}
Glucose	H_2O	298	0.69×10^{-9}
Glycerol	H_2O	298	0.94×10^{-9}
Acetone	H_2O	298	0.13×10^{-8}
CO_2	H_2O	298	0.20×10^{-8}
O_2	H_2O	298	0.24×10^{-8}
H_2	H_2O	298	0.63×10^{-8}
N_2	H_2O	298	0.26×10^{-8}
Solids			
O_2	Rubber	298	0.21×10^{-9}
N_2	Rubber	298	0.15×10^{-9}
CO_2	Rubber	298	0.11×10^{-9}
He	SiO_2	293	0.4×10^{-13}
H_2	Fe	293	0.26×10^{-12}
Cd	Cu	293	0.27×10^{-18}
Al	Cu	293	0.13×10^{-33}

[a]Adapted with permission from References 24, 25, and 26.
[b]Assuming ideal gas behavior, the pressure and temperature dependence of the diffusion coefficient for a binary mixture of gases may be estimated from the relation

$$D_{AB} \propto p^{-1} T^{3/2}$$

TABLE A.9 Henry's Constant for Selected Gases in Water at Moderate Pressure[a]

				$H = p_{A,i}/x_{A,i}$ (bar)				
T (K)	NH_3	Cl_2	H_2S	SO_2	CO_2	CH_4	O_2	H_2
273	21	265	260	165	710	22,880	25,500	58,000
280	23	365	335	210	960	27,800	30,500	61,500
290	26	480	450	315	1300	35,200	37,600	66,500
300	30	615	570	440	1730	42,800	45,700	71,600
310	—	755	700	600	2175	50,000	52,500	76,000
320	—	860	835	800	2650	56,300	56,800	78,600
323	—	890	870	850	2870	58,000	58,000	79,000

[a]Adapted with permission from Reference 27.

TABLE A.10 The Solubility of Selected Gases and Solids[a]

Gas	Solid	T (K)	$S = C_{A,i}/p_{A,i}$ (kmol/m^3 · bar)
O_2	Rubber	298	3.12×10^{-3}
N_2	Rubber	298	1.56×10^{-3}
CO_2	Rubber	298	40.15×10^{-3}
He	SiO_2	293	0.45×10^{-3}
H_2	Ni	358	9.01×10^{-3}

[a]Data from Reference 26.

TABLE A.11 Total, Normal (n) or Hemispherical (h) Emissivity of Selected Surfaces

Metallic Solids and Their Oxides[a]

		Emissivity, ε_n or ε_h, at Various Temperatures (K)										
Description/Composition		**100**	**200**	**300**	**400**	**600**	**800**	**1000**	**1200**	**1500**	**2000**	**2500**
Aluminum												
Highly polished, film	(h)	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06						
Foil, bright	(h)	0.06	0.06	0.07								
Anodized	(h)			0.82	0.76							
Chromium												
Polished or plated	(n)	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.12	0.14						
Copper												
Highly polished	(h)			0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04				
Stably oxidized	(h)					0.50	0.58	0.80				
Gold												
Highly polished or film	(h)	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06				
Foil, bright	(h)	0.06	0.07	0.07								
Molybdenum												
Polished	(h)					0.06	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.15	0.21	0.26
Shot-blasted, rough	(h)					0.25	0.28	0.31	0.35	0.42		
Stably oxidized	(h)					0.80	0.82					
Nickel												
Polished	(h)					0.09	0.11	0.14	0.17			
Stably oxidized	(h)					0.40	0.49	0.57				
Platinum												
Polished	(h)						0.10	0.13	0.15	0.18		
Silver												
Polished	(h)			0.02	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.08				
Stainless steels												
Typical, polished	(n)			0.17	0.17	0.19	0.23	0.30				
Typical, cleaned	(n)			0.22	0.22	0.24	0.28	0.35				
Typical, lightly oxidized	(n)						0.33	0.40				
Typical, highly oxidized	(n)						0.67	0.70	0.76			
AISI 347, stably oxidized	(n)					0.87	0.88	0.89	0.90			
Tantalum												
Polished	(h)								0.11	0.17	0.23	0.28
Tungsten												
Polished	(h)							0.10	0.13	0.18	0.25	0.29

TABLE A.11 *Continued*

Nonmetallic Substances[b]

Description/Composition		Temperature (K)	Emissivity ε
Aluminum oxide	(*n*)	600	0.69
		1000	0.55
		1500	0.41
Asphalt pavement	(*h*)	300	0.85–0.93
Building materials			
Asbestos sheet	(*h*)	300	0.93–0.96
Brick, red	(*h*)	300	0.93–0.96
Gypsum or plaster board	(*h*)	300	0.90–0.92
Wood	(*h*)	300	0.82–0.92
Cloth	(*h*)	300	0.75–0.90
Concrete	(*h*)	300	0.88–0.93
Glass, window	(*h*)	300	0.90–0.95
Ice	(*h*)	273	0.95–0.98
Paints			
Black (Parsons)	(*h*)	300	0.98
White, acrylic	(*h*)	300	0.90
White, zinc oxide	(*h*)	300	0.92
Paper, white	(*h*)	300	0.92–0.97
Pyrex	(*n*)	300	0.82
		600	0.80
		1000	0.71
		1200	0.62
Pyroceram	(*n*)	300	0.85
		600	0.78
		1000	0.69
		1500	0.57
Refractories (furnace liners)			
Alumina brick	(*n*)	800	0.40
		1000	0.33
		1400	0.28
		1600	0.33
Magnesia brick	(*n*)	800	0.45
		1000	0.36
		1400	0.31
		1600	0.40
Kaolin insulating brick	(*n*)	800	0.70
		1200	0.57
		1400	0.47
		1600	0.53
Sand	(*h*)	300	0.90
Silicon carbide	(*n*)	600	0.87
		1000	0.87
		1500	0.85
Skin	(*h*)	300	0.95
Snow	(*h*)	273	0.82–0.90

TABLE A.11 *Continued*

Nonmetallic Substances[b]

Description/Composition		Temperature (K)	Emissivity ε
Soil	(*h*)	300	0.93–0.96
Rocks	(*h*)	300	0.88–0.95
Teflon	(*h*)	300	0.85
		400	0.87
		500	0.92
Vegetation	(*h*)	300	0.92–0.96
Water	(*h*)	300	0.96

[a]Data from Reference 1.
[b]Data from References 1, 9, 28, and 29.

TABLE A.12 Solar Radiative Properties for Selected Materials[a]

Description/Composition	α_S	ε^b	α_S/ε	τ_S
Aluminum				
Polished	0.09	0.03	3.0	
Anodized	0.14	0.84	0.17	
Quartz overcoated	0.11	0.37	0.30	
Foil	0.15	0.05	3.0	
Brick, red (Purdue)	0.63	0.93	0.68	
Concrete	0.60	0.88	0.68	
Galvanized sheet metal				
Clean, new	0.65	0.13	5.0	
Oxidized, weathered	0.80	0.28	2.9	
Glass, 3.2-mm thickness				
Float or tempered				0.79
Low iron oxide type				0.88
Metal, plated				
Black sulfide	0.92	0.10	9.2	
Black cobalt oxide	0.93	0.30	3.1	
Black nickel oxide	0.92	0.08	11	
Black chrome	0.87	0.09	9.7	
Mylar, 0.13-mm thickness				0.87
Paints				
Black (Parsons)	0.98	0.98	1.0	
White, acrylic	0.26	0.90	0.29	
White, zinc oxide	0.16	0.93	0.17	
Plexiglas, 3.2-mm thickness				0.90
Snow				
Fine particles, fresh	0.13	0.82	0.16	
Ice granules	0.33	0.89	0.37	
Tedlar, 0.10-mm thickness				0.92
Teflon, 0.13-mm thickness				0.92

[a]Based on tables from Reference 29.
[b]The emissivity values in this table correspond to a surface temperature of approximately 300 K.

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APPENDIX B

Mathematical Relations and Functions

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B.1 Hyperbolic Functions[1]

x	$\sinh x$	$\cosh x$	$\tanh x$	x	$\sinh x$	$\cosh x$	$\tanh x$
0.00	0.0000	1.0000	0.00000	2.00	3.6269	3.7622	0.96403
0.10	0.1002	1.0050	0.09967	2.10	4.0219	4.1443	0.97045
0.20	0.2013	1.0201	0.19738	2.20	4.4571	4.5679	0.97574
0.30	0.3045	1.0453	0.29131	2.30	4.9370	5.0372	0.98010
0.40	0.4108	1.0811	0.37995	2.40	5.4662	5.5569	0.98367
0.50	0.5211	1.1276	0.46212	2.50	6.0502	6.1323	0.98661
0.60	0.6367	1.1855	0.53705	2.60	6.6947	6.7690	0.98903
0.70	0.7586	1.2552	0.60437	2.70	7.4063	7.4735	0.99101
0.80	0.8881	1.3374	0.66404	2.80	8.1919	8.2527	0.99263
0.90	1.0265	1.4331	0.71630	2.90	9.0596	9.1146	0.99396
1.00	1.1752	1.5431	0.76159	3.00	10.018	10.068	0.99505
1.10	1.3356	1.6685	0.80050	3.50	16.543	16.573	0.99818
1.20	1.5095	1.8107	0.83365	4.00	27.290	27.308	0.99933
1.30	1.6984	1.9709	0.86172	4.50	45.003	45.014	0.99975
1.40	1.9043	2.1509	0.88535	5.00	74.203	74.210	0.99991
1.50	2.1293	2.3524	0.90515	6.00	201.71	201.72	0.99999
1.60	2.3756	2.5775	0.92167	7.00	548.32	548.32	1.0000
1.70	2.6456	2.8283	0.93541	8.00	1490.5	1490.5	1.0000
1.80	2.9422	3.1075	0.94681	9.00	4051.5	4051.5	1.0000
1.90	3.2682	3.4177	0.95624	10.000	11013	11013	1.0000

[1]The hyperbolic functions are defined as

$$\sinh x = \tfrac{1}{2}(e^x - e^{-x}) \qquad \cosh x = \tfrac{1}{2}(e^x + e^{-x}) \qquad \tanh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x}$$

The derivatives of the hyperbolic functions of the variable u are given as

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh u) = (\cosh u)\frac{du}{dx} \qquad \frac{d}{dx}(\cosh u) = (\sinh u)\frac{du}{dx} \qquad \frac{d}{dx}(\tanh u) = \left(\frac{1}{\cosh^2 u}\right)\frac{du}{dx}$$

B.2 Gaussian Error Function[1]

w	erf w	w	erf w	w	erf w
0.00	0.00000	0.36	0.38933	1.04	0.85865
0.02	0.02256	0.38	0.40901	1.08	0.87333
0.04	0.04511	0.40	0.42839	1.12	0.88679
0.06	0.06762	0.44	0.46622	1.16	0.89910
0.08	0.09008	0.48	0.50275	1.20	0.91031
0.10	0.11246	0.52	0.53790	1.30	0.93401
0.12	0.13476	0.56	0.57162	1.40	0.95228
0.14	0.15695	0.60	0.60386	1.50	0.96611
0.16	0.17901	0.64	0.63459	1.60	0.97635
0.18	0.20094	0.68	0.66378	1.70	0.98379
0.20	0.22270	0.72	0.69143	1.80	0.98909
0.22	0.24430	0.76	0.71754	1.90	0.99279
0.24	0.26570	0.80	0.74210	2.00	0.99532
0.26	0.28690	0.84	0.76514	2.20	0.99814
0.28	0.30788	0.88	0.78669	2.40	0.99931
0.30	0.32863	0.92	0.80677	2.60	0.99976
0.32	0.34913	0.96	0.82542	2.80	0.99992
0.34	0.36936	1.00	0.84270	3.00	0.99998

[1]The Gaussian error function is defined as

$$\text{erf } w = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^w e^{-v^2}\, dv$$

The complementary error function is defined as

$$\text{erfc } w \equiv 1 - \text{erf } w$$

B.3 *The First Four Roots of the Transcendental Equation, $\xi_n \tan \xi_n = Bi$, for Transient Conduction in a Plane Wall*

$Bi = \frac{hL}{k}$	ξ_1	ξ_2	ξ_3	ξ_4
0	0	3.1416	6.2832	9.4248
0.001	0.0316	3.1419	6.2833	9.4249
0.002	0.0447	3.1422	6.2835	9.4250
0.004	0.0632	3.1429	6.2838	9.4252
0.006	0.0774	3.1435	6.2841	9.4254
0.008	0.0893	3.1441	6.2845	9.4256
0.01	0.0998	3.1448	6.2848	9.4258
0.02	0.1410	3.1479	6.2864	9.4269
0.04	0.1987	3.1543	6.2895	9.4290
0.06	0.2425	3.1606	6.2927	9.4311
0.08	0.2791	3.1668	6.2959	9.4333
0.1	0.3111	3.1731	6.2991	9.4354
0.2	0.4328	3.2039	6.3148	9.4459
0.3	0.5218	3.2341	6.3305	9.4565
0.4	0.5932	3.2636	6.3461	9.4670
0.5	0.6533	3.2923	6.3616	9.4775
0.6	0.7051	3.3204	6.3770	9.4879
0.7	0.7506	3.3477	6.3923	9.4983
0.8	0.7910	3.3744	6.4074	9.5087
0.9	0.8274	3.4003	6.4224	9.5190
1.0	0.8603	3.4256	6.4373	9.5293
1.5	0.9882	3.5422	6.5097	9.5801
2.0	1.0769	3.6436	6.5783	9.6296
3.0	1.1925	3.8088	6.7040	9.7240
4.0	1.2646	3.9352	6.8140	9.8119
5.0	1.3138	4.0336	6.9096	9.8928
6.0	1.3496	4.1116	6.9924	9.9667
7.0	1.3766	4.1746	7.0640	10.0339
8.0	1.3978	4.2264	7.1263	10.0949
9.0	1.4149	4.2694	7.1806	10.1502
10.0	1.4289	4.3058	7.2281	10.2003
15.0	1.4729	4.4255	7.3959	10.3898
20.0	1.4961	4.4915	7.4954	10.5117
30.0	1.5202	4.5615	7.6057	10.6543
40.0	1.5325	4.5979	7.6647	10.7334
50.0	1.5400	4.6202	7.7012	10.7832
60.0	1.5451	4.6353	7.7259	10.8172
80.0	1.5514	4.6543	7.7573	10.8606
100.0	1.5552	4.6658	7.7764	10.8871
∞	1.5708	4.7124	7.8540	10.9956

B.4 *Bessel Functions of the First Kind*

x	$J_0(x)$	$J_1(x)$
0.0	1.0000	0.0000
0.1	0.9975	0.0499
0.2	0.9900	0.0995
0.3	0.9776	0.1483
0.4	0.9604	0.1960
0.5	0.9385	0.2423
0.6	0.9120	0.2867
0.7	0.8812	0.3290
0.8	0.8463	0.3688
0.9	0.8075	0.4059
1.0	0.7652	0.4400
1.1	0.7196	0.4709
1.2	0.6711	0.4983
1.3	0.6201	0.5220
1.4	0.5669	0.5419
1.5	0.5118	0.5579
1.6	0.4554	0.5699
1.7	0.3980	0.5778
1.8	0.3400	0.5815
1.9	0.2818	0.5812
2.0	0.2239	0.5767
2.1	0.1666	0.5683
2.2	0.1104	0.5560
2.3	0.0555	0.5399
2.4	0.0025	0.5202

B.5 Modified Bessel Functions[1] of the First and Second Kinds

x	$e^{-x}I_0(x)$	$e^{-x}I_1(x)$	$e^{x}K_0(x)$	$e^{x}K_1(x)$
0.0	1.0000	0.0000	∞	∞
0.2	0.8269	0.0823	2.1407	5.8334
0.4	0.6974	0.1368	1.6627	3.2587
0.6	0.5993	0.1722	1.4167	2.3739
0.8	0.5241	0.1945	1.2582	1.9179
1.0	0.4657	0.2079	1.1445	1.6361
1.2	0.4198	0.2152	1.0575	1.4429
1.4	0.3831	0.2185	0.9881	1.3010
1.6	0.3533	0.2190	0.9309	1.1919
1.8	0.3289	0.2177	0.8828	1.1048
2.0	0.3085	0.2153	0.8416	1.0335
2.2	0.2913	0.2121	0.8056	0.9738
2.4	0.2766	0.2085	0.7740	0.9229
2.6	0.2639	0.2046	0.7459	0.8790
2.8	0.2528	0.2007	0.7206	0.8405
3.0	0.2430	0.1968	0.6978	0.8066
3.2	0.2343	0.1930	0.6770	0.7763
3.4	0.2264	0.1892	0.6579	0.7491
3.6	0.2193	0.1856	0.6404	0.7245
3.8	0.2129	0.1821	0.6243	0.7021
4.0	0.2070	0.1787	0.6093	0.6816
4.2	0.2016	0.1755	0.5953	0.6627
4.4	0.1966	0.1724	0.5823	0.6453
4.6	0.1919	0.1695	0.5701	0.6292
4.8	0.1876	0.1667	0.5586	0.6142
5.0	0.1835	0.1640	0.5478	0.6003
5.2	0.1797	0.1614	0.5376	0.5872
5.4	0.1762	0.1589	0.5279	0.5749
5.6	0.1728	0.1565	0.5188	0.5633
5.8	0.1696	0.1542	0.5101	0.5525
6.0	0.1666	0.1520	0.5019	0.5422
6.4	0.1611	0.1479	0.4865	0.5232
6.8	0.1561	0.1441	0.4724	0.5060
7.2	0.1515	0.1405	0.4595	0.4905
7.6	0.1473	0.1372	0.4476	0.4762
8.0	0.1434	0.1341	0.4366	0.4631
8.4	0.1398	0.1312	0.4264	0.4511
8.8	0.1365	0.1285	0.4168	0.4399
9.2	0.1334	0.1260	0.4079	0.4295
9.6	0.1305	0.1235	0.3995	0.4198
10.0	0.1278	0.1213	0.3916	0.4108

[1] $I_{n+1}(x) = I_{n-1}(x) - (2n/x)I_n(x)$